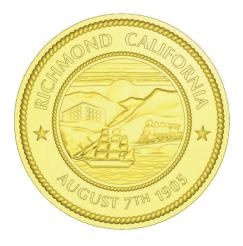


City of Richmond California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

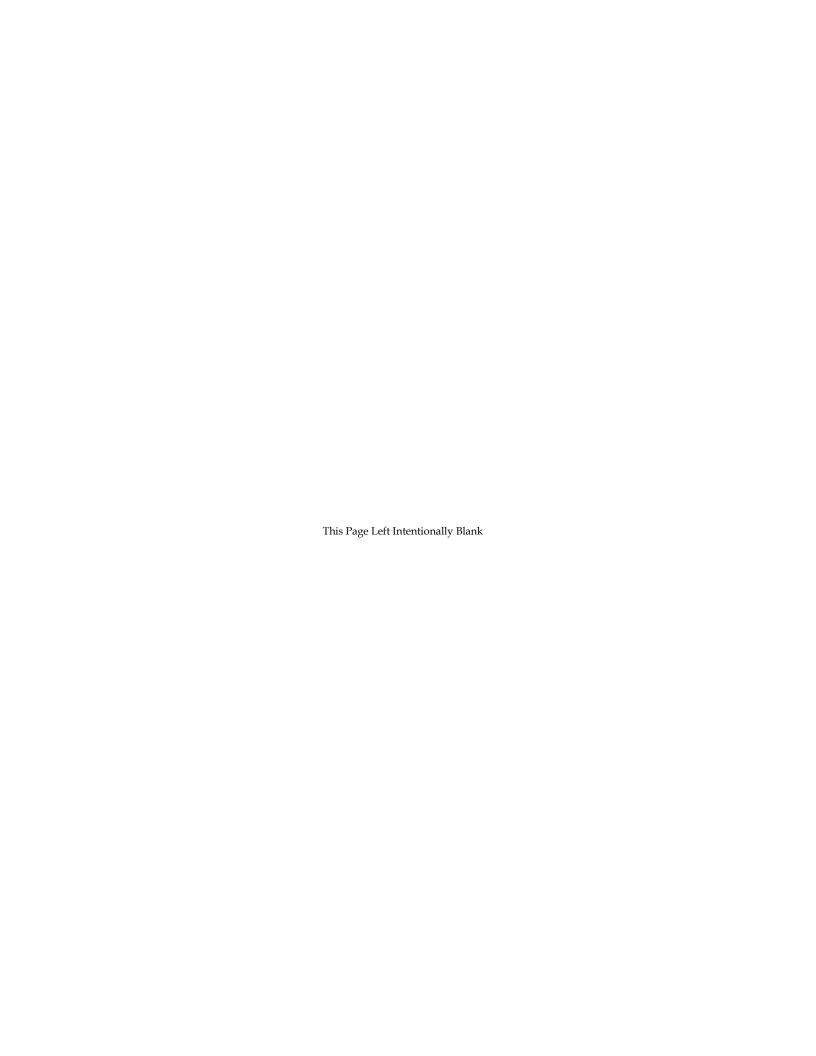


Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

Delmy Cuellar

Director of Finance/Treasurer



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FINANCE DEPARTMENT



450 CIVIC CENTER PLAZA RICHMOND, CA 94804 (510) 620-6740

February 6, 2023

Citizens of the City of Richmond The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Richmond, California (City). The Finance Department has prepared this report to present the financial position and the results of the City's operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended. The basic financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in compliance with Article IV, Section 1(b)3 of the City Charter, with California Government Code Sections 25250 and 25253, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City Council is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year to be effective July 1, for the ensuing fiscal year. Budgeted expenditures are adopted through the passage of a resolution, which constitutes the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot legally be exceeded except by subsequent amendments of the budget by the City Council. Expenditures are controlled at the fund level for all budgeted departments within the City which means, this is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the appropriations.

The City's financial statements have been audited by an independent auditing firm of licensed certified public accountants. The objective of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, but with a disclaimer of opinion for business-type activities as it relates to the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units, as the financial statements of the Richmond Housing Authority and RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC have not been audited for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

Accounting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The City has defined its reporting entity in accordance with GAAP that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included in the reporting entity. This ACFR presents information on the activities of the city and its component units.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The City's three discretely presented component units are RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC. Please see note 1 for a detailed discussion of the financial reporting entity.

The City's component units and assessment districts are as follows: the Richmond Housing Authority, the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority, the Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation, the Richmond Surplus Property Authority and Harbor Navigation, Country Club Vista and Atlas Interchange Special Assessment Districts. The City also has one inactive component unit, Richmond Parking Authority.

Profile of the Government

The City of Richmond was chartered as a city in 1909, and is located 16 miles northeast of San Francisco, directly across San Francisco Bay. Richmond is on a peninsula separating San Francisco Bay (on the south) and San Pablo Bay (to the north), spanning 32 total miles of shoreline. The City's total area is 56.1 square miles, 33.8 of which is land area and 22.3 water area. Richmond is situated near major metropolitan cities and major new growth areas. San Francisco is within 35 minutes from Richmond by freeway; Oakland is 20 minutes; San Jose is approximately one hour's drive to the south and Sacramento, the state capitol, is approximately 90 minutes to the east. Central Marin County is 15 minutes from Richmond directly across the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge. Freeways provide direct access from Richmond to major new growth areas along Interstate 80 north and east to Vallejo, Fairfield and Sacramento; along Interstate 680 in central Contra Costa County; and south along Interstate 880 to the San Jose area.

Richmond's population is 115,639. The population within a 30-mile radius of Richmond is over 3.7 million, and within a 70-mile radius is approximately 7.8 million. Richmond is located on the western shore of Contra Costa County, and it is the largest city in the "West County" region consisting of five cities: Richmond, El Cerrito, San Pablo, Hercules and Pinole.

The City of Richmond provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure, library services, storm water and municipal sewer systems, wastewater treatment facility and the administration of recreational activities and cultural events. The City also operates the Richmond Memorial Convention Center and the Port of Richmond.

The City Council is the governing body of the City and has six members elected at-large to alternating 4-year terms. The Mayor is elected at large and is a seventh member of the City Council. The City of Richmond is a Council-Manager form of government. The City Manager, appointed by the Mayor and Council, has administrative authority to manage administrative and fiscal operations of the City. In addition to the City Manager, the City Attorney, City Clerk and Investigative Appeals Officer are appointed by the Mayor and Council.

The mission of the City of Richmond is:

The City of Richmond provides services that enhance economic vitality, the environment and the quality of life of our community.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law on March 11, 2021. The City's allocated amount was \$27.7 million. The City received the first installment in the amount of \$13.8 million in August 2021 and the second installment in the amount of \$13.8 million in August 2022.

COVID-19 pandemic impacts have significantly lessened on the City of Richmond's tax revenues. Revenue reduction reflected in Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), and fees and rentals collected by both the Police Department and Community Services. The TOT decreased 43% in FY2020-21 compared to FY2019-20. When compared to FY2018-19, a full year pf prepandemic activity, the decrease is 56%. TOT has stabilized and FY2021-22 revenues increased by 5%.

Property Tax continues to see steady growth with actual General Fund Property Taxes in FY2021-22 being 5% more than the previous year. More recently, the County released 2022-2023 Assessment Roll in July 2022 which indicated growth of the Assessed Valuation (AV) at 8.15% for Secured Property Taxes, which is the main component in changes to secure property taxes year to year.

The City received \$535 million in Sales Tax revenue which is \$5.8M million more than the pre-COVID high of \$44.5M received in FY2018-19, a total increase of 12% over the last three years. The most recent forecast from the City's financial consultants, using the most likely scenarios, expect this trend to continue.

In November 2020, Richmond voters approved Measure U which significantly changed the calculation for the Business License Tax. This changed the tax calculation from based on number of employees or location a percentage of the business gross receipts. Measure U imposes a calculation based on Gross Receipts. This calculation methodology means the business tax collected by the City will change with inflation, with the number of businesses opening and closing. In other words, it will be much more closely tied to the local economy than years past.

Significant Events and Accomplishments

The City of Richmond is committed to providing excellent municipal services to its diverse residents and visitors. Highlights of the City's activities and accomplishments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, include the following:

Employment and Training

- Awarded over \$11 million dollars to provide employment and training services to Richmond residents (Adult workers, Youth, Dislocated Workers, English as Second Language, Youth with Disabilities and Construction Trades)
- Served over 500 youth through year-round, summer employment, and supportive services
- Graduated 3 Pre-Apprenticeship (Construction Trade) Cohorts (60) with 80% placement
- Served over 6,000 residents at the One-Stop Career Center

Library

- Reopened West Side and Bayview Branch libraries for in-person service and expanded hours: Main Library 41 hours per week, West Side and Bayview Branch libraries 20 hours per week
- Lunch @ the Library moves to Free Summer Lunch Sites with a side of books
- Grants Awarded = \$282,000 and Grants Pending = \$10.3 million dollars
- Added new self-guided online learning Courses (Coursera, LinkedIn Learning, GetSetUp, Learning Express, Northstar Digital Library and Skillshare)
- Started a new technology service lending Internet Hotspots and Chromebooks to increase access to Library online resources

Literacy for Every Adult Program (LEAP)

- LEAP received grants to support literacy services including adult literacy instruction, families for literacy services, and English as a Second Language services totaling \$195,200
- LEAP provided literacy services to Richmond residents, offered GED preparation classes at Bay Area Rescue Mission, partnered with Office of Neighborhood Safety, served as host site for YouthWORKS summer youth employees, Richmond Promise mentor and Contra Costa Health Services Health Career Pathways mentor
- 3 adult learners became members of the City of Richmond's Race and Equity Team after completing LEAP's civic engagement training
- 127 active adult learners; 14 GED certificate earned, 6 high school diplomas, 21 adults and 39 children participate in the Families for Literacy Services
- LEAP has a group of dedicated volunteers who donated 1,263 hours, the equivalent of \$34,985 in salary costs
- Entered partnership with T-Mobile Government contracting to secure 25 free tablets for students to continue their education remotely with free hotspots

Recreation

- Youth and adult sports opportunities were reopened
- Transitioned virtual afterschool and summer camps for youth to in-person and hybrid opportunities
- Reinstated In-Person Special Events such as Spring Egg Hunt, Park Rx Day
- Celebrated Willie Mays Day and the reopening of Martin Luther King, Jr. Turf Field
- Aquatic centers were reopened to serve the community
- Senior Centers continued to provide programs in a hybrid format to allow our seniors the freedom to choose programs of their comfort level
- Developing Personal Resources Center continued to provide virtual programs.
- Awarded 8 grants for various facilities and parks improvements
- LYB COVID-19 Mini-Grants were awarded

Transportation

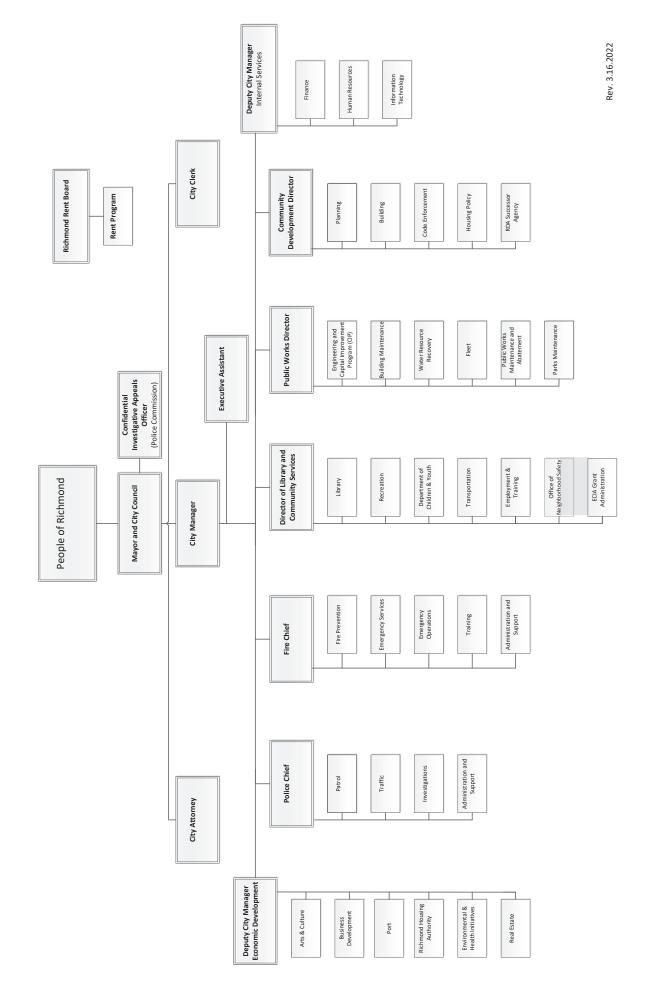
- Commenced the on-demand city-wide shuttle for Richmond residents thereby reducing the need for vehicle trips
- Expanded electric vehicle (EV) charging stations for increased accessibility and EV purchases within Richmond
- Reduced the cost of the ride share LYFT service travel for qualified seniors and disabled persons in Richmond that resulted in the use of efficient transportation modes like transit and other forms of ridesharing
- Expanded the LYFT coverage area to Contra Costa Regional Medical Center, Contra Costa County Government offices and the Veterans Hospital in Martinez, CA
- Implemented Richmond's first bike share program
- Implemented various micro-mobility services including carshare programs and the Richmond MOVES On-Demand Shuttle program

Respectfully submitted,

Delmy Cuellar

Mullar

Director of Finance/Treasurer



CITY OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

Councilmember Deputy City Manager, Internal Services (Interim)	
13 49 12 20 21	
49/2 6	
9/2 9	
1000	Melvin Willis
Manager, Internal Services (Interim)	
Manager, Internal Services (Interim).	Shasa Curl
	Anil Comelo
City Attorney	Dave Aleshire
City Clerk	Pamela Christian
Director Community Development	Lina Velasco
Director of Information Technology	Sue Hartman
Director of Library and Community Services (Interim)	LaShonda White
Finance Director	Delmy Cuellar
Fire Chief	Andel Montova
Himan Recoirces Director (Acting)	Teresa Fairhanks
Police Chief (Interim)	
Director of Public Works	Joe Leach



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Richmond Richmond, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Disclaimer of Opinion and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Richmond, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements. We were engaged to audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. These financial statements collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
•	-
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Business-Type Activities	Disclaimer
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Disclaimer
Major Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	Unmodified
Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue	Unmodified
Major Enterprise Funds:	
Richmond Housing Authority	Disclaimer
Port of Richmond	Unmodified
Municipal Sewer	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Disclaimer of Opinion on Business-Type Activities, Aggregated Discretely Presented Component Units and Richmond Housing Authority

Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the business-type activities, Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on these financial statements.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Richmond Richmond, California
Page 2

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

The financial statements of the Richmond Housing Authority and RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC have not been audited for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Richmond Housing Authority's financial activities are included in the City's basic financial statements as a major enterprise fund and represent 8.22%, 21.42%, and 6.47% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the City's business-type activities. The financial activities of the RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC are included in the City's financial activities as discretely presented component units and represent the City's only discretely presented component units.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Major Governmental Funds, Port of Richmond, Municipal Sewer Fund and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the General Fund, the Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund, the Port of Richmond Enterprise Fund, the Municipal Sewer Enterprise Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Richmond Richmond, California Page 3

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Richmond Richmond, California Page 4

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and required pension and other post-employment benefits information on pages 7-20 and 169-193 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule and budget comparison information of nonmajor governmental funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule and budget comparison information of nonmajor governmental funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule and budget comparison information of nonmajor governmental funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the ACFR but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Richmond Richmond, California Page 5

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi & Associates, CPAs

Berkeley, California February 6, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This narrative overview and analysis of the City of Richmond's (the "City") Basic Financial Statements is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, basic financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$122 million during the fiscal year attributed to a \$95.5 million increase in governmental activities and \$26.5 million increase in business-type activities.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of the governmental activities of the City exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$160.3 million (net deficit). Alternatively, the assets and deferred outflows of the business-type activities of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$113.8 million.
- As of June 30, 2022, the City's unrestricted net deficit (governmental and business-type activities) totaled \$454 million, a \$116 million decrease from prior year. The unrestricted net deficits represent the net unfunded liabilities of the government. Over time, increases and decreases in this account will allow the reader to determine if the City's condition is improving or deteriorating. Restricted net position for governmental and business-type activities increased by a net \$483 thousand to \$117.7 million.
- The City's financial statements include a disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements of the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund ("RHA"), a blended component unit included in the City's business-type activities, and three discretely presented component units, RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC. As of June 30, 2022, the net position of RHA is \$24.4 million or 21.4% of the City's business-type activities. Additional information about the disclaimer of opinion can be found in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- The City's General Fund contingency reserve policy to the minimum 15% of the General Fund's next year's budgeted appropriations or \$28.2 million and the balance was \$44.9 million as of June 30, 2022.
- The Net Pension Liability of \$214.3 million, representing an accounting measure of the City's unfunded pension obligation, decreased by \$138 million from \$352.3 million. The City reports \$84.5 million in the Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability for this fiscal year which is a decrease of \$19.3 million from the \$103.8 million obligation reported in the prior year.
- The City's General Fund revenue and other financing sources (uses) exceeded expenditures by \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2022. This is primarily attributable to other taxes and sales tax fee revenues in excess of expectations for the year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and grants, governmental activities, and business-type activities, which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The City's activities include five blended component units which consist of the Richmond Housing Authority, Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority, Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation, Richmond Surplus Property Authority and Richmond Parking Authority. Although legally separate, the City is financially accountable for the activities of these entities which are therefore shown as blended as part of the primary government.

RHA Properties, RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC are discretely presented component units of the City that are legally separate reporting entities but are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of the financial report.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial statements are designed to report information about the groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year 2022. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City has twenty-one governmental funds, of which two are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The City's two major funds are the General Fund and the Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-43 of the financial report. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation and reported separately on pages 200-207 of the financial report.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds of the City are two types: (1) enterprise funds; and (2) internal service funds. The City maintains six enterprise funds that provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains four internal service funds to account for its vehicle operations, risk management program, police telecommunications and compensated absences. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-43 of the financial report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of third parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The fiduciary funds for the City consist of Pension Trust Funds, City OPEB Plan Trust Fund, RPOA OPEB Plan Trust Fund, Pt. Molate Private-Purpose Trust Fund, Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund, and Custodial Funds. The fiduciary funds financial statements for these funds can be found on pages 45-46 of the financial report.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 49-193 of the financial report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Government-wide Net Position

This Comparative financial information includes the long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. The following table provides the reader with highlights of changes from the prior year.

City of Richmond's Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typex Activities		Totals	
	FY2022	FY2021	-	FY2022 FY2021		FY2021
Assets:				112021	FY2022	112021
Current assets	\$ 245,417	\$ 189,516	\$ 63,729	\$56,179	\$309,146	\$ 245,695
Other noncurrent assets	49,189	50,818	72,441	11,222	121,630	62,040
Capital assets	296,418	286,156	226,354	201,775	522,772	487,931
Total Assets	591,024	526,490	362,524	269,176	953,548	795,666
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	36,064	41,853	778	1,538	36,842	43,391
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,095	2,982	122	152	4,217	3,134
Deferred outflows related to fair value of derivative	21,986	35,966	-	-	21,986	35,966
Deferred charge on refunding	_	_	5,901	6,248	5,901	6,248
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	62,145	80,801	6,801	7,938	68,946	88,739
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	108,322	90,106	20,953	18,536	129,275	108,642
Noncurrent liabilities	561,493	719,301	161,964	167,848	723,457	887,149
Total Liabilities	669,815	809,407	182,917	186,384	852,732	995,791
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	94,876	5,672	2,378	202	97,254	5,874
Deferred inflows related OPEB	47,928	50,956	1,321	2,347	49,249	53,303
Deferred inflows related to leases	898	_	68,857	· -	69,755	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	143,702	56,628	72,556	2,549	216,258	59,177
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	213,930	206,420	75,469	75,738	289,399	282,158
Restricted	117,137	103,402	608	13,860	117,745	117,262
Unrestricted	(491,415)	(568,566)	37,775	(1,417)	(453,640)	(569,983)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$(160,348)	\$(258,744)	\$113,852	\$88,181	\$ (46,496)	\$(170,563)

Government-wide Activities

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities.

City of Richmond's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

	Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Totals	
	FY2022	FY2021 *	FY2022	FY2021 *	FY2022	FY2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 26,965	\$ 26,130	\$ 43,173	\$ 43,150	\$ 70,138	\$ 69,280
Operating grants/contributions	37,756	29,316	2,212	3,772	39,968	33,088
Capital grants/contributions	10,787	4,387	-	13	10,787	4,400
General revenues:						
Property taxes-current collections	65,249	65,075	-	-	65,249	65,075
Sales taxes	53,453	48,998	-	-	53,453	48,998
Utility user taxes	48,374	45,241	-	-	48,374	45,241
Documentary transfer taxes	18,612	19,858	-	-	18,612	19,858
Other taxes	8,177	7,424	-	-	8,177	7,424
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	7,241	6,594	-	-	7,241	6,594
Use of money and property	1,594	1,461	909	146	2,503	1,607
Gain on sale of capital assets	88	71	-	-	88	71
Other	2,140	1,357			2,140	1,357
Total revenues	280,436	255,912	46,294	47,081	326,730	302,993
Expenses:						
General government	48,312	47,854	_	_	48,312	47,854
Public safety	68,260	93,442	_	-	68,260	93,442
Public works	35,555	33,980	_	-	35,555	33,980
Community development	3,552	4,433	-	-	3,552	4,433
Cultural & recreation	9,970	9,006	-	-	9,970	9,006
Housing & redevelopment	3,376	3,108	-	-	3,376	3,108
Interest and fiscal charges	12,322	12,825	-	-	12,322	12,825
Richmond Housing Authority	_	_	(1,751)	3,608	(1,751)	3,608
Port of Richmond	-	_	4,764	6,263	4,764	6,263
Municipal Sewer	_	_	18,141	20,467	18,141	20,467
Richmond Marina	-	_	245	228	245	228
Storm Sewer	-	_	1,283	1,796	1,283	1,796
Cable TV	-	-	665	789	665	789
Total expenses	181,347	204,648	23,347	33,151	204,694	237,799
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenses	99,089	51,264	22,947	13,930	122,036	65,194
Transfers	(3,517)	(11,280)	3,517	11,280		
Changes in Net Position	95,572	39,984	26,464	25,210	122,036	65,194
Net position (deficit) at beginning of						
year (July 1, 2021 restated)	(255,920)	(298,728)	87,388	62,971	(168,532)	(235,757)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$(160,348)	\$(258,744)	\$ 113,852	\$ 88,181	\$ (46,496)	\$(170,563)

^{*} Governmental Activities beginning balance was restated and increased by \$2.8 million.

Business-type Activities beginning balance was restated and decreased by \$0.91 million in the Richmond Housing Authority and increased by \$0.12 million in the Municipal Sewer

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by 95.6 million, accounting for 78% of the City's total increase in net position of \$122 million. Total revenues of \$280.4 million exceeded expenses of \$181.3 million by \$99.1 million. Revenues increased by \$24.5 million or 9.6% from prior year primarily due to an increase in operating grants/contributions and capital grants/contributions. These two categories went from \$29.3 and \$4.4 million in fiscal year 2021 to \$37.8 and \$10.8 million in fiscal year 2022. Expenses decreased \$23.3 million or 11.4% from prior year primarily due to decreases in public safety expenses.

Business Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$26.5 million. Key factors contributing to the increase in business-type activities are as follows:

- The Richmond Housing Authority's ("RHA") net position increased by \$4.7 million, resulting from an operating income of \$2.5 million, additionally a grant income of \$2.2 million and net transfers of \$949 thousand. Operating income is attributable to the reallocation of the GASB 68 and GASB 75 liability. RHA staff was significantly reduced which affected the allocations and resulted in a credit balance in the Salaries and Benefits.
- The Port of Richmond ("Port") reported operating income of \$5.9 million. During the year, the Port incurred \$169 thousand of interest expense which resulted in a \$6.4 million increase in net position.
- The Municipal Sewer fund reported operating income of approximately \$14.9 million. There were \$4.7 million of non-operating expenses, the majority of which represented interest and swap expenses incurred on various Wastewater Debt issues.
- Other Enterprise funds had a combined \$1.6 million increase in net position, with operating income of approximately \$1.7 million.

Net Program (Expenses) Revenues

Comparisons of the costs of services by functions for the City's government-wide activities are shown in the preceding tables, along with the revenues used to cover the net expenses.

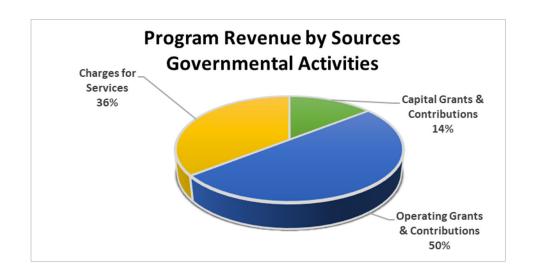
The following table details the net program costs for each of the governmental functions.

Expenses and Program Revenues Governmental Activities

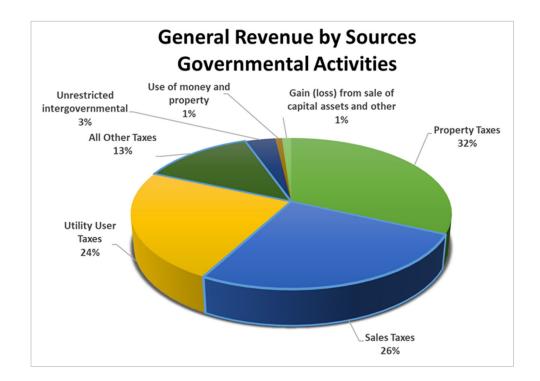
				Net (Exp	enses)
	Expenses		 Revenues	Revenues	
Functions					
General government	\$	48,312,143	\$ 21,516,488	\$ (26,79	95,655)
Public safety		68,259,779	5,983,657	(62,2)	76,122)
Public works		35,554,874	29,037,759	(6,5)	17,115)
Community development		3,552,363	18,225,944	14,6	73,581
Cultural and recreational		9,969,799	776,163	(9,19	93,636)
Housing and redevelopment		3,375,875	(31,718)	(3,40	07,593)
Interest on long-term debt		12,322,289	 _	(12,32	22,289)
Total	\$	181,347,122	\$ 75,508,293	\$(105,83	38,829)

Total governmental activities expenses of \$181.3 million were offset by \$75.5 million in program revenues in fiscal year 2022. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry. They reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. During the fiscal year, the net costs funded by the City's general revenues were \$105.8 million.

As reflected in the pie chart below, 36% of the governmental program revenues came from Charges for Services, which includes licenses, permits, fees, fines, forfeitures, penalties and several other revenues. The remaining 64% of governmental program revenues came from Operating Grants and Capital Grants Contributions, which include restricted revenues such as Gas Tax, Transportation and Sales Tax, and Federal/State Grants.



General revenues are all other revenues not categorized as program revenues and include property taxes, sales taxes, utility users' tax, documentary transfer taxes, investment earnings, grants and contributions not related to specific programs and other miscellaneous general revenues. Total general revenues from governmental activities were \$204.9 million in fiscal year 2022. The three largest components of general revenues received were Property Taxes-current collections of \$65.2 million, Sales Taxes of \$53.5 million and Utility User Taxes of \$48.4 million. The following graph shows the City's general revenues by source.

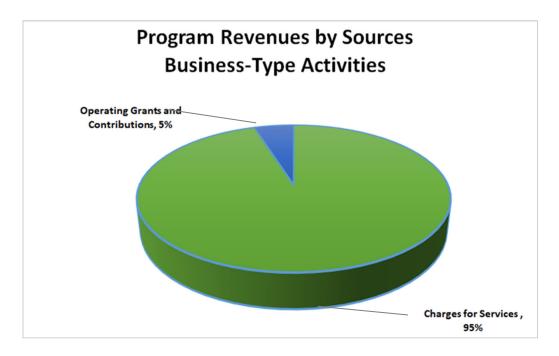


The following table details net program costs for business-type activities. Business-type activities revenue exceeded expenses by \$22 million, as Municipal Sewer, the Port of Richmond, and other Enterprise Funds contributed net revenues of \$10 million, \$5.8 million, and \$6.2 million respectively.

Expenses and Program Revenues Business-type Activities

			Program		Net (Expenses)	
	Expenses		Revenues		Revenues	
Business-type Activities						
Richmond Housing Authority	\$	(1,750,799)	\$	2,994,663	\$	4,745,462
Port of Richmond		4,763,557		10,530,653		5,767,096
Municipal Sewer		18,140,943		28,168,977		10,028,034
Richmond Marina		246,064		524,652		278,588
Storm Sewer		1,282,576		2,061,815		779,239
Cable TV		664,656		1,103,873		439,217
Total	\$	23,346,997	\$	45,384,633	\$	22,037,636

As reflected in the following pie chart, 95% of the business-type program revenues came from Charges for Services and the remaining 5% were derived from Operating and Capital Grants.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial capacity.

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the City's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$157.3 million, an increase of \$27.2 million, or 20.9% from prior year. Financial highlights for the City's major funds are discussed below:

General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to report the financial results of the daily operations of the City. The major revenue sources are utility users' tax, sales tax, and property taxes. The major expenditures are salaries and administrative expenses. The City's general fund revenues increased by \$14.7 million or 8.2% and expenditures increased by \$6.3 million or 3.9%. The increase in revenues is primarily due to the increased collection of both Sales Tax and Licenses, permits and fees. Sales Tax increased by \$4.5 million or 9.1% and Licenses, permits and fees increased by \$5.5 million, an increase of over 169.9%. The Sales Tax increase is a result of renewed business activity that had either slowed down or shut down completely during the height of the COVID-19 restrictions. The Licenses, permits and fees increase is a result of increase in collection of business tax which Measure U changed the business tax calculation methodology in fiscal year 2022.

General Fund expenditures increased by 4% across several categories with General Government being the major source of increase. In Other Financing Sources and Uses, Operating Transfers-In increased by 4%; however, Operating Transfers Out decreased by 13%. Operating Transfers-Out include negative cash clearing in Engineering Cost Recovery fund, \$3.5 million, Wastewater fund, \$2.7 million, and contribution to the department of children and Youth, \$1.9 million.

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the total fund balance increased by \$21.3 million from the prior year to \$70.5 million. The General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$44.9 million and committed fund balance of \$3.4 million which details are represented in the following table:

Committed Fund Balance (Resolution No	. 25-20, 78-	21 & 142-22
COVID-19	\$	(1,332,367)
Reimagining Public Safety		(233,934)
Community Facilities Improvements		(1,410,485)
Staff Compensation - OTP		(406,667)
Committed Fund Balance	\$	(3,383,453)

Community Development and Loan Programs This fund was established to account for the receipt of Community Development Block Grant, HOME Investment Partnership Program, Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant monies and the use of the grants. In conjunction with the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, this fund also accounts for the low and moderate income housing activities of the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency's low and moderate income housing activities. As of June 30, 2022, fund balance is \$31.4 million which increased slightly by \$212 thousand from prior year.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary funds are enterprise and internal service funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The City's major enterprise funds are the Richmond Housing Authority, Port of Richmond, and Municipal Sewer.

Richmond Housing Authority. The Richmond Housing Authority (RHA) provides decent affordable housing for low and very low-income residents of Richmond through federally funded housing programs. RHA's net position increased by \$5.7 million to \$24.4 million as of June 30, 2022.

The Port of Richmond. The Port of Richmond ("Port") is a public enterprise established by the City and is administered as a department of the City. Operations include the marine terminal facilities and commercial property rentals. The Port's net position increased by \$6.4 million to \$22.3 million as of June 30, 2022.

Municipal Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for a variety of sewer service-related revenues and expenses. Municipal Sewer's net position increased by \$10.2 million to \$60 million as of June 30, 2022.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The adopted budget, excluding transfers, bond premium and proceeds from sale of property, reflected \$178.5 million in estimated revenues and \$180 million in appropriations.

Budget adjustments reflected extensive analysis and updates arising from Expenditure Review and Council approved amendments that occurred during the fiscal year.

The final revised budget included a \$3.3 million increase in estimated revenues and appropriations. Actual revenues of \$193.5 million were \$11.6 million more than the revised revenue budget, a variance of 6%. Key elements of the variances in revenues are discussed as follows:

Property Taxes totaled \$47.4 million, which is \$2.1 million_more than the Revised Budget and \$100 thousand less than the original budget. The increase stems from increases in residual Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) after Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule (ROPS), or in other words, more than expected Successor Agency Residual and Passthrough revenue.

Sales Taxes totaled \$53.5 million, which was \$1.5 million above the Revised Budget and \$3.4 million more than the Original Budget. This corresponded to increases in the regular Sales Tax and proportional increases in both half cent Sales Tax measures.

Utility Users Tax (UUT) totaled \$48.4 million, which was \$1.9 million more than expected. The bulk of the increase was in tax collected related to telecommunications and pre-paid wireless collected at stores and by the State.

Licenses, Permits and Fees totaled \$8.7 million, which was \$587 thousand more than the Revised Budget amount. The bulk of this stemmed from the collection of Medical Marijuana Permits.

The final adjusted appropriations were \$183.6 million, an increase of \$3.6 million from the original adopted budget appropriation of \$180 million. The adopted budget appropriation was increased primarily due to increase adjustments in Public Safety and Engineering services. The final budget appropriation for transfers out was \$19.2 million, an increase of 11.3 million. The increase was due to several adjustments to the budget made during Mid-year adjustment to incorporate the City Council approved set asides for Reimagining Public Safety and several transfers approved as part of year-end clean-up to clear negative cash form other funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$522.8 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Details by type are shown in the following table.

Capital Assets by Type June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental activities			Business-type activities			Total					
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$	24,634,683	\$	24,361,564	\$	7,195,986	\$	7,195,986	\$	31,830,669	\$	31,557,550
Construction in Progress		34,549,467		34,235,379		63,868,930		32,958,119		98,418,397		67,193,498
Building and improvements		102,746,858		105,655,032		22,925,841		23,674,759		125,672,699		129,329,791
Machinery and equipment		13,396,901		7,367,001		1,612,772		2,186,083		15,009,673		9,553,084
Land improvements and infrastructure		116,311,619		114,536,661		129,838,589		135,760,413		246,150,208		250,297,074
Leased building, land, and improvements		4,778,869		-		911,690		-		5,690,559		
Total Capital assets	\$	296,418,397	\$	286,155,637	\$	226,353,808	\$	201,775,360	\$	522,772,205	\$	487,930,997

The City's infrastructure assets are recorded at their historical costs in the government-wide financial statements.

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 81-84.

Debt Administration

Long Term Debt – The City's total debt outstanding increased \$256 thousand to \$406.1 million as of June 30, 2022.

Revenue Bonds had a decrease due to an increase in principal payments for the 2017A Wastewater and the 2019B Wastewater Bonds.

Lease Revenue Bonds had a decrease due to an increase in the principal payment to the 2019B JPFA Lease Revenue Refunding Bond (Pt Potrero) and the 2019A JPFA Lease Revenue Refunding Bond (Civic Center).

Pension Obligation Bonds had a decrease due to large principal payment to the 2005 POB and decrease in SWAP payments.

Outstanding Debt June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	FY2022	FY2021	FY2022	FY2021	FY2022	FY2021		
D 1 1	Ф	d)	Ф 124 41 <i>с</i> 100	Ф 127 DDC 266	Ф 124 41 C 100	Ф 127 DDC 266		
Revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 134,416,180	\$ 137,886,366	\$ 134,416,180	\$ 137,886,366		
Lease revenue bonds	99,240,012	103,543,451	9,112,946	13,604,419	108,352,958	117,147,870		
Pension obligation bonds	136,976,078	140,816,305			136,976,078	140,816,305		
Total bonds payable	236,216,090	244,359,756	143,529,126	151,490,785	379,745,216	395,850,541		
Loans payable	887,622	1,023,223	15,229,299	3,338,388	16,116,921	4,361,611		
Financed Purchases	4,581,187	5,642,605	-	-	4,581,187	5,642,605		
Lease Liability	4,852,956		814,745		5,667,701			
Total outstanding debt	\$ 246,537,855	\$ 251,025,584	\$ 159,573,170	\$ 154,829,173	\$ 406,111,025	\$ 405,854,757		

The City does not have any general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2022.

Economic Factors, Next Year's Budget and Inflation Rates

The City's economic base has mostly recovered from the slowdown related to the effects of the COVID-19 restrictions. As of January 1, 2022, Property values assessed by the County have increased by 0.15% over the prior year. Flat Assessed Valuation (AV) primarily stemmed from a decreased valuation of the Chevron Refinery in Richmond. While the CPI growth was 1.036% and there were significant property sales during the year, the refinery assessment by the County went from approximately \$3 billion in FY2020-21, to under \$2.7 billion. Residual Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) after Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule (ROPS) payments have gone from \$600 thousand in fiscal year 20116 to \$2.5 million in fiscal year 2017, to \$4.0 million in fiscal year 2018, to \$5.7 million in fiscal year 2019, and to \$6.5 million in both fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021. Sales Tax revenue has rebounded to above pre-pandemic levels. Sales Tax revenue was \$47.7 million in fiscal year 2019, was dipped down to \$44.5 million in fiscal year 2020, and was finally rebounded to \$49.0 million in fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year 2022, Sales Tax revenue was increased to \$53 million.

Measure H

In November 2018, Richmond voters approved Measure H which called for a new tiered calculation for the Documentary Transfer Tax. The tax rate goes up based on the sale price of the property. The rate of 0.70% did not change for sales under \$1 million, but for sales from \$1 million and above, the rates changed according to the following table.

Sale Price	\$1 to \$999,999	\$1M to \$2,999,999	\$3M to \$9,999,999	\$10M and above
Amount per \$1,000	\$7.00	\$12.50	\$25.00	\$30.00
Rate	0.70%	1.25%	2.50%	3.00%

Even before the new tiered system, the Documentary Transfer Tax was one of the most volatile of revenue streams for the City. A few sales can have a dramatic impact on the General Fund. In fiscal year 2018, before the new tiered rate structure was approved and put in place, the transfer tax collected totaled \$6.5 million. In fiscal year 2019, with half a year a year of the rate structure, the tax collected went up to \$8.0 million. In fiscal year 2020 it went up modestly to \$8.7 million. In fiscal year 2021, due to a few unusually large real-estate transactions, it increased significantly to \$19.9 million. In fiscal year 2022, the Transfer Tax revenue saw a dip of \$1.3 million or a decrease of 6%, with a total of \$18.6 million in Transfer Tax.

Measure U

In November 2020, Richmond voters approved Measure U which significantly changed the calculation for the Business License Tax. This changed the tax calculation from based on number of employees or location to a percentage of the business gross receipts. The percentage charged varies based on both the type of business and the amount of gross receipts with the new rates ranging from 0.06% to 0.68% for businesses and 1.08% to 2.4% for rental properties. The new methodology brought in an additional \$5.3 million for the City in fiscal year 2022, an increase of 168% compared to prior year.

The City continues to closely monitor revenue and expenditures through monthly variance reports to assure adherence to budget controls. Simultaneously, position control is strictly enforced, ensuring that any employee hired is moving into a funded position. For the upcoming fiscal year, staff is working to align the budget forecast with City Council priorities and California State Auditor's recommendations, review the City's organizational structure, and provide recommended actions for fiscal sustainability.

This will include planning and addressing pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) funding and determining adequate reserve level per the California State Auditor's recommendation. Additionally, the City continues to analyze the structural integrity of all funds and identify additional cost reductions and efficiencies.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of its citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Richmond, Finance Department, 450 Civic Center Plaza, Richmond, CA 94804. Alternatively, you may send your inquiries via e-mail to Finance@ci.richmond.ca.us.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Richmond Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governm Activiti		Primary Government Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activiti	ies	Activities	 Total
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 18	1,564,842	\$ 58,071,560	\$ 239,636,402
Restricted cash and investments	1	5,361,210	3,493,769	18,854,979
Receivables:	_	== =00		
Accounts, net Interest	1	6,655,500 104,899	6,891,305 30,245	23,546,805 135,144
Grants	1:	8,138,781	440,241	18,579,022
Loans	1	-	-	-
Leases		49,614	7,576,109	7,625,723
Internal balances	1:	2,774,486	(12,774,486)	-
Prepaids and supplies	-	767,700	-	 767,700
Total current assets	24	5,417,032	63,728,743	 309,145,775
Noncurrent assets:				
Due from developer			10,221,743	10,221,743
Loans	4	6,035,586		46,035,586
Leases Property held for resale		857,213 78,016	62,219,640	63,076,853 78,016
Net pension asset		2,218,075	-	2,218,075
Capital assets:		2,210,070		2,210,070
Nondepreciable	5	9,184,150	71,064,916	130,249,066
Depreciable	76	7,965,711	357,978,758	1,125,944,469
Less accumulated depreciation	(53)	0,731,464)	(202,689,866)	(733,421,330)
Total capital assets	29	6,418,397	226,353,808	 522,772,205
Total noncurrent assets	34	5,607,287	298,795,191	644,402,478
Total assets	59	1,024,319	362,523,934	 953,548,253
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	3	6,063,903	778,359	36,842,262
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		4,095,434	121,871	4,217,305
Deferred outlows - change in fair value of derivative instruments	2	1,985,226	-	21,985,226
Deferred charge on refunding			5,900,629	 5,900,629
Total deferred outflows of resources	6.	2,144,563	6,800,859	 68,945,422
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6,299,932	10,723,192	27,023,124
Interest payable		1,017,039	2,425,411	3,442,450
Refundable deposits Unearned revenue	2	921,498 8,198,899	469,956	1,391,454 28,198,899
Derivative instrument at fair value		1,985,226	-	21,985,226
Compensated absences - due within one year		6,320,594	104,923	6,425,517
Claims liabilities - due within one year	1	4,606,071	-	14,606,071
Long-term debt - due within one year	1	8,972,571	7,229,069	26,201,640
Total current liabilities	10	8,321,830	20,952,551	129,274,381
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Unearned revenue		-	2,974,100	2,974,100
Compensated absences		5,168,607	102,508	5,271,115
Claims liabilities		6,486,531	-	36,486,531
Long-term debt		7,565,284	152,344,101	379,909,385
Net pension liability		0,525,045	3,767,729	214,292,774
Net OPEB liability		1,747,794	2,775,735	 84,523,529
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,493,261	161,964,173	 723,457,434
Total liabilities	66	9,815,091	182,916,724	 852,731,815
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	9.	4,875,548	2,378,144	97,253,692
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	4	7,928,567	1,321,475	49,250,042
Deferred inflows of resources - leases		898,041	68,856,596	69,754,637
Total deferred inflows of resources	14	3,702,156	72,556,215	216,258,371
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	21	3,930,154	75,469,292	289,399,446
Capital projects	1	3,963,699	-	13,963,699
Debt service		2,760,459	607,958	13,368,417
Housing and redevelopment		9,154,393		19,154,393
Community development projects		1,257,965	-	 71,257,965
Total restricted	11	7,136,516	607,958	 117,744,474
Unrestricted	(49	1,415,035)	37,774,604	 (453,640,431)
Total net position	\$ (16			(46,496,511)

	Component Units	
RHA	RHA Housing	RHA
Properties	Corporation	RAD LLC
\$ -	\$ 78,270	\$ -
-	-	-
_	_	\$ -
-	-	-
-	-	15,510,000
-	-	-
-	-	-
	78,270	15,510,000
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
		-
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	78,270	15,510,000
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-	-	-
	-	
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
	-	
	78,270	15,510,000
\$ -	\$ 78,270	\$ 15,510,000
	·	·

City of Richmond Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

						Program	Reve	nues	
					(Operating		Capital	
			C	harges for	(Grants and		Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Total
Primary Government:	,								
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	48,312,143	\$	18,422,370	\$	3,094,118	\$	-	\$ 21,516,488
Public safety		68,259,779		3,448,026		904,964		1,630,667	5,983,657
Public works		35,554,874		4,405,851		15,475,553		9,156,355	29,037,759
Community development		3,552,363		110,552		18,115,392		-	18,225,944
Cultural and recreational		9,969,799		577,978		198,185		-	776,163
Housing and redevelopment		3,375,875		-		(31,718)		-	(31,718)
Interest on long-term debt		12,322,289		-		-		-	<u> </u>
Total governmental activities		181,347,122		26,964,777		37,756,494		10,787,022	 75,508,293
Business-type activities									
Richmond Housing Authority		(1,750,799)		782,951		2,211,712		-	2,994,663
Port of Richmond		4,763,557		10,530,653		_		-	10,530,653
Municipal Sewer		18,140,943		28,168,977		_		-	28,168,977
Richmond Marina		246,064		524,652		_		-	524,652
Storm Sewer		1,282,576		2,061,815		-		-	2,061,815
Cable TV		664,656		1,103,873		-		-	 1,103,873
Total business-type activities		23,346,997		43,172,921		2,211,712		-	 45,384,633
Total primary government	\$	204,694,119	\$	70,137,698	\$	39,968,206	\$	10,787,022	\$ 120,892,926
Component units:									
RHA Properties		-		-		-		-	-
RHA Housing Corporation		-		-		-		-	-
RHA RAD LLC		-		-				-	 -
Total component units	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes - current collections

Sales taxes

Utility user taxes

Documentary transfer taxes

Other taxes

Total taxes

Unrestricted intergovernmental Use of money and property Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets

Cant (1055) from sale of capital asse

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

I	Primary Governmen	nt		Component Units	
Governmental	Business-Type		RHA	RHA Housing	RHA
Activities	Activities	Total	Properties	Corporation	RDA LLC
\$ (26,795,655) (62,276,122) (6,517,115) 14,673,581 (9,193,636) (3,407,593) (12,322,289)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (26,795,655) (62,276,122) (6,517,115) 14,673,581 (9,193,636) (3,407,593) (12,322,289)			
(105,838,829)		(105,838,829)	•		
- - - - -	4,745,462 5,767,096 10,028,034 278,588 779,239 439,217	4,745,462 5,767,096 10,028,034 278,588 779,239 439,217			
	22,037,636	22,037,636			
(105,838,829)	22,037,636	(83,801,193)			
			- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
65,248,507 53,453,323 48,373,587 18,612,087 8,176,511	- - - -	65,248,507 53,453,323 48,373,587 18,612,087 8,176,511	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
193,864,015	-	193,864,015	-	-	-
7,241,103 1,593,846 88,477 2,140,211 (3,516,663)	909,597 - - 3,516,663	7,241,103 2,503,443 88,477 2,140,211	- - - -	- - - 73,461 -	- - - -
201,410,989	4,426,260	205,837,249	-	73,461	-
95,572,160	26,463,896	122,036,056	-	73,461	-
(255,920,525)	87,387,958	(168,532,567)	-	4,809	15,510,000
\$ (160,348,365)	\$ 113,851,854	\$ (46,496,511)	\$ -	\$ 78,270	\$ 15,510,000

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be major governmental funds by the City in the current fiscal year. Individual nonmajor governmental funds may be found in the supplemental section.

The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

The Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund accounts for the receipt of Community Development Block Grant, HOME Investment Partnership Program, and Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant monies and the use of the grants. The Fund also accounts for the low and moderate income housing activities of the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency. Related to the grant disallowed costs discussed in the notes to the financial statements, the City purchased certain loans that had previously been funded with Community Development Block Grant and HOME funds. The grants and loan programs are to be used to provide, within the City of Richmond, new affordable housing, improve existing conditions, assist homeless and disabled with housing, and to expand economic opportunities in business, and employment for low and moderate income residents.

City of Richmond Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS		General Fund		Community Development and Loan Programs	(Other Governmental Funds	G 	Total overnmental Funds
	Φ.	E0 411 01E	Φ	E E41 (0)	Ф	(2.0 <u>54.224</u>	Ф	105.007.055
Cash and investments	\$	58,411,015	\$	5,541,626	\$	63,054,334	\$	127,006,975
Restricted cash and investments Receivables:		-		2,356,095		13,005,115		15,361,210
		1E 440 402		12 006		1 100 700		16 650 100
Accounts, net		15,449,492		13,996		1,188,700		16,652,188
Interest		32,231		3,545		37,048		72,824
Grants		-		166,431		14,682,024		14,848,455
Loans		2,999,705		42,256,868		779,013		46,035,586
Leases		906,827		-		-		906,827
Due from other funds		41,505		-		-		41,505
Advances to other funds		12,774,486		-		-		12,774,486
Property held for resale		-		78,016		-		78,016
Prepaids and supplies		767,700		-		-		767,700
Total assets		91,382,961		50,416,577		92,746,234		234,545,772
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Liabilities.								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7,345,900		11,682		7,956,642		15,314,224
Refundable deposits		252,242		-		669,256		921,498
Due to other funds		-		-		41,505		41,505
Unearned revenue		10,118,705		-		18,080,194		28,198,899
Total liabilities		17,716,847		11,682		26,747,597		44,476,126
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		2,304,304		18,977,904		10,563,837		31,846,045
Leases related		898,041		-		-		898,041
Total deferred inflows of resouces		3,202,345		18,977,904		10,563,837		32,744,086
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		14,242,186		-		-		14,242,186
Restricted		1,505,053		31,426,991		56,764,509		89,696,553
Committed		3,383,453						3,383,453
Assigned		6,397,688		-		45,618		6,443,306
Unassigned		44,935,389		-		(1,375,327)		43,560,062
Total fund balances		70,463,769		31,426,991		55,434,800		157,325,560
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	91,382,961	\$	50,416,577	\$	92,746,234	\$	234,545,772

City of Richmond

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds					\$ 157,325,560
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Except for the internal service funds reported below, the capital assets were adjusted as follows:	Wide	vernment- e Statement Jet Position	Into	ernal Service Funds	Total
Nondepreciable	\$	59,184,150	\$	-	59,184,150
Depreciable, net		237,234,247		(10,225,643)	227,008,604
Total capital assets	\$ 2	296,418,397	\$	(10,225,643)	286,192,754
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal service funds were included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.					11,740,238
Unavailable revenues recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.					31,846,045
In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, deferred employer contributions for pension and OPEB, certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results, and other adjustments resulting from changes in assumptions and benefits are deferred in the current year.					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension					35,831,556
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB					4,068,531
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension					(94,165,650)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB					(47,636,852)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.					
	Wide	vernment- e Statement Jet Position	Inte	ernal Service Funds	 Total
Compensated absences - due within one year Interest payable	\$	(6,320,594) (1,017,039)	\$	66,303 8,485	\$ (6,254,291) (1,008,554)
Long-term debt - due within one year		(18,972,571)		261,947	(18,710,624)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		(5,168,607)		-	(5,168,607)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	(2	(227,565,284)		1,474,133	(226,091,151)
Net pension liability/asset		208,306,970)		1,124,702	(207,182,268)
Net OPEB liability		(81,747,794)		612,742	 (81,135,052)
Total long-term liabilities	\$ ((549,098,859)	\$	3,548,312	(545,550,547)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u></u>			\$ (160,348,365)

City of Richmond Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Community		
		Development	Other	Total
	General	and Loan	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Programs	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 47,362,31	7 \$ -	\$ 25,000,065	\$ 72,362,382
Sales taxes	53,453,32	-	-	53,453,323
Utility user taxes	48,373,58	- 8	-	48,373,588
Other taxes	26,573,07	7 -	-	26,573,077
Licenses, permits and fees	8,731,75	2 26,302	11,952,281	20,710,335
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	405,43	9 -	2,054	407,493
Use of money and property	254,82	2 160,477	206,969	622,268
Intergovernmental	618,71	-	27,395,865	28,014,581
Charges for services	6,153,30	-	7,398,199	13,551,503
Rent	723,59	-	-	723,596
Other	898,40	1,014,187	244,525	2,157,113
Total revenues	193,548,33	5 1,200,966	72,199,958	266,949,259
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	33,961,93	9 -	14,882,083	48,844,022
Public safety	94,871,78	7 -	1,880,703	96,752,490
Public works	25,445,69		8,476,942	33,922,641
Community development		- 507,865	5,173,005	5,680,870
Cultural and recreational	10,268,98		314,279	10,583,266
Housing and redevelopment		- 735,675	2,622,312	3,357,987
Capital outlay	470,67	-	12,932,367	13,403,045
Debt service:				
Principal	2,782,52		14,452,000	17,234,527
Interest and fiscal charges	125,77	9	5,992,068	6,117,847
Total expenditures	167,927,39	6 1,243,540	66,725,759	235,896,695
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	25,620,93	9 (42,574)	5,474,199	31,052,564
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of property	6,78	8 81,689	-	88,477
Transfers in	9,859,93	8 -	10,884,180	20,744,118
Transfers out	(14,137,93	8) (10,000)	(10,713,861)	(24,861,799)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,271,21	2) 71,689	170,319	(4,029,204)
Net change in fund balances	21,349,72	7 29,115	5,644,518	27,023,360
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):				
Beginning of year, as restated	49,114,04	2 31,397,876	49,790,282	130,302,200
End of year	\$ 70,463,76	9 \$ 31,426,991	\$ 55,434,800	\$ 157,325,560

City of Richmond

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 27,023,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated lives as depreciation expense. This was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period, net of the amount related to internal service funds.	13,712,389
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, net of the amount related to internal service funds.	(12,626,693)
Gain on sale of assets are not recorded in the governmental funds since the assets are not recorded there but they are recorded in the government-wide	97,280
Proceed from sale assets are recorded in the governmental funds but the gain or loss is recorded in the government-wide	(88,477)
Accrued compensated leave payments were reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, however expense is recognized in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities based on earned leave accruals.	1,582,874
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt was an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
Long-term debt repayments	17,234,527
Capital appreciation bond accretion	(7,171,770)
Amortization of bonds premium	863,438
Interest payable	176,726
Current year employer pension and OPEB contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	35,416,930
Pension expense is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(4,187,831)
OPEB expense is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	20,044,159
Unavailable revenues recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	4,565,666
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.	(4.070.::0)
g	 (1,070,418)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 95,572,160

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary funds account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that most of the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The concept of major funds extends to proprietary funds. The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds in the current fiscal year.

Generally accepted accounting principles do not provide for the disclosure of budget versus actual comparisons regarding proprietary funds that are major.

The Richmond Housing Authority fund accounts for all funds provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to assist low income families in obtaining decent, safe and sanitary housing.

The Port of Richmond fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City-owned marine terminal facilities and commercial property rentals.

The Municipal Sewer fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Wastewater Collection and Treatment. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Richmond.

City of Richmond Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Business-type Activities		
	Richmond Housing Authority	Port of Richmond	Municipal Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,118,639	\$ 6,245,066		\$ 7,003,509
Restricted cash and investments	97,786	77,892	2 3,231,466	86,625
Receivables: Accounts, net	495,744	5,977,080	68,121	350,360
Interest	490,744	3,062		4,222
Grants	440,241	0,002		-
Total current assets	4,152,410	12,303,100	45,026,894	7,444,716
Noncurrent assets:				.,,
Receivables:				
Due from developer	10,221,743			-
Lease receivables	-	64,399,300		5,396,449
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	1,708,686	4,937,160		3,897,628
Depreciable	44,836,474	87,500,286		35,368,899
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,158,605)	(59,476,155		(33,250,688)
Net capital assets	16,386,555	32,961,293		6,015,839
Total noncurrent assets	26,608,298	97,360,593	170,990,123	11,412,288
Total assets	30,760,708	109,663,693	216,017,017	18,857,004
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	157,783	91,074	312,012	217,490
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	21,073	7,02	,	40,039
Deferred charge on refunding	,	.,	- 5,900,629	
Total deferred outflows of resources	178,856	98,098	6,266,376	257,529
I I A DILI ITIFO				
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	1 (24 204	275 294	9 267 760	EEE 022
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable	1,624,304	275,286 69,411		555,833 92,202
Refundable deposits	141,867	238,423		89,666
Compensated absences - current	19,327	6,20		40,598
Claims payable - current	· -	,		· -
Long-term debt - current		4,270,000	2,852,838	106,231
Total current liabilities	1,785,498	4,859,333	3 13,423,190	884,530
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Advances from other funds	-	12,774,486	-	-
Unearned revenue	1,814,047	531,900	36,280	591,867
Compensated absences	22,700	32,196	36,521	11,091
Claims payable	1 001 500	4.040.04	- 144.050.654	2 120 071
Long-term debt Net pension liability	1,001,530	4,842,946		2,128,971
Net OPEB liability	763,765 479,954	440,855 159,985		1,052,782 911,913
	·			
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,081,996	18,782,374	111	4,696,624
Total liabilities	5,867,494	23,641,707	7 160,600,855	5,581,154
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	482,080	278,262		664,503
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	228,497	76,160		434,144
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	<u>-</u>	63,484,960		5,371,636
Total deferred inflows of resources	710,577	63,839,388	3 1,535,967	6,470,283
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets	15,385,025	23,848,345		3,780,637
Restricted for debt service	-	77,892		86,625
Unrestricted	8,976,468	(1,645,543		3,195,834
Total net position	\$ 24,361,493	\$ 22,280,694	<u>\$ 60,146,571</u>	\$ 7,063,096

	Governmental Activities
Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
\$ 58,071,560	\$ 54,557,867
3,493,769	2.212
6,891,305 30,245	3,312 32,075
440,241	3,290,326
68,927,120	57,883,580
	-
10,221,743 69,795,749	- -
71,064,916	-
357,978,758	31,213,838
(202,689,866)	(20,988,195)
226,353,808 306,371,300	10,225,643 10,225,643
375,298,420	68,109,223
373,270,420	00,107,223
778,359 121,871	232,347 26,903
5,900,629	20,503
6,800,859	259,250
10 722 102	005 700
10,723,192 2,425,411	985,708 8,485
469,956	, -
104,923	66,303
- 7,229,069	14,606,071 261,947
20,952,551	15,928,514
12,774,486	-
2,974,100 102,508	-
102,306	36,486,531
152,344,101	1,474,133
3,767,729	1,124,702
2,775,735	612,742
174,738,659	39,698,108
195,691,210	55,626,622
2,378,144	709,898
1,321,475	291,715
68,856,596	
72,556,215	1,001,613
75,469,292 607,958	8,489,563
37,774,604	3,250,675
\$ 113,851,854	\$ 11,740,238

City of Richmond Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities				
	Richmond Housing Authority	Port of Richmond	Municipal Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Rental Service charges Lease income Other	\$ 534,339 - - 248,612	\$ 6,932,845 626,982 2,920,787 50,039	\$ - 28,168,977 -	\$ 162,777 3,160,235 367,328	
Total operating revenues	782,951	10,530,653	28,168,977	3,690,340	
. 0		.,,	-,,-		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries and benefits General and administrative Maintenance Depreciation Housing assistance	(4,203,909) 1,960,522 779,755 - (301,417)	(1,015,124) 1,622,021 541,167 3,529,821	226,498 9,115,474 101,507 3,862,299	159,836 1,723,639 3,048 132,317	
Claims losses Other	14,250	(83,201)	- 7,667	-	
Total operating expenses	(1,750,799)	4,594,684	13,313,445	2,018,840	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,533,750	5,935,969	14,855,532	1,671,500	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Gain (loss) from retirement of capital assets Interest income Grants Interest expense	297 2,211,712	663,112 (168,873)	123,270 - (4,827,498)	122,918 - (174,456)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,212,009	494,239	(4,704,228)	(51,538)	
Income (loss) before					
contributions and transfers	4,745,759	6,430,208	10,151,304	1,619,962	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:					
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	949,414	- - -	- - -	2,654,027 (86,778)	
Total contributions and transfers	949,414		-	2,567,249	
Change in net position	5,695,173	6,430,208	10,151,304	4,187,211	
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year, as restated	18,666,320	15,850,486	49,995,267	2,875,885	
End of year	\$ 24,361,493	\$ 22,280,694	\$ 60,146,571	\$ 7,063,096	

		Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
-	- unus	Tunds
\$	7,629,961 31,956,194 3,288,115 298,651	\$ - 22,230,208 - -
	43,172,921	22,230,208
	(4,832,699) 14,421,656 1,425,477 7,524,437 (301,417)	553,140 1,151,902 7,543,534 2,254,908 - 21,145,703
	(61,284)	22 (40 107
	18,176,170	32,649,187
	24,996,751	(10,418,979)
	909,597 2,211,712 (5,170,827)	(3,361) 248,000 7,217,327 (72,836)
	(2,049,518)	7,389,130
	22,947,233	(3,029,849)
	- 3,603,441 (86,778)	1,358,413 601,018
	3,516,663	1,959,431
	26,463,896	(1,070,418)
	87,387,958	12,810,656
\$	113,851,854	\$ 11,740,238

City of Richmond Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities							
	Richmond Housing Authority		Port of Richmond		Municipal Sewer		Other Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from customers/interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Insurance premiums and claims paid	(2,3	525,638 342,346) 746,365)	\$	9,679,897 (2,098,007) (352,265)	\$	28,179,359 (7,448,704) (1,435,674)	\$	3,749,956 (1,504,298) (833,039)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,5	563,073)		7,229,625		19,294,981		1,412,619
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Interfund receipts (payments) Receipts from other governments Transfers in Transfers out		- 977,979 949,414		(287,739) - -		- - -		(2,580,535) - 2,654,027 (86,778)
Net cash provided by (used in)								(00,770)
noncapital financing activities	2,9	927,393		(287,739)				(13,286)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Grant receipts		-		-		-		-
Acquisition of capital assets Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		(30,867,877) 11,992,567		(62,835)
Principal payments on capital debt		-		(4,100,000)		(2,480,000)		(101,656)
Principal payments on lease Interest paid		-		(587,679)		(246,666) (5,516,664)		(178,649)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities				(4,687,679)		(27,118,640)		(343,140)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Interest		297		660,722		111,552		120,183
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		297		660,722		111,552		120,183
Net cash flows	3	364,617		2,914,929		(7,712,107)		1,176,376
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year	23	351,808		3,408,029		52,647,919		5,913,758
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year			\$	6,322,958	\$	44,935,812	\$	7,090,134
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) T CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVIT	O NET	10,120	Ψ	0,022,200	Ψ	11/500/012	Ψ	7,030,101
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ 2,5	533,750	\$	5,935,969	\$	14,855,532	\$	1,671,500
Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		-		3,529,821		3,862,299		132,317
Receivables, net	C	257,313)		51,678		10,382		84,429
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	•	112,663		(18,020)		1,775,944		221,896
Refundable deposits	•	(1,899)		(10,020)		-		493
Unearned revenue		-		11,906		_		-
Compensated absences payable		25,808		9,795		(32,331)		4,114
Claims payable		-		-		-		-
Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows	(2,8	368,428)		(844,030)		(731,750)		(598,524)
Net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows	,	107,654)		(533,154)		(445,095)		(78,793)
lease receivable and deferred outflows/inflows	,	-		(914,340)		-		(24,813)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,5	563,073)	\$	7,229,625	\$	19,294,981	\$	1,412,619

	Governmental Activities		
Total Enterprise	Internal Service		
Funds	Funds		
\$ 42,134,850 (13,393,355)	\$ 22,235,896 (9,319,461)		
(3,367,343)	(3,461,753)		
	(14,445,440)		
25,374,152	(4,990,758)		
(0.000.074)	2 500 525		
(2,868,274) 1,977,979	2,580,535		
3,603,441	601,018		
(86,778)			
2,626,368	3,181,553		
	3,927,001		
(30,930,712)	(736,759)		
11,992,567	-		
(6,681,656) (246,666)	(251,950)		
(6,282,992)	(74,068)		
(32,149,459)	2,864,224		
892,754	232,117		
892,754	232,117		
(3,256,185)	1,287,136		
64,821,514	53,270,731		
\$ 61,565,329	\$ 54,557,867		
\$ 24,996,751	\$ (10,418,979)		
7,524,437	2,254,908		
(110,824)	5,688		
2,092,483	(624,025)		
(1,406)	-		
11,906	-		
7,386	(44,924)		
-	6,700,263		
(5,042,732)	(1,657,674)		
(3,164,696)	(1,206,015)		
(939,153)			
			

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary funds are presented separately from the Government-Wide and Fund financial statements.

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a trustee agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The financial activities of the Trust and Custodial funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

City of Richmond Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	6,909,914	\$	6,424,641
Restricted cash and investments		1,146,556		18,126,162		547,582
Pension and OPEB plan cash and investments:						
Local Agency Investment Fund		184,164		-		-
Mutual fund investments		10,001,639		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		523		-
Interest receivable		866		6		3,904
Prepaids and other assets		-		5,485,179		-
Total assets		11,333,225		30,521,784		6,976,127
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outlows of resources - deferred loss on refunding		-		391,179		
Total deferred outflows of resources				391,179		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		234,206		4,801
Interest payable		-		593,945		-
Long-term debt:						
Due within one year		-		6,590,000		-
Due in more than one year		-		47,043,648		-
Total liabilities		-		54,461,799		4,801
NET POSITION:						
Restricted for employees' pension and OPEB benefits		11,333,225		_		_
Held in trust for other governments		11,000,220		(23,548,836)		-
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	3	-		(23,040,030)		6,971,326
Total net position	\$	11,333,225	\$	(23,548,836)	\$	6,971,326

City of Richmond Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	8,306,100	\$	1,208,401
Contributions to trust - employers		357,756		-		279,697
Net investment income:						
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(2,098,881)		-		-
Interest income		239,004		218,995		21,154
Less investment management fees		(77,258)		-		-
Gain from sale of property				954,500		
Total additions		(1,579,379)		9,479,595		1,509,252
DEDUCTIONS:						
Community development		-		1,459,882		-
Pension benefits		1,543,274		-		-
Payments in accordance with trust agreements		-		903,639		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		2,052,525		1,912,920
Other				_		117,085
Total deductions		1,543,274		4,416,046		2,030,005
Change in net position		(3,122,653)		5,063,549		(520,753)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year		14,455,878		(28,612,385)		7,492,079
End of year	\$	11,333,225	\$	(23,548,836)	\$	6,971,326

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Richmond, California (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1905 under the laws of the State of California and adopted its charter in 1909. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services to its citizens as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, planning and community development, streets and roads, parks and recreation, sewage treatment, drainage and capital projects. In addition, the City has a port, marina, municipal and storm sewer enterprises, a housing authority, a joint powers financing authority, and a parking authority which is inactive.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activity of the City, which is the primary government presented, along with the financial activities of its component units, which are entities for which the City is financially accountable. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Primary Government

The financial statements of the primary government of the City include the activities of the City as well as the Richmond Housing Authority, the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority, the Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation, the Richmond Parking Authority, the Richmond Municipal Sewer District, and the Richmond Surplus Property Authority all of which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While these are separate legal entities, their financial activities are integral to those of the City. Their financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blended") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

Blended Component Units

<u>Richmond Housing Authority (Housing Authority)</u> – Formed in 1941 as a separate legal entity under the provisions of the Housing Act of 1937, the Housing Authority was established to use funds provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to rehabilitate local deteriorated housing and to subsidize low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing needs.

Although the Housing Authority is a separate legal entity, it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the Housing Authority and members of City Council serve as the governing board of the Housing Authority. The financial statements of the Housing Authority are included in the City's basic financial statements as an enterprise fund. Separate financial statements for the Housing Authority may be obtained by contacting the Richmond Housing Authority, 330 24th Street, Richmond, California 94804.

A. Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

Blended Component Units, Continued

<u>Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA)</u> – A joint exercise of powers authority formed on December 1, 1989, by and between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency, the JPFA was created to assist the City, the Redevelopment Agency, and other local public agencies in financing and refinancing capital improvements and working capital pursuant to the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985. The JPFA is authorized to purchase obligations of the City, Redevelopment Agency, and other local public agencies.

Although the JPFA is a separate legal entity, it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the JPFA and the members of the City Council serve as the Board of Directors. The operations of the JPFA are included in the City's basic financial statements as a debt service fund. Separate financial statements for the JPFA may be obtained by contacting the Office of Finance, City of Richmond, 450 Civic Center Plaza, Richmond, California 94804.

Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation (RNSC) - A California nonprofit public benefit Corporation formed in July 2009 by the City and the former Redevelopment Agency under the laws of the State of California. The Corporation was organized for the purpose of administering and operating the City's Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), which includes purchasing, developing, financing, rehabilitating, land banking and/or demolishing blighted properties and foreclosed or abandoned properties utilizing the NSP funds or other public and private funding sources, and assisting the City and the Agency in providing affordable home ownership opportunities for households of low and moderate income by facilitating the financing necessary for the sale and resale of deed-restricted affordable ownership units to low and moderate income households at affordable costs, and other similar functions.

The Corporation is governed by a board of directors consisting of the City Manager, the Finance Director, and five other City and Housing Authority Directors. Although the RNSC is a separate legal entity, it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the RNSC and members of the Board of Directors are appointed by City Council and City management has operational responsibility for the RNSC. The operations of the RNSC are included in the City's basic financial statements as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements for the RNSC may be obtained by contacting the Office of Finance, City of Richmond, 450 Civic Center Plaza, Richmond, California 94804.

<u>Richmond Surplus Property Authority</u> – Formed to become the owner of certain property declared surplus by the U.S. Government, the Authority is a separate legal entity but it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the Authority and members of the City Council serve as the governing board of the Authority. The Authority was reactivated in fiscal year 2011 to facilitate certain Port of Richmond transactions. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the Port of Richmond Enterprise Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Authority.

A. Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

Blended Component Units, Continued

<u>Richmond Parking Authority</u> (<u>Parking Authority</u>) – Formed in 1975 pursuant to the provisions of California statutes for the purpose of financing the construction of off-street parking facilities. Although the Parking Authority is a separate legal entity, it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the Parking Authority and members of the City Council serve as the governing board of the Parking Authority. The Parking Authority is inactive.

<u>Richmond Municipal Sewer District (RMSD)</u> – The Richmond Municipal Sewer District (RMSD) was established on September 17, 1956, pursuant to the Municipal Sewer District Act of 1911. It encompasses approximately fourteen square miles of the City of Richmond. The district was formed to provide "wastewater collection and treatment for the residents and businesses located in the central part of the City of Richmond".

The RMSD contracts the operation and maintenance of the Wastewater Treatment Plant and the Sanitary Sewer Collection System to Veolia Water North America (formerly US Filter). However, the City of Richmond still maintains complete ownership of all the assets for both the wastewater treatment plant and the collection system.

The district is a separate legal entity, but it is an integral part of the City. The City exercises significant financial and management control over the district and members of the City Council serve as the governing board of the district. The financial activities of the district are included in the Municipal Sewer Enterprise Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the district.

Discretely Presented Component Units

RHA Properties - A joint powers agreement between the City and the Housing Authority formed in 2004 for the purpose of owning and managing the operations of an affordable housing residential complex known as The Hilltop at Westridge Apartments in the City, dedicated to the needs of elderly persons. The City and the Housing Authority funded the acquisition of this complex through the issuance of debt. The City and Housing Authority exercise significant financial and management control over RHA Properties and appoint members of the Board of Directors, however RHA Properties manages its own programs separate from the City or the Housing Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of RHA Properties are discretely presented in the RHA Properties Component Unit column of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

A. Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

Discretely Presented Component Units, Continued

RHA Housing Corporation - RHA Housing Corporation was incorporated and registered on January 26, 2004 as a California nonprofit public benefit corporation to benefit and support the RHA with respect to the Easter Hill development. RHA Housing Corporation entered into RAD Conversion redevelopment activities and it acts as the sole and managing member of RHA RAD LLC. The Corporation's fiscal year ends on December 31. The City and Housing Authority exercise significant financial and management control over RHA Housing Corporation and appoint members of the Board of Directors, however RHA Housing Corporation manages its own programs separate from the City or the Housing Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of RHA Housing Corporation are discretely presented in the RHA Housing Corporation Component Unit column of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Separate financial statements for RHA Housing Corporation may be obtained by contacting the Richmond Housing Authority, 330 24th Street, Richmond, California 94804.

RHA RAD LLC – A California limited liability company was formed on July 11, 2013 by RHA Housing Corporation, the sole and managing member. The company is operated exclusively to further the tax exempt charitable purposes of the sole and managing member to provide affordable housing for low-income persons where no adequate housing exists for such persons, and to own and operate housing for the benefit of low-income persons who are in need of affordable, decent, safe and sanitary housing and related services, where an inadequate supply of housing exists for such persons. The City and Housing Authority exercise significant financial and management control over RHA RAD LLC and RHA Housing Corporation is the sole member of RHA RAD LLC, however RHA RAD LLC manages its own programs separate from the City or the Housing Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of RHA RAD LLC are discretely presented in the RHA RAD LLC Component Unit column of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Separate financial statements for RHA RAD LLC may be obtained by contacting the Richmond Housing Authority, 330 24th Street, Richmond, California 94804.

In order for the Authority to proceed in its participation into the RAD Program as discussed in Note 17, RHA RAD LLC shall act as the managing general partner of RHA RAD Housing Partnership LP.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

City of Richmond Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements; they are presented separately.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The Government-wide financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities, including capital assets as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents all the City's revenues, expenses and other changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated. However, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to/from other funds
- Advances to/from other funds
- Transfers in/out

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and in the aggregate for all non-major funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received such as business licenses and fines and penalties in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally ninety days after the fiscal year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, franchise taxes, certain other intergovernmental revenues, and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred also generally ninety days after the fiscal year end.

Reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences between the two approaches.

The City reports the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - the General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund – accounts for the receipt of Community Development Block Grant, HOME Investment Partnership Program, and Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant monies and the use of the grants. The Fund also accounts for the low and moderate income housing activities of the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency. Related to the grant disallowed costs discussed in Note 4, the City purchased certain loans that had previously been funded with Community Development Block Grant and HOME funds. The grants and loan programs are to be used to provide, within the City of Richmond, new affordable housing, improve existing housing conditions, assist homeless and disabled with housing, and to expand economic opportunities in business, and employment for low and moderate income residents.

City of Richmond Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and in the aggregate for all non-major funds. A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of when cash changes hands.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds as proprietary funds of the City:

<u>Richmond Housing Authority</u> – This fund accounts for all funds provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to assist low income families in obtaining decent, safe and sanitary housing.

<u>Port of Richmond</u> – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City-owned marine terminal facilities and commercial property rentals.

<u>Municipal Sewer</u> – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Wastewater Collection and Treatment. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Richmond.

The City also reports the following proprietary fund type:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – The funds account for insurance reserves and equipment services and replacement, all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's Fiduciary funds represent Pension and OPEB Trust funds, Private-Purpose Trust funds and Custodial funds. Custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Pension Trust funds and Private-Purpose Trust funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus under the accrual basis of accounting.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

<u>Trust Funds</u> - The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds account for assets held by the City as an Agent for various functions. The General Pension, Police and Firemen's and Garfield Pension Funds account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retiree pension payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. The Pt. Molate Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for the U.S. Navy and a private developer for the cleanup of Point Molate as discussed in Note 17. The Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund was established as of February 1, 2012 to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18. The financial activities of the Trust Funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments, including special assessment districts within the City and non-public organizations. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statement, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

C. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as cash and investments on the balance sheet for governmental funds and the statements of net position for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Investments are stated at fair value.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Disclosures (Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), certain disclosure requirements for deposits and investment risks were made in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end, and other disclosures.

C. Cash and Investments, Continued

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one-year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City did not have any investments measured using Level 3 inputs as of June 30, 2022.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California entitled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to the change in interest rates.

Cash equivalents are considered amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City and are presented as "cash and investments" in the accompanying basic financial statements.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments) held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all non-pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash with fiscal agent and restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent) as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash and equivalents defined above.

D. Prepaids and Supplies

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed, rather than when purchased. Prepaid items in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

Supplies are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Supplies of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased. Reported governmental fund inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or at estimated acquisition value on the date donated. If actual historical costs are not available, assets have been valued at approximate historical cost. The City's policy is to capitalize assets costing at least \$5,000, and the Housing Authority's policy is to capitalize assets costing at least \$1,000. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Туре	Useful Life
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 50 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years

Infrastructure includes streets systems, parks and recreation lands and improvement systems, storm water collection systems, and buildings combined with site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system is divided into subsystems. For example, the street system includes pavement, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices such as signs, signals and pavement markings, landscaping and land. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets reported by governmental activities, the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount.

Net interest costs incurred during the construction of capital assets for the business-type and proprietary funds are capitalized as part of the asset's cost.

F. Property Held for Resale

Property held for resale is accounted for at the lower of cost or net realizable value or agreed upon sales price if a disposition agreement has been made with a developer.

The City received five properties for resale in fiscal year 2013 with a book value of \$573,822 from the acceptance of a deed in lieu of foreclosure on the property related to developer defaults on prior loans under the Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization loan program discussed in Note 4. These properties were rehabilitated during fiscal years 2014 and 2015 increasing the carrying value by a total of \$749,716 and \$39,303, respectively. In fiscal year 2014, the City received an additional four properties with a carrying value of \$648,238. Six properties were sold in fiscal year 2016, the remaining two properties held for resale had a book value of \$671,255 as of June 30, 2017. In fiscal year 2018, one property was sold during the year, and the carrying value of the one remaining property held for resale was \$78,016 as of June 30, 2022.

G. Property Taxes

The State of California's Constitution limits the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property to one percent of its assessed value except for voter approved incremental property taxes. Assessed value equals purchase price and may be adjusted by no more than two percent per year unless the property is modified, sold, or transferred. The State Legislature distributes property tax receipts from among the counties, cities, school districts, and other districts.

Contra Costa County assesses properties and bills for and collects property taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Valuation/lien dates	January 1	March 1
Levied dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1	July 1
	50% on February 1	
Delinquent as of	December 10 (for November)	August 31
	April 10 (for February)	

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year of levy.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The first item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also has deferred outflows of resources related to change in fair value of derivative instruments, pensions and OPEB as discussed in Notes 8, 12, and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The first item which qualifies for reporting in this category arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: loans receivable, grants receivable and interest on interfund advances. See Note 9 for further discussion. The City also has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB as discussed in Notes 12 and 13. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

I. Net Position and Fund Balances

Net Position

In the City-wide financial statements, Net Position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation plus deferred outflows of resources associated with the refunding of related capital debt, reduced by outstanding debt that was used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these capital assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. In addition, net position restricted for pension benefits are restricted as a result of enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

<u>Nonspendable</u> represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, interfund advances and notes receivable are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

<u>Restricted</u> fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose.

<u>Committed</u> fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council which may be altered only by the same formal action of the City Council. The highest level of formal action of the City Council is an Ordinance.

I. Net Position and Fund Balances, Continued

<u>Assigned</u> fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or its designee, the Finance Director, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee, during the budget approval process or via budget amendments in accordance with the City's adopted budget policy. This category includes encumbrances; nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation and certain other compensated time off, which are accrued and charged to expense as earned. Governmental funds include only amounts that have matured, while their long-term liabilities are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

K. Bond Issuance Costs, Original Issue Discounts and Premiums and Deferred Charge on Refunding

For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Any differences between proprietary refunded debt and the debt issued to refund it, called a deferred charge on refunding, is amortized over the remaining life of either the refunded debt or the refunding debt, whichever is shorter. The deferred charge on refunding is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources, as applicable. Bond issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, are expensed in the year incurred.

L. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plans and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Trust and the PARS Trust. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for all funds. Certain restricted funds that are held and invested by independent outside custodians through contractual agreements are not pooled. These restricted funds include cash and investment held by trustees. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related funds.

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2022:

	Pr	imary Governme	nt			
				Total Discrete		Total
	Governmental	Business-Type	Total Primary	Component	Fiduciary	Cash and
	Activities	Activities	Government	Units	Funds	Investments
Cash and investments	\$ 181,564,842	\$ 58,071,560	\$ 239,636,402	\$ 78,270	\$13,334,555	\$ 253,049,227
Restricted cash and investments	15,361,210	3,493,769	18,854,979		19,820,300	38,675,279
Total cash and investments	\$ 196,926,052	\$ 61,565,329	\$ 258,491,381	\$ 78,270	\$ 33,154,855	\$ 291,724,506

A. Classification

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Primary Government:	
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	\$ 74,218,538
CalTrust Short-Term Fund	148,490,228
CalTrust Medium-Term Fund	88,624
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	4,478,414
Held by Trustee:	
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	38,007,797
Investment Agreement	1,039,778
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	625,001
Total investments	266,948,380
Cash in banks and on hand - Primary Government	24,697,856
Cash in banks - RHA Housing Corporation	78,270
Total cash on hand and deposits	24,776,126
Total cash and investments	\$ 291,724,506

B. Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposit was \$24,776,126 at June 30, 2022. Bank balances before reconciling items were a positive amount of \$37,603,043 at June 30, 2022. The City's cash deposit was fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The remaining amount was collateralized with securities held by pledging the financial institutions.

The California Government Code (Code) Section 53652 requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. The Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits.

C. Investments Authorized by the Code and the City's Investment Policy

Under the provisions of the City's Investment Policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Minimum	Maximum	
	Maximum	Credit	Maximum %	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	A	None	None
Obligations issued by the United States	5 years	N/A	None	None
Government Federally Sponsored Agencies				
Treasury bonds and notes issued by the State	5 years	A	None	None
of California or any local agency with California				
Commercial Paper	270 days	Top rating category	25% ^(A)	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	A	30%	10%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	A	30%	100%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Top rating category	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	N/A	None	\$75 Million/Account
Investment Trust of California (CalTrust)	N/A	N/A	None	None

^(A) The City may invest an additional 15% or a total of 25% of City surplus money, only if dollar weighted average maturity of the entire amount does not exceed 31 days.

Investments are stated at fair value using the aggregate method in all funds, resulting in the following investment income in all funds for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Interest income	\$ 114,551
Realized gain (loss) on investments	2,098,881
Total investment income	\$ 2,213,432

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

C. Investments Authorized by the Code and the City's Investment Policy, Continued

The City's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise. The portfolio for year-end reporting purposes is treated as if it were all sold. Therefore, fund balance must reflect the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. Generally, the City's practice is to buy and hold investments until maturity dates. Consequently, the City's investments are carried at fair value.

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2022 include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as collateralized mortgage obligations) or credit card receivables.

At June 30, 2022, the City had \$74,218,538 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities as compared to 2.31% in the previous year. The LAIF fair value factor of 0.98712541 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

The City reports its investment in CalTrust at the fair value amount provided by CalTrust, which is the same as the value of the pool shares. The balance in the Short-Term Fund is available for withdrawal on demand and the balance in the Medium-Term Fund is available for withdrawal upon two days' notice, and is based on the accounting records maintained by CalTrust. Included in CalTrust's investment portfolio are: United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds or Certificates of Indebtedness; registered state warrants or treasury notes or bonds; California local agency bonds, notes, warrants or other indebtedness; federal agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; negotiable certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; medium-term notes; money market mutual funds; notes, bonds or other obligation secured by a first priority security interest in securities authorized under Government Code Section 53651; and mortgage passthrough securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and other asset – backed securities. CalTrust's Short-Term Fund has a target portfolio duration of 0 to 2 years and CalTrust's Medium-Term Fund has a target portfolio duration of 1.5 to 3.5 years. At June 30, 2022 the Short-Term Fund investments matured in an average of 760 days.

Money market funds and mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand and as of June 30, 2022 have an average maturity from 18 to 36 days.

C. Investments Authorized by the Code and the City's Investment Policy, Continued

Prohibited Investments

Under the City's Investment Policy, the City imposed restrictions on investments. The City cannot invest in any funds in inverse floaters, range notes, or interest only Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) that are derived from a pool of mortgages, or in any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity (other than money market mutual funds).

D. Investments Authorized by the Code and the Housing Authority's Investment Policy

The California Government Code allows the Authority to invest in the following; provided approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code:

	Maximum	Specified Percentage	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	Quality
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
State of California obligations	5 years	None	None
CA Local Agency obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agencies	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	A1/P1
Commercial Paper - select agencies	270 days	40%	A1/P1
Commercial Paper - other agencies	270 days	25%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase and Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	A
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	Multiple
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	Multiple
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	AA
Time Deposits	5 years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Supranationals	5 years	N/A	AA

There are no restrictions on the maximum amount invested in each security type or maximum that can be invested in any one issuer.

The Authority does not have reverse repurchase agreements.

E. Investments Authorized by Debt Issues and Lease Agreements

Under the terms of the City's and Authority's debt issues and lease agreements, the City and Authority are subject to various restrictions in the type, maturity and credit ratings of investments of the unspent proceeds of these issues. These restrictions are generally no more restrictive than those listed above regarding investment of the City's and Authority's funds. In addition, some bond indentures authorize investments in guaranteed investment contracts and investment agreements with maturity dates that coincide with the applicable debt maturities. At June 30, 2022, the City and Authority were in compliance with the terms of all these restrictions.

F. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
	12 months or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months	M	ore than 60 Months	Total
Primary Government:								
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	\$ 74,218,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 74,218,538
CalTrust Short-Term Fund	148,490,228		-		-		-	148,490,228
CalTrust Medium-Term Fund	88,624		-		-		-	88,624
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	4,478,414		-		-		-	4,478,414
Held by Trustee:								
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	38,007,797		-		-		-	38,007,797
Investment Agreement	-		1,039,778		-		-	1,039,778
Guaranteed Investment Contracts			_		625,001			625,001
Total Investments	\$ 265,283,601	\$	1,039,778	\$	625,001	\$	-	266,948,380
Cash in banks and on hand - Primary Governmen	nt							24,697,856
Cash in banks - RHA Housing Corporation								78,270
Total Cash and Investments								\$ 291,724,506

G. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating at June 30, 2022 for each investment type:

	Credit Quality Rating as of Year-End						
Investment Type		AAA		AAf/S1+		AA-f/S1	 Total
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	\$	38,007,797	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 38,007,797
CalTrust Short-Term Fund		-		148,490,228		-	148,490,228
CalTrust Medium-Term Fund		-		-		88,624	 88,624
Totals	\$	38,007,797	\$	148,490,228	\$	88,624	186,586,649
Not Rated:							
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)							74,218,538
Investment Agreement							1,039,778
Guaranteed Investment Contracts							625,001
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)							 4,478,414
Total Investments							266,948,380
Cash in Banks and On Hand - Primary Governme	nt						24,697,856
Cash in Banks - RHA Housing Corporation							 78,270
Total Cash and Investments							\$ 291,724,506

H. Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk for the current year.

I. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

I. Fair Value Hierarchy, Continued

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2022:

	Fair Va			
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost Held by Trustee: Investment Agreement Guaranteed Investment Contracts				\$ 1,039,778 625,001
Money Market Mutual Funds				38,007,797
Investments not subject to levelling:				
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)				74,218,538
CalTrust Short-Term Fund				148,490,228
CalTrust Medium-Term Fund Treasury Curve				88,624
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)			4,478,414
Total Investments				\$ 266,948,380

J. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City had no significant investments in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U.S. Treasury securities, investment pools and money market funds at June 30, 2022.

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Due To/From Other Funds

Due to/from other fund balances arise in the normal course of business and represent short-term borrowings occurring as a result of expenditures which are paid prior to the receipt of revenues. These balances are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year when revenues are received. The amount for due from one fund to another at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Due from Other Funds						
Due to Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund	Total				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		41,505		41,505			
Total	\$	41,505	\$	41,505			

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

At June 30, 2022 the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year.

	Advances to	_		
Advances from Other Funds	Gen Fu:			Total
Port of Richmond	\$	12,774,486	\$	12,774,486
Total	\$	12,774,486	\$	12,774,486

In fiscal 2006 the General Fund established repayment terms for its advance of \$17,139,855 to the Port of Richmond Enterprise Fund to assist the Port with various lease transactions and other projects. The advance did not bear interest for the first three years; the next five years it bore an interest rate of 4%, with the balance payable on or before June 30, 2015. The advance repayment terms were amended in October 2013, effective June 30, 2013, to convert the accrued unpaid interest of \$745,119 to principal and reduce the advance balance by \$842,877, and the advance no longer bears interest. Annual principal payments of \$150,000 are due beginning June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2066, with a final principal payment of \$32,593 due on June 30, 2067, and in addition to those payments, the annual berthing cost of the vessel Red Oak Victory at the Port that is to be paid by the General Fund will instead offset and reduce the principal balance of the advance based on an established rental schedule. Historical rental payments from August 2004 to June 30, 2012 totaling \$842,877 were applied to the principal balance of the loan as of June 30, 2013. Another provision of the amended agreement provides that upon the sale of any Port property, including Terminal One and Terminal Four, the proceeds from the sale are to be used to repay and reduce the principal balance of the advance. The balance of the advance as of June 30, 2022 is \$12,774,486.

C. Transfers In/Out

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of the transfers is to move General Fund resources to provide an annual subsidy to the Cost Recovery Fund and other non-major governmental funds, as well fund debt service, pension costs and capital projects. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

				Nonmajor		Richmond		Nonmajor		Internal			
		General	G	Governmental		Housing		Enterprise		Service			
Transfers Out		Fund		Funds		Authority		Funds		Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	9,933,479	\$	949,414	\$	2,654,027	\$	601,018	\$	14,137,938	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Community Development and Loan		9,773,160		940,701		-		-		-		10,713,861	
Programs Fund		-		10,000		-		-		-		10,000	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		86,778		-		-		-				86,778	
Total	\$	9,859,938	\$	10,884,180	\$	949,414	\$	2,654,027	\$	601,018	\$	24,948,577	

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

C. Transfers In/Out, Continued

None of these transfers were unusual or non-recurring in nature, except for the transfer from General Fund to the Cost Recovery Fund to write off interfund borrowings in the Fund due to inability to repay, the Secured Pension Override Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund in the amount of \$9,773,160 to fund current year pension contributions to CalPERS, which is included in transfers from Non-Major Governmental Funds, and the transfer from the General Fund to the Storm Sewer Fund to assist with the repayment of advance between Storm Sewer Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2022, notes and loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance at June 30, 2022		
General Fund: RHA RAD Project Loan Deferred Loans Infill Phase II Loan Nevin Court Homeowner Development Project	\$	752,510 260,335 1,464,886 521,974	
Subtotal - General Fund Loans		2,999,705	
Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Loans		779,013	
Community Development Block Grant, Home Investment Partnership Program, EDA, CALHome Loans and City Loans Deferred Loans Home Improvement Program Loans Rental Rehabilitation Loans The Carquinez Project Creely Avenue Housing Rehabilitation Loan (Arbors) Lillie Mae Jones Project Loan Greater Richmond Interfaith Program CALHome Program RHA RAD Project Loan		3,236,791 768,734 374,847 148,490 2,504,455 988,460 910,728 2,290,358 3,768,603	
Subtotal - CDBG, HOME, EDA, CALHome Loans, City Loans		14,991,466	
Housing Successor Loans: Rental Rehabilitation Loans The Carquinez Project Creely Avenue Housing Rehabilitation Loan (Arbors) Lillie Mae Jones Project Loan Miraflores Loan MacDonald Place Senior Housing Greater Richmond Interfaith Program Silent Second Mortgage Loans Deferred Loans Chesley Avenue Mutual Housing Development Easter Hill Project RHA RAD Project Loan		20,000 1,152,510 2,348,982 1,999,301 3,416,410 3,402,371 302,066 1,754,044 633,126 6,275,017 4,790,188 1,171,387	
Subtotal - Housing Successor Loans		27,265,402	
Total Notes and Loans Receivable	\$	46,035,586	

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

RHA RAD Project

In December 2014, the General Fund loaned \$700,000 to the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund for predevelopment costs related to the Triangle Court and Friendship Manor Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Projects.

In December 2015, the loan agreement was replaced and the City entered into an amended agreement to loan \$5,400,000 to the RHA Housing Corporation for the furtherance of the development of the RAD Projects as discussed in Note 17. Funding for the loan was revised in fiscal year 2018 and is as follows: \$700,000 from the City's General Fund, \$3,600,000 will come from housing-in-lieu funds and \$1,100,000 from the Housing Successor funds. The housing-in-lieu funds and Housing Successor Funds are included in the Community Development and Loan Programs Fund. RHA Housing Corporation assigned the loan agreement and associated obligations to RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. on December 22, 2015 upon closing of the financing for the rehabilitation of the RAD projects. See Note 17 for additional information related to the RAD projects. The loan is secured by a leasehold deed of trust, assignment of rents and security agreement. The loan bears simple interest of 1% and the loan is repayable from residual receipts, as defined in the loan agreement, starting May 1 of the year after issuance of the Certificate of Completion, and unpaid principal and accrued interest is due December 1, 2070. As noted above, \$700,000 of the General Fund loan was disbursed in December 2014 and the balance at June 30, 2022, including accrued interest, was \$752,510. As of June 30, 2022, \$4,939,990 of the funds had been drawn down from the Housing Successor Community Development and Loan Programs Fund.

Deferred Loans

Deferred loans are granted to low and moderate income families to assist them in purchasing their homes. Emergency repair loans not exceeding \$10,000 funded by the HOME Investment Partnership Program (HIPP) are provided to low income families in Richmond to assist them in rehabilitating their existing housing units. These loans are required to be repaid over a period of 15 years to 30 years.

During fiscal year 2019, the City's General Fund purchased a portion of the deferred loans in the amount of \$353,335 and the loans were transferred to the General Fund. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding loan amount is \$260,335. In addition, as of June 30, 2022, \$3,236,791 of the funds had been drawn down from the CDBG & Home Program Fund and \$633,126 from the Successor Housing Agency Fund.

Scattered Site Infill Housing Development (Infill Phase II)

Under a loan agreement dated September 30, 2010, the City loaned Community Housing Development Corporation of North Richmond \$1,198,013 to fund construction of 36 townhomes to be made available for very-low and low income households. Funding for the loan was as follows: \$602,556 in HOME funds, \$266,000 in CDBG funds and \$329,457 in CDBG-R. Although the developer has not drawn down all of the proceeds from the HOME funds portion of the loan, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has indicated that future drawdowns will not be reimbursed by the grantor. Related to the grant disallowed costs discussed in Note 17, during fiscal year 2018 the City purchased \$1,331,709 of the loan balance that had previously been funded with Community Development Block Grant and HOME funds.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Scattered Site Infill Housing Development (Infill Phase II), Continued

During fiscal year 2019, the City's General Fund purchased the loan balance in the amount of \$1,099,594 and the loan and accrued interest of \$265,104 were transferred to the General Fund.

The current funding was for predevelopment activities in conjunction with the construction and development of the townhomes. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property. The outstanding balance of the loan bears simple interest at the rate of 3% per year. The payment of principal and interest is deferred and due at the end of the term due September 30, 2065. As of June 30, 2022, \$1,464,886 had been drawn down on the loan.

Nevin Court Homeowner Development Project

In May 2005, the City entered into an agreement with Community Housing and Development Corporation of North Richmond (Development), in the original amount of \$227,000 to construct and develop 10 single family homes for low and moderate income households. The agreement was amended in November 2008, to increase the loan to \$377,000. In fiscal year 2010, the Development drew down \$343,839, in fiscal year 2016 an additional \$21,453 was drawn, and the outstanding balance of the loan is \$490,203, which includes accrued interest of \$124,911. The loan bears interest of 3% per year and the unpaid balance is due in November 2063.

During fiscal year 2019, the City's General Fund purchased the loan balance in the amount of \$365,292 and the loan and accrued interest of \$124,911 were transferred to the General Fund. As of June 30, 2022, \$521,974, which includes accrued interest of \$10,959, had been drawn down on the loan.

Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Loans

The Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation (RNSC) operates a residential rehabilitation loan program financed by Department of Housing and Urban Development grants that have passed through the City under its Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP1) and additional allocation under the third round of funding referred to as (NSP3). The program provides affordable home ownership opportunities for households of low and moderate income by facilitating the development financing necessary for the purchase, rehabilitation, and resale of deed-restricted affordable ownership units. During fiscal year 2014, the City foreclosed on seven of the loans with a carrying value of \$780,153 and reacquired the properties which have been recorded as property held for resale as discussed in Note 2. As of June 30, 2022, the total balance of outstanding loans for NSP1 was \$779,013 and no NSP3 loans had been issued. Loans are payable upon the resale of improved properties.

Home Improvement Program Loans

"Silent second" mortgage loans are provided to low and moderate income first time homebuyers as gap financing to provide the minimum amount needed to close the gap between the primary lender's requirements and the borrower's ability to pay down payments or closing costs.

Home improvement program loans include amortized loans to assist low income families in Richmond in the improvement of their homes. The interest rates for these loans range from 0% to 3% and are payable over a period of 15 to 30 years.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Rental Rehabilitation Loans

Rental Rehabilitation Loans help make rental units affordable to low and very low income housing families. Loans assist private and non-profit owners in purchasing and rehabilitating existing multifamily housing units.

The Carquinez Project

Under a loan agreement dated November 14, 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Carquinez Associates, L.P. \$1,000,000 to fund rehabilitation of a five-story building, with 36 apartments housing low-income seniors. On August 23, 2010 the agreement was amended to provide the Developer with a total amount of \$1,301,000. Funding for the loan is as follows: \$1,152,510 funded by Series 2007 Bonds and \$148,900 funded by CDBG. Repayments on the loan are to be made from residual receipts as defined in the agreement. The loan does not bear interest and the unpaid principal balance is due in November 2043. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result City, as Housing Successor, assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the balance of the Carquinez loan as of February 1, 2012.

Creely Avenue Housing Rehabilitation (Arbors)

On September 15, 2006, the former Redevelopment Agency and the City loaned Arbors Preservation Limited Partnership the amount of \$2,558,557, to construct extremely low, very low and low income rental housing units and a new community room on Creely Avenue. On October 31, 2008, the loan was amended to provide the developer a total loan amount of \$3,208,113. Funding for the loan is as follows: \$2,160,282 in HOME funds, \$103,377 in CDBG funds and \$1,594,057 in 2007 Series B bond funds. Although the developer has not drawn down all of the proceeds from the HOME funds portion of the loan, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has indicated that future drawdowns will not be reimbursed by the grantor. The loan bears simple interest at the rate of 3% per year. All unpaid principal and interest on the loan is due on April 29, 2063. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result the City, as Housing Successor, assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the balance of the Arbors loan as of February 1, 2012.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Lillie Mae Jones Project

On January 19, 2010, the former Redevelopment Agency and the City entered into an agreement with Lillie Mae Jones Plaza, L.P. and the Community Housing Development Corporation of North Richmond to loan \$3,119,000 to construct and provide 26 housing units to very low and low income households. Funding for the loan is as follows: \$1,081,291 in HOME funds, \$84,000 in Section 108 funds and \$1,953,709 in 2007 Series B bonds. Although the developer has not drawn down all of the proceeds of the HOME funds portion of the loan, HUD has indicated that future drawdowns will not be reimbursed by the grantor. The loan bears an interest rate of 3% per year and repayments on the loan are to be made from residual receipts as defined in the agreement. All unpaid principal and accrued interest is due in January 2065. The agreement was amended in November 2011, due to securing a \$293,884 loan from County of Contra Costa with Mental Health Services Act, which specifies that two units are required to be available to and occupied by Mental Health Services Act Eligible Tenants pursuant to the County Regulatory Agreement with Lillie Mae Jones Plaza, L.P. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result the City, as Housing Successor, assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the balance of the Lillie Mae Jones loan as of February 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2022, Lillie Mae Jones has drawn down \$2,987,761.

Greater Richmond Interfaith Program

The loan agreement date was on June 20, 2005. The borrower shall use the Loan funds for development and related soft costs that are eligible under the applicable CDBG and HOME regulations, and consistent with the approved development budget. In addition, the borrower shall submit to the City's Community and Economic Development Department a copy of the Construction Plans for the Development. As of June 30, 2022, Greater Richmond Interface Program has drawn down \$1,212,794.

CALHome Program

The CALHome loan program provides housing assistance to Richmond residents to assist with first-time homeowner down payments or rehabilitation projects for owner-occupied homes. The loans are secured by deeds of trust on the properties. Principal and interest on the loans are deferred for 30 years, unless otherwise specified in the promissory note. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the CALHome loan program that was funded with grant funds is now administered by the City effective February 1, 2012.

Housing Successor Loans

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result City, as Housing Successor, assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the balance of certain loans discussed above and all of the loans below as of February 1, 2012.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Miraflores Loan

Under an amended loan agreement dated June 21, 2011, the City agreed to loan Community Housing Development Corporation of North Richmond and Eden Housing, Inc., \$1,465,000 to fund the construction of 110 senior housing units for low and moderate income residents. Funding for the loan is as follows: \$449,000 in CDBG funds, \$925,000 in HOME funds, and \$91,000 Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund funds. Although the developer has not drawn down all of the proceeds of the HOME funds portion of the loan, HUD has indicated that future drawdowns will not be reimbursed by the grantor. Related to the grant disallowed costs by HUD in previous years, the City purchased \$1,208,258 of the loan balance that had previously been funded by CDBG and HOME funds and the loans were transferred to the Housing Successor. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 18, the portion of the Miraflores loan that was funded by the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund was assumed by the City as Housing Successor.

The loan does not bear interest and the unpaid principal balance was due September 22, 2015, unless it was converted to a permanent loan. The loan was converted into a permanent loan on June 25, 2015. In addition to the converted permanent loan, the Housing Successor approved an additional predevelopment loan in the amount of \$1,500,000. As of June 30, 2022, \$3,416,410 of the loan had been drawn down.

MacDonald Place Senior Housing

On June 26, 2007, the former Redevelopment Agency agreed to loan MacDonald Housing Partners, L.P., and Richmond Labor and Love Community Development Corporation the amount of \$4,720,000, to construct senior housing units, a management office, small meeting rooms and ancillary retail use, and a separate space for community services. The loan's principal is due 57 years from the date of disbursement. The loan bears simple of interest of 2% per year payable from any residual receipts available from the prior calendar year with an additional 1% per year, but only to the extent that funds are available to pay such contingent interest from the Agency's share of residual receipts, as defined in the agreement.

Silent Second Mortgage Loans

Loans were provided to qualifying individuals for the difference between the amount received by the individuals who qualified for low and moderate income housing loans and the amount needed to purchase the homes. The loans are to be forgiven in the future if the property owners do not sell or refinance the property.

Chesley Avenue Mutual Housing Development

On December 1, 2003, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Chesley Avenue Limited Partnership the amount of \$4,741,492, which includes accrued interest of \$1,272,798 to construct very low and low income housing units. The loan's principal is due in 2058; interest is payable starting May 1, 2006, at the rate of 2% per annum or in the amount of 95% of any residual receipts remaining from the prior year, whichever is less. As of June 30, 2022, \$6,275,017, which includes accrued interest of \$1,533,525, had been drawn down on the loan.

4. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Easter Hill Project

The loan from the former Redevelopment Agency to Easter Hill Development, L.P. is providing financial assistance in the development of the Easter Hill Project. The Easter Hill Project consists of single and multifamily home components. Easter Hill Development, L.P. shall use the loan to pay for predevelopment, acquisition and construction costs. The outstanding balance of the loan bears simple interest at the rate of 2% per year. Repayments on the loan are to be made from residual receipts as defined in the agreement. All unpaid principal and accrued interest on the loan is due February 1, 2069.

5. LEASES RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2022, leases receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance at			
	Ju	me 30, 2022		
Lease Receivable				
Alcatraz Cruises	\$	2,445,231		
California Oils		2,004,395		
DeSaulnier		5,164		
Foss Maritime		2,431,155		
MSRC		381,803		
Nematode	643,008			
NRC		355,669		
Point San Pablo		8,072		
PRAM		7,092		
Richmond Art Center		798,696		
Richmond Bay Marina		5,396,449		
Terminal Three Partners		39,332,703		
Dutra		2,201,505		
YWCA		95,877		
AWC		14,595,757		
Total Lease Receivable	\$	70,702,576		

Alcatraz Cruises

On October 15, 2021, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Basin 4 and half of Basin 3 at Point Potrero Marine Terminal and the lease end date was on October 14, 2036. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$2,559,422 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,445,231. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$15,000.00, with step payment increase to \$15,600 from October 15, 2026 to October 14, 2031 and 4% annual increase from October 15, 2031 to October 14, 2036. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2480%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,438,086, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$121,336 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

5. LEASES RECEIVABLE, Continued

California Oils

On July 1, 2016, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Terminal 2 at 1145 Harbour Way South and the lease end date was on June 30, 2026. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$2,449,191 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,004,395. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$38,868, with step payment increase to \$40,810.54 from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 and 3% monthly increase from July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2026. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,959,353 and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$489,838 during the fiscal year.

DeSaulnier

On January 3, 2019, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of the office space located at 440 Civic Plaza and the lease end date was on January 2, 2023. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,459 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$5,164. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$862. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$5,191, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$10,268 during the fiscal year.

Foss Maritime

On October 1, 2012, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Basin 1 and Finger Pier 2 at Point Potrero Marine Terminal and the lease end date was on February 29, 2028. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$2,806,842 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,431,155. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$32,069, with step payment increase to \$33,672 from May 1, 2022 to April 30, 2023 and 3% annual increase from May 1, 2023 to February 29, 2028. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,385,816, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$421,026 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

MSRC

On July 1, 1993, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Finger Pier 1 at 1314 Canal Boulevard and the lease end date was on June 30, 2023. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$750,849.26 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$381,803. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$30,976.25, with step payment increase to \$31,906 from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$375,425, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$375,425 during the fiscal year.

Nematode

On July 1, 2020, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Terminal 4 at 1950 Stenmark Drive and the lease end date was on June 30, 2020. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$719,233. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$643,008. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$6,816.50. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$639,318, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$79,915 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

5. LEASES RECEIVABLE, Continued

NRC

On October 1, 2017, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Basin 3 at 1337 Canal Boulevard and the lease end date was on September 30, 2027. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$414,304 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$355,669. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,000, with step payment increase to \$5,300 from October 1, 2022 to September 30, 2023 and 4% annual increase from October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2027. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3870%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$348,015, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$66,289 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

Point San Pablo

On June 1, 2021, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Terminal 4 at 1950 Stenmark Drive and the lease end date was on May 31, 2023. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$16,472 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$8,072. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$700, with step payment increase to \$735 from June 1, 2022 to April 30, 2023. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3160%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$7,878, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$8,594 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

PRAM

On September 1, 2019, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of The Washington Field House at 110 East Richmond Avenue and the lease end date was on August 31, 2024. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$10,333.79 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$7,092. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$275.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$7,071, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$3,263 during the fiscal year.

Richmond Art Center

On July 1, 2017, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of The Art Center buildings at 2540 and 2544 Barrett Avenue and the lease end date was on June 30, 2067. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$807,820.53 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$798,696. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,344, with step payment increase to \$2,503 from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2067. The lease has an interest rate of 2.5830%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$790,259, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$17,561 during the fiscal year.

Richmond Bay Marina

On July 1, 2000, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of the land at 1340 Marina Way South and the lease end date was on June 30, 2055. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$5,534,412.78 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$5,396,449. The lessee is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$60,876. The lease has an interest rate of 2.5830%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$5,371,636, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$162,777 during the fiscal year.

5. LEASES RECEIVABLE, Continued

Terminal Three Partners

On December 15, 2020, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Terminal 3 at 1411 Harbour Way South and the lease end date was on December 14, 2086. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$39,376,061.50 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$39,332,703. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$36,667, with step payment increase to \$38,133 from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 and 2% annual increase from July 1, 2023 to December 14, 2086. The lease has an interest rate of 1.1000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$38,774,492, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$601,569 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

Dutra

On June 1, 2017, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of Basin 2, Basin 3 and the structure at 1319 Canal Boulevard and the lease end date was on May 31, 2032. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$2,393,510.09 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,201,505. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$16,500.00, with step payment increase to \$17,160 from June 1, 2022 to May 31, 2023 and 2% annual increase from June 1, 2023 to May 31, 2032. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3160%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,174,257 and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$219,253 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

YWCA

On July 1, 2015, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of the building at 3230 MacDonald Avenue and the lease end date was on June 30, 2025. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$127,360.86 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$95,877. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,700.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$95,521, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$31,840 during the fiscal year.

AWC

On May 1, 2009, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessor for the use of the land at 1311 Canal Boulevard and the lease end date was on December 31, 2024. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$20,135,248.98 on July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,595,757. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$5,718,800.00, with a fixed increase to \$5,833,350 from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 and \$5,950,800 from July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$14,382,321, and Richmond, CA recognized lease revenue of \$5,752,928 during the fiscal year.

5. LEASES RECEIVABLE, Continued

The future revenue payments as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending	Alcatraz	Cruises	Califo	ornia Oils	De	Saulnier		Foss Maritim		MSRC		Nematode			NRC			Point San Pablo		blo	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principa	l Intere	st Prin	cipal	Interest	Principal	Ir	nterest	Principa	ıl	Interest	Principal	Interes	t I	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2023	\$ 150,342	\$ 29,658	\$ 470,781	\$ 18,946	\$ 5,16	4 \$	8 \$ 39	94,514	\$ 11,572	\$ 381,803	\$	1,064	\$ 76,36		\$ 5,430	\$ 61,431	\$ 1,26	9 \$	8,072	\$	13
						4 5				\$ 381,803	Þ								8,072	Э	13
2024	152,229	27,771	490,554					08,758	9,511	-		-	77,05		4,745		1,02		-		-
2025	154,139	25,861	510,980					23,442	7,375	-		-	77,74		4,054		77		-		-
2026	156,074	23,926	532,080	3,057	-			88,578	5,163	-		-	80,90		3,347	70,349	50		-		-
2027	163,455	21,945	-	-	-			54,181	2,872	-		-	81,63		2,622		22		-		-
2028-2032	863,536	78,080	-	-	-		- 31	1,682	601	-		-	249,30	18	3,447	18,587	1	2	-		-
2033-2037	805,456	21,968	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2038-2042	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2043-2047	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2048-2052	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2053-2057	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2058-2062	-	-	_	_	-			-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
2063-2067	_	_	_		_			_	_	_		-	-		_	_	_		-		-
2068-2072	_	_	_		_			_	_	_		-	-		_	_	_		-		-
2073-2077	_	_	_	_				_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_		_		_
2078-2082	_	_	_	_				_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_		_		_
2083-2087	_	_		_			_	_	_	_									_		_
			-							-										_	
Total	\$2,445,231	\$ 229,209	\$2,004,395	\$ 44,438	\$ 5,16	4 \$	8 \$2,43	31,155	\$ 37,094	\$ 381,803	\$	1,064	\$ 643,00	8	\$ 23,645	\$ 355,669	\$ 3,80	9 \$	8,072	\$	13
Year Ending	PRA	M	Richmond A	rt Center	Richmond Ba	y Marina	Termina	ıl Three	Partners	Dutra		YWCA		AWC			Tota	ıl			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principa	1	Interest	Principal Interest I		Principal Interest		Principal Interest		n :	Principal Interest				
June 30,	гинсіраі	Interest	гинсіраі	Interest	гинстран	mieresi	Frincipa		mierest	Principal	IIII	erest	Principal		ierest	гинсіраі	mieresi	FIL	ісіраі	ш	terest
2023	\$ 3,259	\$ 41	\$ 9,518	\$ 20,518 \$	105,127	\$ 138,377	\$ 25,0	66 S	432,534	\$ 199,595	\$	6,668	\$ 31,673	\$	727 \$	5,703,010	\$ 130,340	\$ 7.0	525,723	\$	797,165
2024	3,283	17	9,766	20,269	107,868	135,636	34,5		432,210	204,358		6,031	31,957		443	5,871,387	79,412		156,238		730,934
2025	550	1	10,022	20,014	110,682	132,822	44,3	06	431,781	209,218		5,378	32,247		156	3,021,360	13,490	4,	662,048		650,274
2026	-	-	10,284	19,752	113,568	129,936	54,3	66	431,243	214,179		4,710	-		-	-	-	1,0	570,383		621,639
2027	-	-	10,552	19,483	116,530	126,974	64,7	28	430,593	219,240		4,026	-		-	-	-	1,	183,777		608,742
2028-2032	-	-	57,046	93,133	629,858	587,662	490,1	77	2,139,046	1,154,915		9,289	-		-	-	-	3,	775,109	2,	911,270
2033-2037	-	-	64,902	85,277	716,393	501,127	798,9	41	2,103,934	-		-	-		-	-	-	2,	385,692	2,	712,306
2038-2042	-	-	73,839	76,340	814,817	402,703	1,154,4	08	2,050,601	-		-	-		-	-	-	2,0	043,064	2,	529,644
2043-2047	-	-	84,007	66,172	926,764	290,756	1,562,2	61	1,976,327	-		-	-		-	-	-	2,	573,032	2,	333,255
2048-2052	-	-	95,574	54,604	1,054,090	163,430	2,028,8		1,878,064	-		-	-		-	-	-		178,488		096,098
2053-2057	-	-	108,735	41,444	700,752	29,760	2,561,1		1,752,395	-		-	-		-	-	-		370,611		823,599
2058-2062	-	-	123,708	26,470	-	-	3,166,9	76	1,595,499	-		-	-		-	-	-		290,684		621,969
2063-2067	-	-	140,743	9,435	-	-	3,855,0		1,403,097	-		-	-		-	-	-		995,802		412,532
2068-2072	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,635,0		1,170,412	-		-	-		-	-	-				170,412
2073-2077	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,517,5		892,106	-		-	-		-	-	-		517,557		892,106
2078-2082	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,514,5		562,221	-		-	-		-	-	-		514,565		562,221
2083-2087		-		-	-	-	6,824,7	86	175,976	-			-				-	6,	324,786		175,976

\$ 7,092 \$ 59 \$798,696 \$552,911 \$5,396,449 \$2,639,183 \$39,332,703 \$19,858,039 \$2,201,505 \$36,102 \$95,877 \$1,326 \$14,595,757 \$223,242 \$70,702,576 \$23,650,142

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2021 as restated	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Adjustment	Balance at June 30, 2022		
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 24,361,564	\$ 273,119	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,634,683		
Construction in progress	34,275,063	12,722,449		(12,448,045)		34,549,467		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	58,636,627	12,995,568		(12,448,045)		59,184,150		
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	156,882,402	246,143	-	666,115	-	157,794,660		
Machinery and equipment	47,864,546	5,030,638	(982,018)	4,032,747	-	55,945,913		
Land improvements and infrastructure	539,785,539			7,749,183		547,534,722		
Total capital assets being depreciated	744,532,487	5,276,781	(982,018)	12,448,045		761,275,295		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(51,077,776)	(3,751,339)	-	(218,687)	-	(55,047,802)		
Machinery and equipment	(40,463,502)	(3,006,628)	982,935	(61,205)	(612)	(42,549,012)		
Land improvements and infrastructure	(425,290,906)	(6,212,089)		279,892		(431,223,103)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(516,832,184)	(12,970,056)	982,935		(612)	(528,819,917)		
Capital asset being depreciated, net	227,700,303	(7,693,275)	917	12,448,045	(612)	232,455,378		
Lease assets being amortized:								
Leased buildings and improvements	6,690,416	-				6,690,416		
Total Lease assets being amortized	6,690,416					6,690,416		
Less accumulated amortization for:								
Leased buildings and improvements		(1,911,547)				(1,911,547)		
Total accumulated amortization		(1,911,547)				(1,911,547)		
Lease assets being amortized, net	6,690,416	(1,911,547)	-	-	-	4,778,869		
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 293,027,346	\$ 3,390,746	\$ 917	\$ -	\$ (612)	\$ 296,418,397		

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Governmental activities depreciation expenses for capital assets and amortization expense for lease assets charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Depreciation expense	
General Government	\$ 3,615,815
Public Safety	854,384
Public Services	5,958,047
Cultural and Recreational	159,561
Housing and Redevelopment	126,313
Community Development	1,026
Internal Service Funds	2,254,910
Total depreciation expense	12,970,056
Amortization expense	
Public Safety	1,911,547
Total amortization expense	1,911,547
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 14,881,603

Lease Asset

Dicon Fiberoptics

On January 1, 2020, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessee for the use of DiCon Fiberoptics' Building and the lease end date was on December 31, 2024. Richmond, CA is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$152,298, with step payment increase to \$156,735 from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 and 3% annual increase from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2024. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3160%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$6,690,416 with accumulated amortization of \$1,911,547 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found above. Richmond, CA has 3 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2021 as restated	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Adjustments	Balance at June 30, 2022
Business-type Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 7,195,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,195,986
Construction in progress	32,958,119	30,910,811	φ - -	φ - -	Ф - -	63,868,930
Total capital assets not being depreciated	40,154,105	30,910,811	-	-	-	71,064,916
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	79,908,481	-	-	-	-	79,908,481
Machinery and equipment	17,840,183	19,901	-	-	-	17,860,084
Infrastructure	259,038,020		-			259,038,020
Total capital assets being depreciated	356,786,684	19,901		<u>-</u>		356,806,585
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(56,233,722)	(748,918)	-	-	-	(56,982,640)
Machinery and equipment	(15,654,100)	(593,212)	-	-	-	(16,247,312)
Infrastructure	(123,277,607)	(5,921,824)				(129,199,431)
Total accumulated depreciation	(195,165,429)	(7,263,954)	_	-		(202,429,383)
Capital asset being depreciated, net	161,621,255	(7,244,053)				154,377,202
Lease assets being amortized:						
Leased land and improvements	1,172,173					1,172,173
Total Lease assets being amortized	1,172,173		-	-		1,172,173
Less accumulated amortization for:						
Leased land and improvements		(260,483)	-			(260,483)
Total accumulated amortization		(260,483)	-	-		(260,483)
Lease assets being amortized, net	1,172,173	(260,483)	-	-	-	911,690
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 202,947,533	\$ 23,406,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,353,808

Included in buildings and improvements is the Richmond Housing Authority's Hacienda Property with a net book value of \$7,203,134 at June 30, 2022 has been uninhabitable for an extended period of time and as a result necessitates major rehabilitation. The property was appraised in July 2019 at \$6,290,000 "as is" and Mercy Housing is in negotiation with the City and the Housing Authority to acquire the improvements and to undertake significant renovation that would result in to 150 units, a fitness center and a library. The current site encompasses a total of 2.98 acres of land which is intended to be split into two parcels upon approval by HUD for which the currently improved portion of 1.941 acres will be subject to a ground lease to Mercy Housing and the remaining 1.043 acres will be retained by the City for future development.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Business-type activities depreciation expenses for capital assets allocated to each program for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Depreciation expense	
Port of Richmond	\$ 3,529,821
Municipal Sewer	3,601,816
Richmond Marina	85,456
Storm Sewer	45,037
Cable TV	1,824
Total depreciation expense	7,263,954
Amortization expense	
Municipal Sewer	260,483
Total amortization expense	260,483
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 7,524,437

Lease Asset

West County Wastewater District

On January 1, 2010, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessee for the use of West County Wastewater District's land and the lease end date was on December 31, 2025. Richmond, CA is required to make annually fixed payments of \$153,000, with 3% annual increase from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017 and 6% annual increase from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2025. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$1,172,173 with accumulated amortization of \$260,483 is included with Improvements on the Lease Class activities table found above.

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

Changes in compensated absence liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Compensated absences payable	\$ 13,116,999	\$ 6,672,197	\$ (8,299,995)	\$ 11,489,201	\$ 6,320,594
Business-Type Activities: Compensated absences payable	200,045	330,245	(322,859)	207,431	104,923
	\$ 13,317,044	\$ 7,002,442	\$ (8,622,854)	\$ 11,696,632	\$ 6,425,517

The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund. Compensated absences for business-type activities are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Governmental Activities

Following is a summary of governmental activities long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance at July 1, 2021]	Balance at	Ι	Due Within	Ι	Due in More
	as restated	Ac	Additions (A)		Retirements	Ju	ine 30, 2022	One Year		th	an One Year
Bonds payable:											
Bonds	\$ 106,978,450	\$	-	\$	(5,013,438) (B)	\$	101,965,012	\$	4,270,000	\$	97,695,012
Bonds from direct placements	137,381,306		7,171,770		(10,301,998)		134,251,078		11,593,000		122,658,078
Loans payable from direct borrowings	1,023,223		-		(135,601)		887,622		138,040		749,582
Financed purchases from direct borrowings	5,642,605		-		(1,061,418)		4,581,187		1,075,111		3,506,076
Lease liability	6,690,416		_		(1,837,459)		4,852,956		1,896,420	_	2,956,536
Total	\$ 257,716,000	\$	7,171,770	\$	(18,349,914)	\$	246,537,855	\$	18,972,571	\$	227,565,284

⁽A) Additions include bonds payable bond accretion for capital appreciation bonds totaling \$7,171,770

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	 INCL
Pension Obligation Bonds - 1999 Series A	\$ 2,725,000
Pension Funding Bond Series 2005 (Direct Placement)	134,251,078
JPFA Lease Revenue Bonds - 2016	27,073,536
JPFA Lease Revenue Bonds - 2019A	 72,166,476
Total	\$ 236,216,090

Net

1999 Series A City of Richmond Taxable Limited Obligation Pension Bonds - Original Issue \$36,280,000

The bonds were issued to fund a portion of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability in the City's pension plans together with the prepayment of certain pension benefit costs of the Beneficiaries and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the issuance of the bonds. Interest rates vary from 6.37% to a maximum of 7.39% and are payable semiannually on February 1, and August 1. The term bonds consist of

\$8,960,000 due August 1, 2020 with an interest rate of 7.57% and \$3,435,000 due August 1, 2029 with an interest rate of 7.62%. The bonds are payable from certain pension tax override revenues received by the City from a special tax pursuant to City Council Ordinance 9-99 adopted by the City Council on March 30, 1999. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total pension tax revenues were \$944,696 and \$10,609,053, respectively.

⁽B) Retirements of bonds payable include principal retirements in the amount of \$4,150,000 and amortization of bond premiums in the amount of \$863,438

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

1999 Series A City of Richmond Taxable Limited Obligation Pension Bonds - Original Issue \$36,280,000, Continued

The annual debt service requirements on the bonds are as follows:

For the Years						
Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total			
2023	\$ 620,000	\$ 184,023	\$	804,023		
2024	540,000	139,827		679,827		
2025	455,000	101,918		556,918		
2026	375,000	70,295		445,295		
2027	295,000	44,768		339,768		
2028-2030	440,000	39,245		479,245		
Total	\$ 2,725,000	\$ 580,076	\$	3,305,076		

2005 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds - Original Issue \$114,995,133

These Bonds from direct placements were issued to prepay the unfunded liability of the Miscellaneous and Safety pension plans provided through the California Public Employees' Retirement System. The Bonds consist of three series as shown below:

							Index Rate Conversion D	ata
	Initial		Adjusted		Original	Full	Adjusted	Adjusted
	Interest	Less: Credit	Interest	Maturity	Principal	Accretion	Subsequent	Maturity
Bond Type & Series	Rate	Adjustment	Rate	Date	Amount	Date	Interest Rate	Value
Current Interest - 2005A	5.9350%	-0.1000%	5.8350%	8/1/2013	\$ 26,530,000	n/a	n/a	n/a
Convertible Auction								
Rate Securities, Capital								
Appreciation Bonds -								
2005B-1	6.2550%	-0.1000%	6.1550%	8/1/2023	47,061,960	8/1/2013	1 month LIBOR + 1.4%	\$ 46,025,000
2005B-2	6.5650%	-0.1000%	6.4650%	8/1/2034	41,403,173	8/1/2023	1 month LIBOR + 1.4%	99,842,000
					\$114,995,133			\$145,867,000

Credit Adjustment – The Bonds were issued on November 1, 2005 in a private placement at the initial interest rates. Included in the Indenture were provisions which adjust the initial interest rates on each series based on the City's meeting certain conditions. As a result of the City issuing its June 30, 2005 financial statements and receiving an upgraded credit rating of A3 by Moody's by May 1, 2006, the initial interest rates were reduced by 1/10th of one percent.

Current Interest Bonds - The Series 2005A Bonds were fully repaid during fiscal year 2015.

Capital Appreciation Bonds – The Series 2005B-1 Bonds and 2005B-2 Bonds are capital appreciation bonds, which means no interest is paid until the Adjusted Maturity Value is reached on the Full Accretion Date. Capital appreciation bonds are issued at a deep discount which then "accretes" over time. The discount on these bonds represented as the effective interest rate on each series is shown above.

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

2005 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds - Original Issue \$114,995,133, Continued

Mandatory Index Rate Conversion – On the respective Full Accretion Date, the Series 2005B-1 or 2005B-2 Bonds convert from Capital Appreciation Bonds to Index Rate Bonds. From that date forward, the Bonds bear interest at a rate based on the 1-month LIBOR index plus 1.4%. This rate fluctuates according to the market conditions and is limited to 17 percent per year. Following the applicable Full Accretion Date, interest on the converted bond series is due semiannually each February 1 and August 1. The Series 2005B-1 Bonds are due in annual installments from 2014 to 2023 ranging from \$4,468,000 to \$11,593,000. The 2005B-2 Bonds are due in annual installments from 2024 to 2034 ranging from \$6,466,000 to \$18,538,000.

Optional Auction Rate Conversion – On the respective Full Accretion Date, the 2005B-1 and the 2005B-2 Bonds may be converted to Auction Rate Bonds provided that certain conversion requirements are met. Auction rates fluctuate according to the market conditions and is limited to a maximum 17 percent per year and a minimum of 80 percent of the LIBOR index rate. The Series 2005B-1 Bonds did not convert to auction rate bonds, and were instead converted to index rate bonds, as discussed above.

<u>Swap Agreements</u> – The City entered into two interest rate swap agreements related to the 2005B-1 and 2005B-2 Bonds. The interest rate swap related to the 2005B-1 Bonds became effective August 1, 2013 while the 2005B-2 Bonds does not become effective until August 1, 2023, in the same amount as the outstanding principal balances of the Bonds on that date. The combination of the variable rate bonds and a floating swap rate will create synthetic fixed-rate debt for the City. The synthetic fixed rate for the 2005B-1 Bonds was 7.0039% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the Bonds consisted of the following:

			A	Accretion/		Premium		
	M	aturity Value	Amortization		(Discount)			Net
Capital appreciation bonds	\$	145,867,000	\$	7,171,775	\$	(18,787,697)	\$	134,251,078

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

For the Years				
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		 Total
2023	\$ 11,593,000	\$	895,931	12,488,931
2024	6,306,000		7,068,894	13,374,894
2025	6,466,000		8,901,468	15,367,468
2026	6,687,000		8,421,992	15,108,992
2027	8,162,000		7,858,540	16,020,540
2028-2032	54,137,000		28,692,562	82,829,562
2033-2035	52,516,000		4,799,491	57,315,491
Total	\$ 145,867,000	\$	66,638,878	\$ 212,505,878

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 - Original Issue - \$28,390,000

On February 1, 2016, the Authority issued Series 2016 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$28,390,000. The proceeds from the Bonds were used to pay the obligations of the City related to the termination of the interest rate swap agreement and the option on swap agreement (swaption) related to the Authority's Series 2009 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. On February 3, 2016 the interest rate swap agreement and the swaption related to the Series 2009 Bonds were terminated with a swap termination payment of \$28,554,000.

The Bonds bear interest rates of 4.00% to 5.50%. Principal payments are due annually on November 1 through 2037 and semi-annual interest payments are due May 1 and November 1 commencing on May 1, 2016.

At June 30, 2022, the 2016 Bonds consisted of the following:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 26,060,000
Unamortized premium	1,013,536
Total	\$ 27,073,536

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 1,186,313	\$ 2,351,313
2024	1,255,000	1,119,763	2,374,763
2025	1,365,000	1,047,713	2,412,713
2026	1,445,000	970,438	2,415,438
2027	1,510,000	889,175	2,399,175
2028-2032	8,555,000	3,143,000	11,698,000
2033-2037	9,015,000	1,247,900	10,262,900
2038	1,750,000	35,000	1,785,000
Total	\$ 26,060,000	\$ 9,639,302	\$ 35,699,302

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A - Original Issue - \$63,970,000

The Series 2019A Bonds are being issued to: redeem \$77,315,000 outstanding principal amount of the Authority's Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Civic Center Project) Series 2009, purchase a reserve facility for deposit into the reserve account established for the Series 2019A Bonds, fund a deposit into the Interest Account within the Revenue Fund to capitalize a portion of the interest due on May 1, 2020, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds. The Bonds are payable solely from, and secured solely by, Revenues of the Authority, consisting primarily of Base Rental Payments to be received by the Authority from the City of Richmond under a Facility Lease, dated as of August 1, 2019, by and between the City and the Authority, for the right to use and the occupancy of certain real property and facilities. The Series 2019A Bonds will mature on November 1 annually commencing November 1, 2020. Interest on the Series 2019A Bonds is payable at the rate of 5% on November 1 and May 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2020. The refunding resulted in an overall debt service savings of \$29,893,316. The net present value of the debt service savings is called an economic gain and amounted to \$25,000,596.

At June 30, 2022, the 2019A Bonds consisted of the following:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 59,365,000
Unamortized premium	12,801,476
Total	\$ 72,166,476

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

For the Years				
Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 2,485,000	\$ 2,906,125		5,391,125
2024	2,610,000	2,778,750		5,388,750
2025	2,745,000	2,644,875		5,389,875
2026	2,885,000	2,504,125		5,389,125
2027	3,035,000	2,356,125		5,391,125
2028-2032	17,665,000	9,281,375		26,946,375
2033-2037	22,680,000	4,263,000		26,943,000
2038	5,260,000	131,500		5,391,500
Total	\$ 59,365,000	\$ 26,865,875	\$	86,230,875

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Interest Rate Swap and Swaption Agreements

The City entered into an interest swap agreement in connection with the 2005B-1 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds. The transaction allows the City to create a synthetic fixed rate or a synthetic variable rate on the Bonds, protecting it against increases and decreases in short-term interest rates and fair value. The various risks associated with the swap agreements are disclosed below. For the swap agreement pertaining to the 2005B-2 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds, the disclosure is included below, but the swap agreement does not become effective until August 1, 2023.

On May 13, 2015, Moody's Investor Services ("Moody's") downgraded the City's issuer rating from "A1" to "Ba1" and the rating on its 1999 Taxable Limited Obligation Pension Bonds from "A2" to "Baa2". In addition, the City and its Wastewater Enterprise bonds were placed under review for possible downgrades. On August 4, 2015, Moody's further downgraded the City's issuer rating from "Ba2" to "Ba1" and its rating on the City's Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds and 1999 Taxable Limited Obligation Pension Bonds ("POB's) from "Baa2". In addition, Moody's downgraded its rating on the City's Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A to "Baa2" from "A2". On November 21, 2018, Moody's upgraded the City's issuer rating to "Baa3" from "Ba1" and the Pension Obligation Bond rating from "Ba1" to "Ba2". On September 1, 2015, Standard and Poor's Rating Services ("S&P") lowered the City's Issuer Credit Rating from "AA-" to "BBB+" placing the City on CreditWatch. Other credit ratings downgrades included S&P's assigned underlying rating (SPUR) for the Wastewater Enterprise Fund that was lowered from "A+" to "BBB".

Moody's downgrade of the City's issuer rating to "Ba1" resulted in allowing the counterparty, JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA ("IPM") to declare an Additional Termination Event (ATE) with the interest rate swaps the City entered in conjunction with the 2005 Taxable POBs (2007 Swaps). This means that JPM could exercise a right to terminate the 2007 Swaps and demand immediate payment of an approximately \$31.5 million settlement amount that represented the present value of the City's expected future performance obligations under the 2007 Swaps at the time of the ATE. The City entered into a restructuring of certain of its obligations through the issuance by the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority of Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2016A (tax-exempt) to fund the cost of terminating the Civic Center Swaps relating to the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Series 2009 Civic Center Lease Revenue Bonds held by Royal Bank of Canada (RBC). RBC simultaneously entered into a novation of the 2007 Swaps with JPM. By terminating the Civic Center Swaps, the City reduced RBC's credit exposure to the City sufficiently to allow RBC to accept the additional credit exposure associated with stepping into JPM's position in the 2007 swaps through novation. Contemporaneous with the novation from JPM to RBC, RBC and the City amended and restated the 2007 Swaps, including eliminating the existence of the ATE by removing reference to a Moody's rating in the ATE provisions, reducing the Standard & Poor's rating threshold for a future ATE to BBB- from BBB and providing a mandatory early termination of the 2007 Swaps in 2023. The early termination will require the City to either refund or restructure the 2007 Swap at that date if a termination payment is due at the time. In addition, terminating the Civic Center Swaps eliminated the risk of an ATE with respect to the Civic Center Swaps, which require the City to maintain its Issuer Credit Rating at the current level of BBB+ to avoid an ATE.

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Interest Rate Swap and Swaption Agreements, Continued

The City's issuer credit rating from S&P was BBB+ as of June 30, 2017. On December 4, 2017, the City received an updated issuer credit rating from S&P upgrading the previous BBB+ issuer credit rating to an A- issuer credit rating.

Terms. The terms, including the counterparty credit ratings of the outstanding swaps, as of June 30, 2021, are included below. The swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to the outstanding notional amount on an annual basis.

Hedging Derivatives - Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable Swap Agreements

For the following Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable swap agreements, the City owes interest calculated at a fixed rate to the counterparty of the swaps. In return, the counterparty owes the City interest based on a variable rate that approximates the rate required by the Bonds. Debt principal is not exchanged; it is only the basis on which the swap receipts and payments are calculated.

Pay-Fixed.	D !	T7	1-1 -
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Outstanding Notional Amount	Effective Date	Counterparty	Long-Term Credit Rating (S&P/Moody's /Fitch)	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	air Value at 6/30/2022	Termination Date	Hedging Type
2005B-1 Taxable	Pension Fund	ding Bonds						
\$ 28,205,221	8/1/2013	Royal Bank of Canada	AA-/Aa2/AA	5.580%	100% of USD 1-Month LIBOR	\$ (334,838)	8/1/2023	Cash Flow
2005B-2 Taxable	Pension Func	ding Bonds						
\$ 127,990,254	8/1/2023	Royal Bank of Canada	AA-/Aa2/AA	5.665%	100% of USD 1-Month LIBOR	\$ (21,650,387)	8/1/2034	Fair Value

Fair value. Fair value of the swaps takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of each transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. Fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swaps, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the LIBOR swap yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. The swaps are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, using a market approach that considers observable swap rates commonly quoted for the full term of the swaps.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Hedging Activities - Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable Swap Agreements, Continued

As of June 30, 2022, the fair value for the each of the outstanding swaps was in favor of the respective counterparties. The fair value represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counterparty failed to perform as contracted. The City has accounted for the change in fair value of each of the effective hedges as noted below:

	Changes in Fa	air Value	Fair value at June 30, 2022			
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount		
Governmental Activities						
Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable						
2005B-1 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds	Deferred Outflow	\$ 1,345,523	Investment	\$ (334,838)		
2005B-2 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds	Deferred Outflow	12,635,222	Investment	(21,650,387)		
Totals		\$ 13,980,745		\$ (21,985,225)		

Credit risk. The fair values of the swaps represent the City's credit exposure to the counterparties. As of June 30, 2022, the City was not exposed to credit risk on the outstanding swaps because the swaps had negative fair values. However, if interest rates change and the fair value of the swaps were to become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk.

Interest rate risk. The City will be exposed to interest rate risk for the Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable swaps only if the counterparty to the swaps defaults or if the swaps are terminated.

Basis risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the City on the underlying variable rate bonds to the bondholders temporarily differs from the variable swap rate received from the counterparty. The City bears basis risk on the Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable swaps. The swaps have basis risk since the City receives a percentage of the LIBOR Index to offset the actual variable bond rate the City pays on the underlying Bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the City pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost of the basis risk may vary.

A portion of this basis risk is tax risk. The City is exposed to tax risk when the relationship between the taxable LIBOR based swap and tax-exempt variable rate bond changes as a result of a reduction in federal and state income tax rates. Should the relationship between LIBOR and the underlying tax- exempt variable rate bonds converge the City is exposed to this basis risk.

Termination risk. The City may terminate if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The City will be exposed to variable rates if the counterparties to the swap contracts default or if the swap contracts are terminated. A termination of the swap contracts may also result in the City's making or receiving a termination payment based on market interest rates at the time of the termination. If at the time of termination the swaps have a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Hedging Activities - Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable Swap Agreements, Continued

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2021, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding fixed rate 2005 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, are as follows. The 2005B-2 Bond is not included in the table, because the swap is not effective until August 1, 2023. As rates vary, net swap payments will vary.

2005 Taxable Pension Funding Bonds

For the Years	Variable-	Rate Bonds	Interest Rate	
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Swap, Net (A)	Total
2023	11,593,000	654,606	241,325	12,488,931
2024	6,306,000	7,051,185	17,709	13,374,894
2025	6,466,000	8,901,468	-	15,367,468
2026	6,687,000	8,421,992	-	15,108,992
2027	8,162,000	7,858,540	-	16,020,540
2028-2032	54,137,000	28,692,562	-	82,829,562
2033-2035	52,516,000	4,799,491		57,315,491
Total	\$ 145,867,000	\$ 66,379,844	\$ 259,034	\$ 212,505,878

⁽A) Includes only the 2005 B-1, because the 2005 B-2 is not effective until August 1, 2023.

Loans Payable

Loans payable from direct borrowing at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

City Loans Payable	
California Energy Commission Loan #1	\$ 200,128
California Energy Commission Loan #2	 687,494
	\$ 887,622

California Energy Commission Phase 1 - Original Amount \$621,558

On April 22, 2013, the City entered into a direct borrowing loan agreement with the California Energy Commission in the amount of \$621,558. The purpose of the loan is to provide funding for the replacement of street lighting with new LED lights. The loan bears a 3% interest rate and is due in semi-annual payments in December and June through December 2025.

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

California Energy Commission Phase 1 - Original Amount \$621,558, Continued

The annual debt service requirements on the loan are as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 55,071	\$ 5,595	\$ 60,666
2024	56,725	3,940	60,665
2025	58,449	2,216	60,665
2026	29,883	 449	 30,332
Total	\$ 200,128	\$ 12,200	\$ 212,328

California Energy Commission Phase 2 - Original Amount \$1,239,036

During fiscal year 2015, the City entered into a direct borrowing loan agreement with the California Energy Commission in the amount of \$1,239,036. The purpose of the loan is to provide funding for the replacement of street lighting with new LED lights. The loan bears interest at 1% and is due in semi-annual payments in December and June through June 2030.

The annual debt service requirements on the loan are as follows:

	For the Years						
_	Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		Total	
	2023	\$	82,969	\$	6,669		89,638
	2024		83,786		5,852		89,638
	2025		84,641		4,997		89,638
	2026		85,490		4,148		89,638
	2027		86,347		3,291		89,638
	2028-2030		264,261		4,652		268,913
	Total	\$	687,494	\$	29,609	\$	717,103

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Financed Purchases

Financed purchases payable from direct borrowing at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Qualified Energy Conservation	\$ 327,928
JPFA Recovery Zone Economic Development	372,049
Holman Capital Corporation #4	201,465
Street Light	1,943,666
Holman Capital Corporation #5	1,736,079
Total	\$ 4,581,187

Qualified Energy Conservation - Original Amount \$1,052,526

On December 22, 2010 the City entered into a direct borrowing financed purchase with Bank of America in the amount of \$1,052,526 to finance the purchase and installation of energy conservation equipment at various City-owned buildings. The City received an allocation of the national Qualified Energy Conservation Bond which includes a direct subsidy from the United States Treasury for the interest payable on the bonds under the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act (HIRE Act). The subsidy will be payable on or about the date that the City makes its debt service payments and is equal to 59.79% of the interest payable on the purchase. The subsidy received in fiscal year 2019 was \$23,026. The purchase bears interest at a rate of 6.79% and principal and interest payments are due semi-annually each June 15 and December 15 commencing on December 15, 2011 through June 15, 2026.

The annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase are as follows:

For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
Entuning June 30,	 Тппстрат	 mieresi	 10141
2023	\$ 78,678	\$ 20,940	\$ 99,618
2024	80,841	15,561	96,402
2025	83,063	10,035	93,098
2026	85,346	 4,356	 89,702
Total	\$ 327,928	\$ 50,892	\$ 378,820

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Recovery Zone Economic Development - Original Amount \$1,316,000

On December 22, 2010 the Authority entered into a direct borrowing financed purchase with Bank of America in the amount of \$1,316,000 to finance the improvements to three of the City's fire stations and a senior center. The City agreed to use the three fire stations to the Authority in exchange for payments in the amount of the debt. The Authority received the proceeds under an allocation of the National Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, which includes a direct subsidy from the United States Treasury for the interest payable on the Bonds. The subsidy will be payable on or about the date that the Authority makes its debt service payments and is equal to 45% of the interest payable on the lease upon filing of a request by the Authority. The total subsidy received in fiscal year 2019 was \$19,824. The lease bears interest at a rate of 6.50% and principal and interest payments on the lease are due semi-annually each June 15 and December 15, commencing on June 15, 2011, through 2026.

The annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase are as follows:

For the Years					
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total	
2023	\$ 101,634	\$	22,546	\$	124,180
2024	105,300		15,881		121,181
2025	109,098		8,975		118,073
2026	56,017		1,821		57,838
Total	\$ 372,049	\$	49,223	\$	421,272

Holman Capital Corporation #4 - West Contra Costa Family Justice Center - Original Amount \$2,000,000

On November 1, 2012 the City entered into a direct borrowing financed purchase agreement with Holman Capital Corporation in the amount of \$2,000,000 to finance improvements to the City's West Contra Costa Family Justice Center. The purchase bears an interest rate of 3.17%. Principal and interest payments on the purchase are due semi-annually on each July 14 and January 14 commencing on July 14, 2013 through January 14, 2023.

The annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase are as follows:

For the Years						
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	201,465	\$	4,565	\$	206,030
Total	\$	201,465	\$	4,565	\$	206,030

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Street Light - Original Amount \$4,641,936

On July 31, 2013 the City entered into a direct borrowing financed purchase agreement with Bank of America in the amount of \$4,641,936 to finance the purchase of streetlights and the associated upgrade costs. The purchase bears an interest rate of 2.55%. Principal and interest payments on the purchase are due semi-annually on each October 30 and April 30 commencing on April 30, 2014 through October 30, 2026.

The annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase are as follows:

For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total
2023	\$ 431,386	\$ 46,864	\$ 478,250
2024	453,254	35,726	488,980
2025	476,005	24,025	500,030
2026	499,675	11,738	511,413
2027	83,346	1,063	84,409
Total	\$ 1,943,666	\$ 119,416	\$ 2,063,082

Holman Capital Corporation #5 - Fire Apparatus Equipment Lease - Original Amount \$2,687,645

On May 17, 2018 the City entered into a direct borrowing financed purchase agreement with Holman Capital Corporation in the amount of \$2,687,645 to finance the purchase of one Spartan Ladder Truck and two Spartan Pumper Trucks, which are pledged as collateral for the purchase. The purchase bears an interest rate of 3.91%. Principal and interest payments on the purchase are due quarterly on each August 17, November 17, February 17, and May 17 commencing on August 17, 2018 through May 17, 2028.

The annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase are as follows:

For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 261,946	\$ 64,071	\$ 326,017
2024	272,341	53,678	326,019
2025	283,146	42,872	326,018
2026	294,381	31,638	326,019
2027	306,061	19,958	326,019
2028	318,204	7,814	326,018
Total	\$ 1,736,079	\$ 220,031	\$ 1,956,110

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Lease Liability (Dicon Fiberoptics)

On 01/01/2020, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessee for the use of Dicon Fiberoptics and the lease end date was on 12/31/2024.. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,690,415.64 on 07/01/2021. As of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,852,956. Richmond, CA is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$152,298.00, with step payment increase to \$156,735 from 01/01/2022 - 12/31/2022 and 3% annual increase from 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2024. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3160%.

At June 30, 2022, the aggregate maturities of the governmental lease liability were as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,896,420	\$ 12,613	\$ 1,909,033
2024	1,959,774	6,529	1,966,303
2025	 996,762	919	 997,681
Total	\$ 4,852,956	\$ 20,061	\$ 4,873,017

B. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of long-term debt of business-type activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance at July 1, 2021 as restated	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year	Due in More than One Year
Bonds payable Notes and loans payable	\$151,490,785	\$ -	\$ (7,961,659) (A)	\$143,529,126	\$ 6,870,000	\$ 136,659,126
from direct borrowing	3,338,388	11,992,567 (B)	(101,656)	15,229,299	106,231	15,123,068
Lease liability	1,172,173	-	(357,428)	814,745	252,838	561,907
Total	\$154,829,173	\$ 11,992,567	\$ (8,420,743)	\$159,573,170	\$ 7,229,069	\$ 152,344,101

⁽A) Retirements of bonds payable include principal retirements in the amount of \$6,580,000 and amortization of bond premiums and discounts in the amount of \$1,381,659.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

2019B Point Potrero Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 9,112,946
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	33,322,756
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2019A	24,971,969
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2019B	76,121,455
Total	\$ 143,529,126

⁽B) California State Loan drawdown

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Point Potrero Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B - Original Issue (\$20,580,000)

The Series 2019B Bonds are being issued to: (i) defease and redeem on a current basis all of the Authority's \$26,830,000 outstanding Point Potrero Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and (ii) pay certain costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2019B Bonds. The Series 2019B Bonds are payable solely from, and secured solely by, Revenues of the Authority, consisting primarily of Base Rental Payments to be received by the Authority from the City under a Facility Lease, dated as of August 1, 2019, by and between the City of Richmond and the Authority, for the right to use and the possession of certain real property and facilities, consisting of Wharves No. 7 and 8 at the Point Potrero Marine Terminal of the Port of Richmond. The amount of the Base Rental Payments is calculated to be sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2019B Bonds when due. Interest on the Series 2019B Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 2019. The refunding resulted in an overall debt service savings of \$4,351,195. The net present value of the debt service savings is called an economic gain and amounted to \$4,177,680.

At June 30, 2022 the 2019B Bonds consisted of the following:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 8,330,000
Unamortized premium	782,946
Net	\$ 9,112,946

The annual debt service requirements on the 2019B Bonds are as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
2023 2024	\$ 4,270,000 4,060,000	\$ 416,500 203,000	\$ 4,686,500 4,263,000
Total	\$ 8,330,000	\$ 619,500	\$ 8,949,500

Richmond Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A - Original Issue \$33,530,000

On July 19, 2017 the City issued Series 2017A Wastewater Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$33,530,000. The proceeds from the Bonds were used to finance improvements to the City's wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system and to refund all of the City's outstanding Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A. Principal payments are due annually on August 1. Interest rates on the Bonds range from 2% to 5.25% and payments are due semiannually on August 1 and February 1 beginning February 1, 2018. The bonds mature on August 1, 2047.

At June 30, 2022 the Series 2017A Bonds consisted of:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 28,385,000
Unamortized premium	 4,937,756
Net	\$ 33,322,756

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Richmond Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A - Original Issue \$33,530,000, Continued

The annual debt service requirements on the 2017A Bonds are as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 1,430,000	\$ 1,432,350	2,862,350
2024	-	1,396,600	1,396,600
2025	-	1,396,600	1,396,600
2026	-	1,396,600	1,396,600
2027	-	1,396,600	1,396,600
2028-2032	-	6,983,000	6,983,000
2033-2037	-	6,983,000	6,983,000
2038-2042	4,080,000	6,799,250	10,879,250
2043-2047	18,545,000	3,667,550	22,212,550
2048	4,330,000	 113,663	4,443,663
Total	\$ 28,385,000	\$ 31,565,213	\$ 59,950,213

Richmond Wastewater Revenue Bond Series 2019A and Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B - Original Issue Series 2019A (\$22,510,000) and Series 2019B (\$66,075,000)

On June 26, 2019 the City issued Series 2019A Wastewater Revenue Bonds and the 2019B Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amounts of \$22,510,000 and \$66,075,000, respectively. The proceeds from the 2019A Bonds were used to finance improvements to the City's wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system. The proceeds from the 2019B Bonds were used to refund all of the City's outstanding Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A, and to partially refund and defease the City's outstanding Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B. The outstanding balance of the defeased 2010B Bonds was \$36,480,000 at June 30, 2019. Principal payments are due annually on August 1. Interest rates on the Bonds range from 3% to 5% and payments are due semiannually on August 1 and February 1 beginning February 1, 2020. The refunding resulted in an overall debt service savings of \$6,799,507. The net present value of the debt service savings is called an economic gain and amounted to \$4,738,022. The bonds mature on August 1, 2049.

At June 30, 2022 the Series 2019A Bonds consisted of:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 22,510,000
Unamortized premium	2,461,969
Net	\$ 24,971,969

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Richmond Wastewater Revenue Bond Series 2019A and Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B - Original Issue Series 2019A (\$22,510,000) and Series 2019B (\$66,075,000), Continued

The annual debt service requirements on the 2019A Bonds are as follows:

For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	-	\$ 973,900	 973,900
2024	-	973,900	973,900
2025	-	973,900	973,900
2026	-	973,900	973,900
2027	-	973,900	973,900
2028-2032	-	4,869,500	4,869,500
2033-2037	-	4,869,500	4,869,500
2038-2042	4,380,000	4,410,500	8,790,500
2043-2047	5,195,000	3,171,650	8,366,650
2048-2050	12,935,000	968,700	13,903,700
Total	\$ 22,510,000	\$ 23,159,350	\$ 45,669,350

At June 30, 2022 the Series 2019B Bonds consisted of:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 64,960,000
Unamortized premium	11,161,455
Net	\$ 76,121,455

The annual debt service requirements on the 2019B Bonds are as follows:

For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	1,170,000	\$ 2,961,850		4,131,850	
2024		2,815,000	2,862,225		5,677,225	
2025		2,930,000	2,718,600		5,648,600	
2026		3,050,000	2,569,100		5,619,100	
2027		3,175,000	2,413,475		5,588,475	
2028-2032		18,030,000	9,490,500		27,520,500	
2033-2037		22,055,000	4,582,075		26,637,075	
2038-2041		11,735,000	648,725		12,383,725	
Total	\$	64,960,000	\$ 28,246,550	\$	93,206,550	

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Pledge of Wastewater Revenues

The City has pledged future wastewater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the 2017A, 2019A and 2019B Bonds through 2050. The Municipal Sewer Enterprise Fund's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$198,823,112. The Municipal Sewer Enterprise Fund's principal and interest paid for the current year, and total customer net revenues were \$7,975,100 and \$17,402,899, respectively.

Notes and Loans Payable - Direct Borrowing

Notes and loans payable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

California Department of Boating and Waterways	\$ 2,235,202
RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. Promissory Note	700,000
Contra Costa County Ioan payable	301,530
California State Loan	11,992,567
Total	\$ 15,229,299

The City has four direct borrowing loan agreements with the California Department of Boating and Waterways for total borrowings of \$3,772,278. Proceeds from the loans were used to finance marina construction projects. The loans bear interest at rates ranging from 4.5% to 7.9% and are due in annual installments through August 2042. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$2,235,202.

The annual debt service requirements on these loans are as follows:

For the Years					
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 106,231	\$ 100,584	\$	206,815	
2024	111,011	95,804		206,815	
2025	116,007	90,808		206,815	
2026	121,227	85,588		206,815	
2027	126,682	80,133		206,815	
2028-2032	724,204	309,846		1,034,050	
2033-2037	584,762	153,273		738,035	
2038-2042	341,084	32,894		373,978	
2043	3,994	180		4,174	
Total	\$ 2,235,202	\$ 949,110	\$	3,184,312	

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

RHA RAD Housing Partners, LP Promissory Note

On December 17, 2014, the Housing Authority's Component Unit, RHA Housing Corporation, entered into an agreement with the City and promised to pay the City a principal amount of \$700,000, plus accrued interest. The proceeds of the Note were then loaned from RHA Housing Corporation to the Housing Authority to finance acquisitions and development of the properties undergoing rehabilitation work in conjunction with a RAD conversion (Friendship Manor/Triangle Court). On December 22, 2015, the official closing of the RAD conversion took place, at which time the Note was assigned to a newly created entity, RHA RAD Housing Partners, L.P. The Note payable to the City was assigned from RHA Corporation to RHA RAD Housing Partners, L.P. along with a note receivable from the Housing Authority. The principle balance shall bear 1% simple interest. The term of the Note shall expire fifty-five years after. The balance of the promissory note at June 30, 2019 was \$700,000.

In fiscal year 2015, the City had advanced the \$700,000 to the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund, however, in fiscal year 2016 that loan was assigned to RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. as discussed in Note 4. Therefore, the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund now owes this amount to RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. and the interfund advance was converted to long-term debt in fiscal year 2016. The repayment schedule is not available.

Contra Costa County Loan Payable

On December 1, 2019, the Richmond Housing Authority entered into a loan agreement with the County of Contra Costa in the amount of \$401,523 to assist in the repair of the elevators at Nevin Plaza which is a 142 unit public housing development for senior and disabled residents. The loan repayment is deferred for 20 years unless a transfer or default occurs prior to the 20 years term. The loan bear no interest. The repayment schedule is not available.

California State Loan

Based on resolution Nos. 2019-0031 and 2019-0064, the City Council approved the California State Loan agreement between the City of Richmond and the California State Water Resources Control Board for a \$50 million loan for the Water Resource Recovery Facility Project. The principal is paid over 30 years and the applicable interest rate was set at 1.4%. As of June 30, 2022, the City had partially drawn down the loan and had an outstanding principal balance of \$11,992,567.

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

California State Loan, Continued

The annual debt service requirements on the loan is as follows:

For the Years				
Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total	
2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
2024	-	-		-
2025	313,713	167,896		481,609
2026	332,241	163,504		495,745
2027	333,780	158,853		492,633
2028-2032	1,740,317	722,847		2,463,164
2033-2037	1,865,598	597,566		2,463,164
2038-2042	1,999,899	463,266		2,463,164
2043-2047	2,143,866	319,298		2,463,164
2048-2052	2,298,198	164,966		2,463,164
2053-2054	964,954	20,311		985,265
Total	\$ 11,992,567	\$ 2,778,505	\$	14,771,072

Lease Liability (West County Wastewater District)

On 01/01/2010, Richmond, CA entered into a lease as Lessee for the use of West County Wastewater District and the lease end date was on 12/31/2025. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,172,173 on 07/01/2021. As of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$814,745. Richmond, CA is required to make annually fixed payments of \$153,000, with 3% annual increase from 01/01/2013 – 12/31/2017 and 6% annual increase from 01/01/2018 to 12/31/2025. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%.

At June 30, 2022, the aggregate maturities of the governmental lease liability were as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 252,838	\$ 8,628	\$ 261,466
2024	271,203	5,951	277,154
2025	290,704	3,079	293,783
Total	\$ 814,745	\$ 17,658	\$ 832,403

C. Events of Default, Termination Events and Subjective Acceleration Clauses

Below is a summary of certain events of default and termination events with finance related consequences, along with the subjective acceleration clauses, as applicable, for all of the City's outstanding long-term debt obligations. Each agreement may contain additional events of default, termination events or other subjective acceleration clauses.

	Events of default with finance-related consequences	Termination events with finance-related consequences	Subjective acceleration clauses
Governmental Activities			
Bonds Payable			
Pension Obligation Bonds - 1999 Series A	(A)	N/A	(A)
Pension Funding Bond Series 2005 (Direct Placement)	(A)	N/A	(A)
JPFA Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds - 2009	(B)	(B)	N/A
JPFA Lease Revenue Bonds - 2016	(B)	(B)	N/A
JPFA Lease Revenue Bonds - 2019	(B)	(B)	N/A
Loans Payable			
California Energy Commission Loan #1	(C)	(C)	(C)
California Energy Commission Loan #2	(C)	(C)	(C)
California State Loan	(L)	(L)	(L)
Capital Leases			
Qualified Energy Conservation Lease	(D)	(D)	N/A
JPFA Recovery Zone Economic Development Lease	(E)	(E)	N/A
Holman Capital Corporation Lease #4	(F)	(F)	N/A
Street Light Capital Lease	(G)	(G)	N/A
Holman Capital Corporation Lease #5	(H)	(H)	N/A
Business-Type Activities			
Bonds Payable			
2019B Point Potrero Lease Revenue Bonds	(B)	(B)	N/A
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	(A)	N/A	(A)
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2019A	(I)	N/A	(I)
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2019B	(I)	N/A	(I)
Notes and Loans Payable			
California Department of Boating and Waterways	(J)	(J)	(J)
RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. Promissory Note	(K)	(K)	(K)

- (A) If the City fails to pay debt service when due, the delinquent principal and interest is due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable.
- (B) If the City fails to pay rental payable when due or the Authority fails to pay debt service when due, the delinquent principal and interest is due and payable immediately. In the event of default, the Authority has the option to exercise the right of entry and re-entry upon the leased property, including the right to re-lease the property if the City does not pay the delinquent rent.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

C. Events of Default, Termination Events and Subjective Acceleration Clauses, Continued

- (C) Events of default include the failure to comply with any of the terms in the loan agreement, failure to pay principal or interest when due, failure of the City to undertake in a timely way the activities for which said Loan Agreement was executed, failure of the City to obtain prior written Commission approval before undertaking a change in the scope of the activities for which said Loan Agreement was executed, or the City becoming insolvent or bankrupt. On the occurrence of any event of default, the Commission may declare all or any portion of the principal and accrued interest on the loan to be immediately due and payable. If the City fails to comply with the terms of the loan agreement, the Commission may declare the agreement to have been breached and be released from any further performance.
- (D) Events of default include: (a) Failure to (i) pay any rental payment or other payment required to be paid under the agreement within 10 days after the date when due or (ii) maintain insurance as required; (b) failure to observe and perform any covenant, condition or agreement for a period of 30 days after written notice; (c) any false, incorrect or misleading statements, representations or warranties made by the City pursuant to the agreement; (d) any default occurs under any other agreement for borrowing money, lease financing of property; (e) the City files becomes insolvent or files for bankruptcy. In the event of default, the lessor has the right to take various steps, including take possession of the equipment or accelerate the repayment of the principal and outstanding interest.
- (E) If the City fails to pay lease payments when due or observe other covenants in the lease agreement within thirty days of the written notice of the failure, the outstanding balances are due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable. In the event of default, the Authority has the option to exercise the right of entry and re-entry upon the leased property, including the right to re-lease the property if the City does not pay the delinquent lease payments.
- (F) If the City fails to pay lease payments when due or observe other covenants in the lease agreement within thirty days of the written notice of the failure, the outstanding balances are due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable.
- (G) If the City fails to pay lease payments when due or observe other covenants in the lease agreement, the outstanding balances are due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable. Upon events of default, the Energy Commission may terminate the Agreement upon five days written notice to the City.
- (H) If the City fails to pay lease payments when due or observe other covenants in the lease agreement within thirty days of the written notice of the failure, the outstanding balances are due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable. In the event of default, the Lessor has the option to exercise the right of entry and re-entry upon the leased property, including the right to re-lease the property if the City does not pay the delinquent lease payments.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

C. Events of Default, Termination Events and Subjective Acceleration Clauses, Continued

- (I) If the City fails to pay debt service when due, the delinquent principal and interest is due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable. In the event of default, the City is required to transfer all Net Revenues held by the City to the Trustee, except as noted in the Indenture of Trust.
- (J) If the City fails to pay debt service when due, the delinquent principal and interest is due and payable immediately. If the City files for reorganization under bankruptcy laws, the aggregate outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are immediately due and payable. In the event of default, the Department of Boating and Waterways has the option to declare all unperformed obligations immediately due and payable without further demand or notice to the City.
- (K) Events of default include the failure to repay the principal and any interest on the loan within ten days of receipt of written notice that such payment is due pursuant to the loan documents, breach of covenants included in the loan documents, or becoming insolvent or bankrupt. In the event of default, the principal and accrued interest are immediately due and payable.
- (L) If the State Water Board Division determines that an event of default has occurred, the city may be required, upon demand, immediately to do each of the following: (1) Return to the State Water Board any grant or principal forgiveness amounts received pursuant to the agreement (2) Accelerate the payment of any principal owed under the agreement, all of which shall be immediately due and payable (3) Pay interest at the highest legal rate on all of the forgoing (4) Pay an additional payments. In addition, the Division may enforces its right under the agreement by any judicial proceeding, terminates the agreement, and receives reimbursement from the city.

D. Special Assessment Debt Without City Commitment

Special assessment districts have been established in various parts of the City to provide improvements to properties located in those districts. Properties in these districts are assessed for the cost of improvements; these assessments are payable solely by property owners over the term of the debt issued to finance these improvements. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties in these special assessment districts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these districts. At June 30, 2022, the balances of these Districts' outstanding debt were as follows:

Richmond JPFA Reassessment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Country Club Vista) \$4,530,000

E. Conduit Debt

The City has assisted private-sector entities by sponsoring their issuance of debt for purposes the City deems to be in the public interest. These debt issues are secured solely by the property financed by the debt. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties secured by these debts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these issuers. At June 30, 2022, the balance of this issuers' outstanding debt was as follows:

Richmond Community Foundation, Richmond Housing Rehabilitation

Program, Social Impact Bonds, Taxable Series 2015A

\$3,000,000

9. UNAVAILABLE AND UNEARNED REVENUE

At June 30, 2022, the following unavailable revenues were recorded in the Fund Financial Statements because the funds were not available to finance expenditures of the current period:

	Accounts						
	Loans		a	nd Grants			
	Receivable		F	Receivable	Total		
General Fund	\$	2,299,705	\$	4,599	\$	2,304,304	
Community Development and Loan							
Programs Special Revenue Fund		18,811,473		166,431		18,977,904	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		779,013		9,784,824		10,563,837	
Total	\$	21,890,191	\$	9,955,854	\$	31,846,045	

At June 30, 2022, the following unearned revenues were recorded in the City-wide financial statements on the Statement of Net Position:

	Developer						
	Pr	epaid Rent	Fe	ees & Other		Total	
General Fund	\$	3,052,511	\$	7,066,194	\$	10,118,705	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		2,432,668		15,647,526		18,080,194	
Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund		-		1,814,047		1,814,047	
Port of Richmond Enterprise Fund		-		531,906		531,906	
Municipal Sewer Enterprise Fund		-		36,280		36,280	
Storm Sewer Fund				591,867		591,867	
Total	\$	5,485,179	\$	25,687,820	\$	31,172,999	

10. FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

A. Fund Balance Classification

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances, as of June 30, 2022, are below:

Fund Balance Classifications		General Fund	Community Development and Loan Program Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
		Tuna	<u>Louis Frogram Fund</u>	Turks		10101
Nonspendable: Items not in spendable form:						
Prepaids, supplies and other assets	\$	767,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$	767,700
Loans receivable	Ψ	700,000	φ -	φ -	Ψ	700,000
Advances to other funds		12,774,486	-	-		12,774,486
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances		14,242,186	-			14,242,186
Restricted for:						
Street Improvement Projects		-	-	6,375,485		6,375,485
Public Safety Grant Programs (Police and Fire)		-	-	307,321		307,321
Lighting and Landscaping		-	-	1,477,848		1,477,848
Housing and Community Development		-	31,426,991	1,371,153		32,798,144
Debt Service		-	-	12,760,459		12,760,459
Community Development Projects		-	-	28,757,235		28,757,235
Kids First Initiative		1,505,053	-	-		1,505,053
Employment and Training		-	-	1,115,860		1,115,860
Other Capital Projects			<u>-</u>	4,599,148		4,599,148
Total Restricted Fund Balances		1,505,053	31,426,991	56,764,509		89,696,553
Committed to:						
COVID-19		1,332,367	-	-		1,332,367
Appropriation Authority		2,051,086				2,051,086
Total Committed Fund Balances		3,383,453	-	-		3,383,453
Assigned to:						
Other Contracts		6,397,688		45,618		6,443,306
Total Assigned Fund Balances		6,397,688		45,618		6,443,306
Unassigned:						
General Fund		44,935,389	-	-		44,935,389
Other Governmental Fund Deficit Residuals		-		(1,375,327)		(1,375,327)
Total Unassigned Fund Balances		44,935,389		(1,375,327)		43,560,062
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	70,463,769	\$ 31,426,991	\$ 55,434,800	\$	157,325,560

10. FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION, Continued

B. Contingency Reserve Policy

In fiscal year 2016, the City Council updated the fund balance policy to require the City to maintain a year-end contingency reserve balance of a minimum of 15% of the next year's budgeted General Fund expenditures. This is the minimum needed to maintain the City's creditworthiness and to adequately provide for economic and legislative uncertainties, cash flow needs and contingencies. City Council approval is required before any cash can be withdrawn from the reserve fund. The Council shall have the discretion to use the reserve for one time emergencies only and not to be used for ongoing expenses. At the time of City Council approval of any use of reserves, a Stabilization Policy laying out the plans for restoration of reserves must be simultaneously put in place with the Council's approval. The City's cash reserve as of June 30, 2022, which is a component of unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, is \$44,935,389 which is approximately 21.75% of fiscal year 2022-23 budgeted General Fund expenditures (including transfers out). As the City experiences net revenue gains in future years, the cash balance must continue to be maintained at or above to 15% of total expenditures, following the stabilization policy, in order to allow the City to build up its capacity to handle future short term economic downturns or emergencies without cutting services.

C. Deficit Fund Balances and Accumulated Deficits

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had deficit fund balance or deficit net position, which will be eliminated by future revenues:

	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Paratransit Operations Fund	(18,294)
Civic Center Debt Service Fund	(1,357,033)
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Cable TV Fund	(1,607,428)
Internal Service Funds:	
Insurance Reserves Fund	(1,630,683)

D. Restatement of Net Position

During fiscal year 2022, the City continued to reconcile the activities of the Richmond Housing Authority. As a result, beginning net position in the Richmond Housing Authority Enterprise Fund has been restated to correct the note receivable that moves out from 4102 to 4502 (CU), reverse duplicate entry in FY2019 for Hacienda, reverse duplicate entries and accruals posted in prior years for Nevin Plaza, and reverse accruals for prior years for Nystrom Village. In addition, there was a prepaid adjustment for Municipal Sewer Fund due to the recording of West County Wastewater District Ground Lease.

10. FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION, Continued

D. Restatement of Net Position, Continued

For governmental activities, the adjustment is to correct prior year capital asset errors and clear out the old interest payable accounts that related to CDBG grant because the City had already settled all issues with HUD regarding Community Development and Loan Programs Fund. In addition, there is also an adjustment to record missing additional predevelopment construction loan previous year and remove duplicated loan, the error of which was found by confirming with Eden. For Equipment Services and Replacement Fund, the adjustment is to record three fire trucks contribution that missed in previous year.

		Governm	ent-v	wide								
		Financial S	tater	nents	Fund Statements							
						Community	E	quipment				
					Dev	elopment and	S	ervices and	1	Richmond		
	G	overnmental	Βι	usiness-type	Lo	an Programs	Re	eplacement	Hou	sing Authority	Muı	nicipal Sewer
		Activities		Activities		Fund Fu		Fund		Fund	Fund	
Net Position as previously												
reported at June 30, 2021	\$	(258,744,307)	\$	88,180,824	\$	31,215,036	\$	7,478,725	\$	19,575,538	\$	49,878,915
Prior Period Adjustments:												
Capital Contributions		2,459,651		-		-		2,459,651		-		-
Accounts Payable		49,026		-		49,026		-		-		-
Capital Assets		181,291		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaids				116,352		-		-		-		116,352
Accrued Expense		-		90,782		-		-		90,782		-
Loan/Note Receivable		133,814		(1,000,000)		133,814		-		(1,000,000)		-
Net Position as restated at												
June 30, 2021	\$	(255,920,525)	\$	87,387,958	\$	31,397,876	\$	9,938,376	\$	18,666,320	\$	49,995,267

11. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds incurred departmental expenditures in excess of appropriations.

	Excess of	f Expenditures
Fund/Department	over A _l	ppropriations
Paratransit Operations Fund		
General Government	\$	24,684
Community Development		12,016
Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation Fund		
Housing and development		15,345
General Debt Service Fund		
Interest and fiscal charges		565
Civic Center Debt Service Fund		
Interest and fiscal charges		8,997
Secured Pension Override Fund		
General Government		64,820
General Fund		
Principal		1,837,459
Interest and fiscal charges		5,487

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The following is a summary of the City's pension plan amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	(Deferred Outflow of		Net Pension		Deferred Inflow of		Pension
		Resources						
California Dublia Employagel Datinomant Cyatama		Resources	Liability		Resources		Expense	
California Public Employees' Retirement System:	ф	11166100	ф	5 0.0 2 4.4 5 0	ф	44.400.045	ф	(4.025.255)
Miscellaneous	\$	14,466,499	\$	70,026,659	\$	44,199,945	\$	(4,927,275)
Safety		21,675,674		143,819,610		53,053,747		3,930,621
Police and Firemen's Pension Plan		667,043		(2,218,075)		-		(72,469)
General Pension Plan		26,935		382,303		-		20,429
Garfield Pension Plan		6,111		64,202		-		4,019
Totals	\$	36,842,262	\$	212,074,699	\$	97,253,692	\$	(1,044,675)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans

I. General Information about the CalPERS Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

I. General Information about the CalPERS Pension Plan, Continued

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The City's employees hired on or before December 31, 2012 participate in the Miscellaneous Plan under the 2.7% @ 55 Benefit Formula or the Safety Plan under the 3.0% @ 50 (Police) or 3.0% @ 55 (Fire) Benefit Formula. The Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, is applicable to employees new to CalPERS and hired after December 31, 2012. The City's employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 participate under the Miscellaneous Plan 2.0% @ 62 Benefit Formula or the 2.7% @ 57 (Police and Fire) Benefit Formula.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous				
_	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
	_				
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.25%			
Required employer contribution rates	13.03%	13.03%			
Required UAL Contribution	\$ 10,7	92,736			

	Safety - Police	Safety - Fire	Safety - Police and Fire
-	Prior to	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 01, 2013
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.4% to 3.0%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%*	9.00%*	12.50%
Required employer contribution rates	21.83%	21.83%	21.83%
Required UAL Contribution		\$ 16,150,901	

^{*} Effective July 1, 2015, Safety (Police and Fire) employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 pay 3% of the employer's required contribution. Therefore, the required employer contribution rate is 18.83% and required employee contribution rate is 12%.

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

I. General Information about the CalPERS Pension Plan, Continued

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for each Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability (UAL). The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. In fiscal year 2022, the City started to prepay the unfunded liability on an annual basis. The City's required contributions for the unfunded liability in the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans were \$10,792,736 and \$16,150,901 respectively, as noted in the tables above.

Employees Covered – As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation date and the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscella	aneous	Safety			
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021		
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	976	976	532	532		
not yet receiving benefits	553	553	86	86		
Active employees	428	428	232	232		
Total	1,957	1,957	850	850		

As of June 30, 2022, the City had 413 active employees in the Miscellaneous Plan and 220 active employees in the Safety Plan.

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Contributions for the measurement period were \$14,438,844 for the Miscellaneous Plan and \$21,315,231 for the Safety Plan.

II. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

II. Net Pension Liability, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020 total pension liability. The June 30, 2021 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Miscellaneous (1)	Safety (1)
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality (1)	Derived using CalPERS' membership	Derived using CalPERS' membership data
	data for all funds	for all funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA or 2.50% until	Contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing
	Purchasing Power ProtectionAllowance	Power ProtectionAllowance floor on
	floor on purchasing power applies,	purchasing power applies, 2.50%
	2.50% thereafter	thereafter

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of a December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for each Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all plans in the PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

II. Net Pension Liability, Continued

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class (a)	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(b)	Real Return Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

⁽a) In the CalPERS ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

⁽c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

II. Net Pension Liability, Continued

The changes in the Net Pension Liability as of the June 30, 2021 Measurement Date for each Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:			Incı	ease (Decrease)			
	Т	otal Pension		lan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability		Net Position	Lia	ability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	\$	513,389,020	\$	378,751,581	\$	134,637,439	
Changes in the year:							
Service cost		6,902,037		-		6,902,037	
Interest on the total pension liability		35,423,024		-		35,423,024	
Differences between actual and							
expected experience		(6,412,719)		-		(6,412,719)	
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-	
Net Plan to plan resource movement		-		(4,882)		4,882	
Contribution - employer		-		14,612,575		(14,612,575)	
Contribution - employees		-		2,657,439		(2,657,439)	
Net investment income		-		83,636,340		(83,636,340)	
Administrative expenses		-		(378,350)		378,350	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(30,000,846)		(30,000,846)		-	
Net changes		5,911,496		70,522,276		(64,610,780)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Measurement Date	\$	519,300,516	\$	449,273,857	\$	70,026,659	
Safety Plan:	ety Plan:		Increase (Decrease)				
	T	otal Pension Liability		lan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension ability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	\$	693,601,610	\$	476,652,329	\$	216,949,281	
Changes in the year:	-						
Service cost		10,261,858		-		10,261,858	
Interest on the total pension liability		48,387,109		-		48,387,109	
Differences between actual and							
expected experience		(1,211,011)				(1 211 011)	
Changes in assumptions		(1/211/011)		-		(1,211,011)	
Changes in assumptions		(1/211/011)		-		(1,211,011)	
				- - 4,881		(4,881)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer		(1/211/011) - -		4,881 21,598,699		-	
Net Plan to plan resource movement		- - - -		•		(4,881) (21,598,699)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer		- - - -		21,598,699		(4,881)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income		- - - - -		21,598,699 4,314,111		(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income Administrative expenses		- - - - -		21,598,699 4,314,111 105,126,083		(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111) (105,126,083)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income		(41,557,485)		21,598,699 4,314,111 105,126,083		(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111) (105,126,083)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of		- - - -		21,598,699 4,314,111 105,126,083 (476,147)		(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111) (105,126,083)	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	- - - - - (41,557,485)	\$	21,598,699 4,314,111 105,126,083 (476,147) (41,557,485)	\$	(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111) (105,126,083) 476,147	
Net Plan to plan resource movement Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net changes		(41,557,485) 15,880,471	\$	21,598,699 4,314,111 105,126,083 (476,147) (41,557,485) 89,010,142	\$	(4,881) (21,598,699) (4,314,111) (105,126,083) 476,147	

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

II. Net Pension Liability, Continued

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	N	liscellaneous	Safety			
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.15% 131,394,862	\$ 6.15% 233,843,437			
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.15% 70,026,659	\$ 7.15% 143,819,610			
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.15% 18,770,435	\$ 8.15% 69,519,153			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

IV. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of (\$996,654). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan	Deferred Outflows of Resources		D	eferred Inflows of Resources
		- Tresources		or resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	14,466,499	\$	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		-		(3,246,832)
Changes of Assumptions		-		-
Net Differences between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		_		(40,953,113)
Total	\$	14,466,499	\$	(44,199,945)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plans, Continued

IV. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

Safety Plan	 erred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 21,603,382	\$			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	72,292		(1,745,773)		
Changes of Assumptions	-		-		
Net Differences between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	 		(51,307,974)		
Total	\$ 21,675,674	\$	(53,053,747)		
Total Both Plans	\$ 36,142,173	\$	(97,253,692)		

\$36,069,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual Amortization							
June 30,	N	Miscellaneous Safety		Safety		Total		
2022	\$	(13,560,892)	\$	(13,841,434)	\$	(27,402,326)		
2023		(9,403,843)		(12,390,872)		(21,794,715)		
2024		(9,822,002)		(12,418,782)		(22,240,784)		
2025		(11,413,208)		(14,330,367)		(25,743,575)		
Thereafter								
Total	\$	(44,199,945)	\$	(52,981,455)	\$	(97,181,400)		

B. Other City Pension Plans

I. Plan Descriptions and Funding Policies

The City administers three single-employer pension plans which are funded entirely by City contributions. These are the General Pension Plan, Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, and Garfield Pension Plan (collectively, the "Plans"). The General Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan, covers ten former City employees (or their beneficiaries) not covered by CalPERS, all of whom have retired. The Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan, covers twenty-seven retired police and fire personnel (or their beneficiaries) employed prior to October 1964. The Garfield Pension Plan is a defined benefit pension plan established for a retired police chief. The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits based on the employee's years of service, age and final compensation. Benefit provisions for the Plans are established by City Ordinance. No separate financial statements are issued for the Plans.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

I. Plan Descriptions and Funding Policies, Continued

The City established the Secured Pension Override Special Revenue Fund to which proceeds of a special incremental property tax levy voted by the citizens of the City of Richmond are credited for the payment of benefits under the City's pension plans. The incremental property tax revenue received for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$10,609,053 and the City used the funds to pay General Pension Plan contributions of \$64,820.

Police and Firemen's Pension Plan – Funding for the Plan is provided from the Secured Pension Override Special Revenue Fund. Employees were vested after five years of service. Members of the Plan are allowed normal retirement benefits after 25 or more continuous years of service. The City is required under its charter to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the Plan using the entry agenormal actuarial method as specified by Ordinance. Management of the Plan is vested in the Pension Board which consists of seven members: the Mayor, City Manager, Director of Finance, two members appointed by the Mayor, with the concurrence of four members of the City Council, each of whom shall be and remain a resident of the City in order to be a member of the Board and serve a term of five years, one representative of the Police Department and one representative of the Fire Department.

The Plan is closed to new members. Retirement benefits for Plan members are calculated as one-half of the annual salary attached to the rank or position held by the retiree one year prior to the date of retirement. Surviving spouses receive 100% of the retiree's pension. Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustments are an increase each year for changes in the salary attached to the retiree's rank in the year before retirement.

General Pension Plan – Retirement and other benefits are paid from the assets of the Plan and from related investment earnings. The City is required under its charter to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the Plan using the entry age-normal actuarial method as specified by Ordinance. Management of the Plan is vested in the General Pension Board which consists of seven members: the Mayor, City Manager, Director of Finance, two members appointed by the Mayor, with the concurrence of five members of the City Council, each of whom shall be and remain a resident of the City in order to be a member of the Board and serve a term of five years, and two members to be elected every five years by secret ballot vote of the rank and file of Plan employees and of Plan employees who have retired and are receiving pensions from the Plan. Four members of the General Pension Board are to be concurred in by four members.

The Plan is closed to new members. Retirement benefits for Plan members are calculated as one-half of the average annual salary attached to the position held by the retiree during the three years prior to the date of retirement. Surviving spouses receive 100% of the retiree's pension. Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustments are an automatic increase of 2% per year. City Council may grant additional increases of up to 3% per year to bring the total increase in a given year to 5%.

Garfield Pension Plan – Retirement and other benefits are paid from the assets of the Plan and from related investment earnings. Plan provisions have been established and may be amended upon agreement between the City and Mr. Garfield. Management of the Plan is vested in the City Council.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

I. Plan Descriptions and Funding Policies, Continued

Mr. Garfield's pension and any continuation to his spouse receive the same cost-of-living increases as the City's police employees covered by CalPERS (CalPERS cost-of-living increases include a 2% per year increase, subject to CPI increase constraints, and purchasing power protection through the CalPERS Purchasing Power Protection Allowance). Mr. Garfield's surviving spouse receives 50% of the retiree's pension.

II. Significant Accounting Policies

City contributions for all plans are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Administrative costs for all plans, except the investment management fees of the Police and Fireman's Pension Plan, are paid by the City's General Fund. The investment management fees are financed through investment earnings. Assets are valued at fair value based on available market information obtained from independent sources.

III. Pension Plan Assets

At June 30, 2022 the pension plans reported assets available for benefits as shown below. For actuarial purposes, the value of the Plans' assets were determined to be fair value.

City of Richmond Investment Pool	\$ 1,146,556
Local Agency Investment Fund (Garfield Plan)	184,164
Wellington Trust Company Mutual Fund (Police and Firemen's Plan)	10,001,639
Interest receivable	 866
Assets available for benefits at June 30, 2022	\$ 11,333,225

The Wellington Trust Company Fund investments, classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using the market approach, which uses prices and other information generated from market transactions, which typically includes securities priced with unadjusted market quotes, evaluated bids, market multiples, and trade information, and also generally includes short term securities valued at amortized cost which approximates market value. The City of Richmond Investment Pool and the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are not subject to the fair value hierarchy. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

III. Pension Plan Assets, Continued

Investment Policies

The General Pension and Police and Firemen's Pension Plans' policies in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by Resolution of the respective Boards. The Plans allow investments in the following:

- (a) In investments which are authorized by General law for savings banks.
- (b) In investments other than those specified in subdivision (a) hereof, including, but not limited to, corporate bonds and securities, common stocks, preferred stocks, investments in real estate and investment trusts, provided that the total amount invested pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of funds invested pursuant to this section, and provided further that the following conditions are met:
 - (1) Any stocks or other corporate securities, in which funds are invested, except stocks of banks, insurance companies or mutual funds, shall be registered on a national securities exchange as provided by the Federal Securities Exchange Act.
 - (2) The total amount invested in common and preferred stocks shall not exceed at cost at the time of purchase twenty-five percent of the total amount invested pursuant to this section.
 - (3) The total amount invested in the common and preferred stocks of any one company shall not exceed at cost of the time of purchase two percent of the total amount invested pursuant to this section and shall not exceed five percent of the outstanding preferred or common stock of that company.
 - (4) No funds shall be invested in the common stocks of any company unless it has paid cash dividends on such stocks in eight of the ten years immediately preceding its purchase by the Board.
 - (5) No funds shall be invested in the stocks or other securities of any company other than a bank or insurance company unless it has assets of at least one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), or in the stocks or other securities of a bank or insurance company unless it has assets of at least fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000).
 - (6) The total amount invested in real estate and other than real estate owned by or leased to the City of Richmond, which amount may include land, buildings, land and buildings or real estate loans, shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total amount invested pursuant to this section and such investments shall be restricted to first trust deeds which are insured by the Federal Housing Administration or which are guaranteed by the Veterans Administration.

The Garfield Pension Plan does not have a separate investment policy, therefore it uses the City's investment policy.

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

III. Pension Plan Assets, Continued

Interest and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City invests in equities which may be drawn down as needed, subject to terms of the underlying trust agreement. The investments held in the Pension Trust Funds all mature in less than one year.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2022, the investments in the Pension Trust Funds were not rated.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, for the Police and Firemen's, General Pension and Garfield Pension Plans was -15.40%, 0.36% and -0.77%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

IV. Net Pension Liability of the Plans

The components of the net pension liability of the City for each of the Plans is the total pension liability, less each Plan's fiduciary net position.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for each plan as of June 30, 2022 was determined based on June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Police and Firemen's Ger		Garfield		
	Plan	Plan Pension Plan			
Discount rate, net of investment expenses	3.50%	1.00%	1.00%		
Expected return on plan assets	3.50%	1.00%	1.00%		
Inflation rate (short-term)	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%		
Inflation rate (long-term)	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%		
Cost-of-living increases	2% per year	5% per year	2% per year		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal		
Salary increases	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal		

Mortality rates were based on the California PERS Mortality Table in its 2017 experience study (based on CalPERS 1997-2015 experience).

Discount Rates. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for the Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, General Pension Plan and Garfield Pension Plan were 3.50%, 1.00%, and 1.00%, respectively, as of June 30, 2022 and 3.50%, 1.00%, and 1.00%, respectively, as of June 2021.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

IV. Net Pension Liability of the Plans, Continued

For the Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, based on the 5 previous years the City has on average contributed 97% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC). A sufficiency test was performed including: (1) expected benefit payments for all future years; (2) assuming that 96% of the ADC is contributed to the Plan in future years; (3) assuming that future contribution losses are amortized according to the Plan's funding policy; (4) using the Plan's assumed investment return before the projected asset depletion (if any); and (5) using a 20-year AA tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond index rate of 2.45% (using as a municipal bond rate source the Fidelity 20-Year General Obligation AA Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2022) after the projected asset depletion. Based on these parameters, plan assets are projected to be sufficient to pay all future benefits until a de minimis amount of estimated future benefits remain. Therefore, the Plan's long-term expected rate of return of 3.50% was used as the discount rate.

Based on the 5 previous years the City has on average contributed 78% and 113% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the General Pension Plan and Garfield Pension Plan, respectively. A sufficiency test was performed including: (1) expected benefit payments for all future years; (2) assuming that 74% of the ADC is contributed to the General Pension Plan and 100% of the ADC is contributed to the Garfield Pension Plan in future years; (3) assuming that future contribution losses are amortized according to the Plans' funding policies; (4) using the Plans' assumed investment return before the projected asset depletion (if any); and (5) using a 20-year AA tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond index rate of 2.45% (using as a municipal bond rate source the Fidelity 20-Year General Obligation AA Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2022) after the projected asset depletion. Based on these parameters, each of the Plan's assets are projected to be sufficient to pay all future benefits until a de minimis amount of estimated future benefits remain. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 1.00% was used as the discount rate for each of these Plans.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined for each Plan using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the portfolio long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage (or target allocation, if available) and by adding expected inflation (2.25%). All results are then rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point.

The best-estimate of expected future real rates of return were developed by aggregating data from several published capital market assumption surveys and deriving a single best-estimate based on the average survey values. These capital market assumptions reflect both historical market experience as well as diverse views regarding anticipated future returns. The expected inflation assumption was developed based on an analysis of historical experience blended with forward-looking expectations available in market data.

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

IV. Net Pension Liability of the Plans, Continued

Best estimates of geometric real and nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plans' asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized below:

Asset Class	Allocation at Long-Term Expected Asset Class Measurement Date Real Rate of Return		Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return
Police and Firemen's Plan:			
Domestic Equity	55%	3.66%	5.66%
International Equity	0%	4.26%	6.26%
Fixed Income	35%	-0.03%	1.97%
Real Estate and Alternatives	0%	3.38%	5.38%
Cash and Equivalents	10%	-0.97%	1.03%
Total	100%		4.19%
Reduced for assumed investment expense			-0.60%
Total (weighted avg, rounded to $1/4\%$)			3.50%
General Pension Plan:			
Domestic Equity	0%	3.66%	5.66%
International Equity	0%	4.26%	6.26%
Fixed Income	0%	-0.03%	1.97%
Real Estate and Alternatives	0%	3.38%	5.38%
Cash and Equivalents	100%	-0.97%	1.03%
Total	100%		0.99%
Reduced for assumed investment expense			0.00%
Total (weighted avg, rounded to $1/4\%$)			1.00%
Garfield Pension Plan:			
Domestic Equity	0%	3.66%	5.66%
International Equity	0%	4.26%	6.26%
Fixed Income	0%	-0.03%	1.97%
Real Estate and Alternatives	0%	3.38%	5.38%
Cash and Equivalents	100%	-0.97%	1.03%
Total	100%		0.99%
Reduced for assumed investment expense			0.00%
Total (weighted avg, rounded to $1/4\%$)			1.00%

Changes in Assumptions – There is no change in assumptions from the prior valuation for the plans.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

V. Changes in the Net Pension Liability of Each Plan

The net pension liability of each Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022 as follows:

Police and Firemen's Plan:	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	otal Pension		an Fiduciary		let Pension	
		Liability	N	let Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	8,672,774	\$	13,113,847	\$	(4,441,073)	
Changes in the year:							
Interest on the total pension liability		283,996		-		283,996	
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		-		-	
Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-	
Contribution - City		-		-		-	
Contribution - employer		-		-		-	
Contribution - employees		-		-		-	
Net investment income		-		(1,939,002)		1,939,002	
Benefit payments, including member contribution refunds		(1,117,194)		(1,117,194)			
Net changes		(833,198)		(3,056,196)		2,222,998	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	7,839,576	\$	10,057,651	\$	(2,218,075)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabi	lity					128.29%	
Canada Panaian Plan			Incre	asa (Decreasa)			
General Pension Plan:				ease (Decrease)	N.	lot Ponsion	
General Pension Plan:	To	otal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary		let Pension	
		otal Pension Liability	Pla N	an Fiduciary Vet Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	To	otal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary			
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year:		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Vet Position	Lial	715,046	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability		otal Pension Liability	Pla N	an Fiduciary Vet Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Vet Position	Lial	715,046	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026	Lial	715,046 16,222	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Vet Position	Lial	715,046	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City Contribution - employer		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026	Lial	715,046 16,222	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026	Lial	715,046 16,222 - (345,348)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City Contribution - employer		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	an Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026	Lial	715,046 16,222	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City Contribution - employer Contribution - employees		otal Pension Liability 1,808,072	Pla N	nn Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026 345,348	Lial	715,046 16,222 - (345,348)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income		tal Pension Liability 1,808,072 16,222 - - - -	Pla N	1,093,026 - - 345,348 - 3,617	Lial	715,046 16,222 - (345,348)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes in the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefit terms Contribution - City Contribution - employer Contribution - employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		16,222 - - - - (371,727)	Pla N	an Fiduciary Net Position 1,093,026 345,348 - 3,617 (371,727)	Lial	715,046 16,222 - (345,348) - (3,617)	

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

V. Changes in the Net Pension Liability of Each Plan

Garfield Pension Plan:		Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		1	Net Pension		
	Liability		Net Position		Lia	bility/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	320,914	\$	249,005	\$	71,909		
Changes in the year:								
Interest on the total pension liability		2,950		-		2,950		
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		-		-		
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-		
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		
Contributions - City		-		12,408		(12,408)		
Contribution - employees		-		-		-		
Net investment income		-		(1,751)		1,751		
Administrative expenses		-		-		-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(51,807)		(51,807)				
Net changes		(48,857)		(41,150)		(7,707)		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	272,057	\$	207,855	\$	64,202		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabil	lity					76.40%		
Total - Net Pension Liability	\$	9,564,200	\$	11,335,770	\$	(1,771,570)		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each of the Plans, calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Police and		General		Garfield	
	Firemen's Plan		Pension Plan		Pension Plan	
1% Decrease		2.50%		0.00%		0.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,788,405)	\$	446,704	\$	76,154
Current Discount Rate		3.50%		1.00%		1.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(2,218,075)	\$	382,303	\$	64,202
1% Increase		4.50%		2.00%		2.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(2,607,466)	\$	322,961	\$	53,153

VI. Actuarially Determined Contributions

As of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations used to calculate the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) for each Plan, the ADC's were determined using the entry-age normal cost method and the assumptions in Note 12B above.

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

VI. Actuarially Determined Contributions, Continued

For the Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, the City's contribution policy is to annually contribute an amount equal to (1) amortization of the unfunded liability as a level-dollar over a 10-year closed period as of July 1, 2013, plus (2) future gains and losses amortized over the same period, but not less than five years. Over the past five years, the City has contributed an average of 97% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

For the General Pension Plan, the City's contribution policy is to annually contribute an amount equal to (1) amortization of the unfunded liability as a level-dollar over a 6-year closed period as of July 1, 2013, plus (2) future gains and losses amortized over the same period, but not less than five years. Over the past five years, the City has contributed an average of 78% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

For the Garfield Pension Plan, the City's contribution policy is to annually contribute an amount equal to

(1) amortization of the unfunded liability as a level-dollar over a 7-year closed period as of July 1, 2013, plus (2) future gains and losses amortized over the same period, but not less than five years. Over the past five years, the City has contributed an average of 113% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

The Actuarially Determined Contribution and the actual contributions for each Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented below:

A ctuarially

ACU	uariany				
Determined		Amount		Percent	
Contribution		Contributed		Contributed	
\$	-	\$	-	n/a	
	345,348		345,348	100%	
	12,408		12,408	100%	
	Dete Cont	Contribution \$ 345,348	Determined Contribution Contribution \$ \$ \$	Determined Contribution Contributed \$ - \$ - 345,348 345,348	

VII. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense for each of the Plans as follows:

	I	Pension		
	E	Expense		
Police and Firemen's Plan	\$	(72,469)		
General Pension Plan		20,429		
Garfield Pension Plan		4,019		
Total	\$	(48,021)		

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

VII. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for these Plans from the following sources:

	erred Outflows of Resources	_	erred Inflows f Resources
Net Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	\$ 700,089	\$	-
Changes of Assumptions Plan Investments	-		-
Total	\$ 700,089	\$	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Annual
June 30,	An	nortization
2023	\$	78,717
2024		66,264
2025		77,085
2026		478,023
2027		-
Thereafter		-

VIII. Plan Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position for the Plans at June 30, 2022 follows:

	Police	and Firemen's				
	Pension		General Pension		Garf	ield Pension
ASSETS						
Pension plan cash and investments:						
City of Richmond Investment Pool	\$	53,324	\$	1,069,561	\$	23,671
Local Agency Investment Fund		-		-		184,164
Mutual Fund Investments		10,001,639		-		-
Accounts receivable		142	-	704		20
Total Assets		10,055,105		1,070,265		207,855
NET POSITION						
Restricted for employees' pension benefits	\$	10,055,105	\$	1,070,265	\$	207,855

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS, Continued

B. Other City Pension Plans, Continued

VIII. Plan Financial Statements, Continued

The Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

	Polic	e and Firemen's				
		Pension	General Pension		Garfield Pension	
ADDITIONS						
Net investment income:						
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of						
investments	\$	(2,097,001)	\$	502	\$	(2,382)
Interest income		235,257		3,116		631
Investment management fees		(77,258)		-		-
Contribution from the City				345,348		12,408
Total Additions		(1,939,002)		348,966		10,657
DEDUCTIONS						
Pension benefits		1,119,740		371,727		51,807
Total Deductions		1,119,740		371,727		51,807
Net Increase (Decrease)		(3,058,742)		(22,761)		(41,150)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS						
Beginning of year		13,113,847		1,093,026		249,005
End of year	\$	10,055,105	\$	1,070,265	\$	207,855

IX. PARS Defined Contribution Plan

Effective July 1, 2014, the City contracted with the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), to sponsor a Section PARS 457 FICA Alternative Retirement Plan created in accordance with IRC Sections 3121(b) (7) (F) and 457(b), which is a qualified defined contribution pension plan covering all eligible part-time, seasonal and temporary employees of the City on that date and hired thereafter.

The Plan requires these employees to contribute 6.2% and the City to contribute 1.3% of the employees pay plus administration costs. The City's required contributions of \$24,428 and the employees' required contributions of \$116,235 were made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The following is a summary of the City's OPEB amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Deferred	Net	Deferred	
	C	Outflow of	OPEB	Inflow of	OPEB
	I	Resources	Liability	Resources	 Expense
City OPEB Plan RPOA OPEB Plan	\$	3,329,463 887,842	\$ 75,832,771 8,690,758	\$ 36,102,539 13,147,503	\$ (12,463,645) 46,814
	\$	4,217,305	\$ 84,523,529	\$ 49,250,042	\$ (12,416,831)

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

Plan Description - In order to qualify for postemployment medical and dental benefits an employee must retire from the City and maintain enrollment in one of the City's eligible health plans. The City pays a portion of the CalPERS premiums for retirees and their dependents that vary by employment classification. In addition, the following eligibility rules and contribution requirements apply for future retirees, followed by current retirees. The City has two plans:

City OPEB Plan

The City is the Plan administrator, while PARS administers the investment trust. The City OPEB Plan does not issue separate financial statements. PARS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from Public Agency Retirement Services, 4350 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA, 92660.

RPOA OPEB Plan

The City of Richmond's Police Officers Association (RPOA) Plan was established during fiscal year 2019 and the RPOA OPEB Plan joined the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CALPERS, consisting of an aggregation of single-employer plans. RPOA members who were actively employed as of January 1, 2017 transferred from the City OPEB Plan to the RPOA OPEB Plan. The CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System, CERBT, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA 94229-2703.

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans, Continued

A summary of the City OPEB Plan provisions follows:

Plan Provisions for Future Retirees			
Classification	Eligibility (Age / Service Years)	Monthly Premium Paid by City Before/After Medicare Eligibility	Employee Monthly Contribution (1)
SEIU Local 1021	Service Retirement: 50/20, 51/18, 52/16, 53/14, 54/12, 55/10 Disability Retirement: any age/10 years service	Retiree only or surviving spouse: the lesser of \$435 and medical premium Retiree +1 or more: the lesser of \$567 and medical premium Plus PEMHCA Minimum Retired on or after 7/1/1995: Reimbursement allowed towards non-PERS plans	None
IFPTE, Miscellaneous Executive Management, City Council	Service Retirement: Same as SEIU	Retiree only or surviving spouse: the lesser of \$435 and medical premium Retiree +1 or more: the lesser of \$567 and medical premium Plus PEMHCA Minimum	Effective 1/1/2017: \$50 Effective 1/1/2018: \$100
Fire Local 188	35/15	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree / dependents/surviving spouse up to premium for coverage. Percentage is 90%, increased to 100% after 27 years of service. Total City contribution, excluding PEMHCA minimum, is capped at Kaiser non- Medicare eligible premium for coverage selected. Plus PEMHCA minimum	Effective 1/1/2017: \$200 Effective 1/1/2018: \$300 Effective 7/1/2019: \$400
Fire Management and Fire Executive Management	35/15	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse up to premium for coverage. Percentage is 80%, increased to 90% after 15 years of service and 100% after 25 years of service. Total City contribution, excluding PEMHCA minimum, is capped at Kaiser non-Medicare eligible premium for coverage selected. Plus PEMHCA minimum	Effective 1/1/2017: \$200 Effective 1/1/2018: \$300 Effective 7/1/2019: \$400
Police Widows	Death in line of duty	Full premium of medical, dental and vision	None
Police Management and Police Executive Management	50/20, 51/18, 52/16, 53/14, 54/12, 55/10 Service includes non City service Minimum 5 years City Service	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse up to Kaiser (1) (Pre Medicare) and 2nd highest premium plan (post Medicare). Percentage is 65% after 10 years of service, increased to 75% after 20 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service.	Effective 7/1/2017: \$300 Effective 7/1/2018: \$425 Effective 7/1/2019: \$525
Police Officers	10 years of service includes non- City service as a sworn member Minimum 5 years service with City Police Department	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) or percentage of cap minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increased to 90% after 14 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service.	None

⁽¹⁾ Prior to January 1, 2017, active Employees were not required to make monthly contributions.

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans, Continued

Plan Provisions for Current Retirees		
Classification	Subgroup	Monthly Premium Reimbursement Before/After Medicare Eligibility
SEIU Local 1021	Retired July 1, 2007 or later	Same as future retirees
	Retired prior to July 1, 2007	Same as future retirees, but caps are: Retiree only or surviving spouse: \$224/\$182 Retiree +1 or more: \$344/\$284
IFPTE, Miscellaneous Executive Management	Retired July 1, 2007 or later	Same as future retirees
	Retired November 5, 1999 to June 30, 2007	Same as future retirees, but caps are: Retiree only or surviving spouse: \$224/\$182 Retiree +1 or more: \$344/\$284
	Retired before November 5, 1999	Same as future retirees, but caps are: Retiree only or surviving spouse: \$124/\$82 Retiree +1 or more: \$244/\$184
Fire Local 188		Same as future retirees
Fire Management	Retire on or after 7/1/2006	Same as future retirees
		Eligible at 35/15 Same as future retirees, but caps are: Percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse up to Kaiser non-Medicare eligible premium for coverage selected. Percentage is 90%, increased to 100% after 27 years of service.

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans, Continued

Classification	Subgroup	Monthly Premium Reimbursement Before/After Medicare Eligibility
Richmond Police Officer Association (RPOA)	Retire on or after 1/17/2017	Percent of: medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum or (percent of cap) min dental and vision premiums but no more than \$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increased to 90% af 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service PEMHCA minimum
	Retire on or after 7/1/2008 but before 1/1/2017	Lesser of: percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse time medical, dental, and vision premium or percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse but no more than \$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increase to 90% after 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service PEMHCA minimum
	Retired between 7/1/2004 and 6/30/2008	Lesser of: percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse time medical premium or percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse but no more than \$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increased to 90% after 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service City also pays PEMHCA minimum. Reimbursement capped at \$614.
	Retired between 7/1/1997 and 6/30/2004	Lesser of: percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse time medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum or percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse but no more than \$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increase to 90% after 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service Plus PEMHCA Minimum: \$136 City also pays PEMHCA minimum. Reimbursement capped at \$550.
	Retired between 7/1/1994 and 6/30/1997	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse including dental and vision. Percentage is 65% for 10-19 years of service, increased to 75% after 20 years of service, and 100 after 27 years of service Premium paid for dental and vision. Plus PEMHCA minimum
	Retired before 7/1/1994	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse including dental and vision. Percentage is 65% for 10-19 years of service, increased to 75% after 20 years of service, and 100 after 27 years of service Reimbursement, excluding the PEMHCA minimum, capped at \$210 for single coverage and \$300 for 2-party coverage Premium paid for dental and vision. Plus PEMHCA minimum

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans, Continued

Plan Provisions for Current Retirees (Continued)	
Classification	Subgroup	Monthly Premium Reimbursement Before/After Medicare Eligibility
Police Management and Police Executive Management	Retired on or after 7/1/2008	Same as future retirees
	6/30/2008	Percentage of premium (medical premium minus PEMHCA minimum) for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse. Percentage is 65% for 10-19 years of service, increased to 75% after 20 years of service, and 100% after 27 years of service. Retired after 1/1/2007 - Reimbursement capped at Kaiser premium, excluding the PEMHCA minimum, for pre-Medicare and 2nd highest premium plan for post-Medicare for coverage selected Retired on or before 1/1/2007 - Reimbursement capped at 2nd highest premium plan, excluding the PEMHCA minimum, for coverage selected Retired on or after 7/1/1995: Reimbursement allowed towards non-PERS plans NOTE: PEMHCA is billed to employers for all CalPERS medical plans. if a member is not enrolled in a PERS plan the employer is not billed.

¹⁾ The City did provide medical premium benefits with single and 2-party caps for Police Management that retired prior to January 1, 1995, and as of June 30, 2020 there were two retirees receiving such benefits

A summary of the RPOA OPEB Plan provisions follows:

Plan Provisions for Future Retirees						
Classification	Eligibility (Age/Service Years)	Monthly Premium Paid by City Before/After Medicare Eligibility	Employee Monthly Contributions			
Richmond Police Officer Association (RPOA)	,	Lesser of: percentage of premium for retiree/ dependents/surviving spouse times medical	Effective 1/1/2017: \$150			
	, ,	premium or percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse but no more than	Effective 1/1/2018: \$225			
		\$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increased to	Effective 1/1/2019: \$250			
		90% after 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service	Effective 1/1/2020: \$275			
		Employer pays PEMHCA Minimum.	Effective 1/1/2021 \$300			

Plan Provisions for Current Retirees						
Classification	Eligibility (Age/Service Years)	Monthly Premium Paid by City Before/After Medicare Eligibility				
Richmond Police Officer Association (RPOA)		Lesser of: percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse times medical premium or percentage of premium for retiree/dependents/surviving spouse but no more than \$827 per month, minus dental and vision premiums. Percentage is 50% after 10 years of service, increased to 90% after 15 years of service, and 100% after 25 years of service Employer pays PEMHCA Minimum.				

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans, Continued

For retirees eligible to continue health benefits, but failing to meet the criterion in the tables above, the City pays the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum, which is \$149 in 2022.

City OPEB Plan Membership – As described above, Plan membership varies based on different employee bargaining groups. As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date, membership in the City OPEB Plan consisted of the following:

Active employees electing coverage	442
Active employees waiving coverage	31
Retiree and beneficiaries receiving benefits	631
Total	1,104

RPOA Plan Membership – As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date, membership in the RPOA OPEB Plan consisted of the following:

Active employees electing coverage	125
Active employees waiving coverage	5
Retiree and beneficiaries receiving benefits	20
Total	150

B. Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions

City OPEB Plan

Funding Policy – During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City joined the Public Agencies Post-Retirement Health Care Defined Benefit Plan, an agent multiple employer trust administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The balance in the City's PARS trust account as of June 30, 2022 was \$31,123,969.

The City's policy is to partially prefund these benefits by accumulating assets with PARS discussed above along with making pay-as-you-go payments pursuant to Resolution No. 52-06 of June 27, 2006. In July 2016, the City adopted an additional funding policy to place into the PARS trust half of any one-time revenues and half of any year-end surplus in excess of the City's minimum reserve policy (15%) in an effort to pay down the unfunded liability. The City did not make any additional transfers to the PARS Trust in fiscal year 2022.

B. Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

RPOA OPEB Plan

A new Richmond Police Officers Association (RPOA) contract was implemented on January 17, 2017. The new RPOA plan includes members who were actively employed as of the January 17, 2017 contract date. The RPOA members were transferred from the OPEB Plan to the new RPOA OPEB Plan during fiscal year 2022.

Funding Policy – The RPOA plan has assets designated for OPEB. These assets are invested in California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Strategy 2, which is a qualified irrevocable trust. Annual contributions by the City are made on an ad hoc basis as funds are available. Benefit payments are not expected to be made from the trust in the near future. The City currently pays the annual retiree benefit payments using its general assets plus the annual active member contributions.

The balance in the CERBT trust account was \$7,446,621 as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability for each plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City OPEB plan valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.00%
Inflation	2.50%
CPI Medical Care	3.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%
Index Rate for 20 year, tax exempt	3.69%
municipal bonds	
Mortality	Based on assumptions for Public Agency Miscellaneous, Police and Fire members
	published in the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Health - Not Medicare Eligible	6.70% for FY2022, gradually decreasing over several decades to an ultimate rate
	of 3.90% in FY2075 and later years
Health - Medicare Eligible	5.10% for 2020, 5.10% for 2021, 4.70% for 2022, 4.70% for 2023, 4.80% for 2024,
	4.90% for 2025, $5.00%$ for 2026-2038, and transitioning to ultimate rate of $3.9%$ in
	2075 and further years
Dental	To increase 3.25% annually
Vision	To increase 2.00% annually

B. Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

The RPOA OPEB Plan valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	5.75%
Inflation	2.50%
CPI Medical Care	3.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%
Index Rate for 20 year, tax exempt municipal bonds	3.69%
Mortality	Based on assumptions for Public Agency Miscellaneous, Police and Fire members
•	published in the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Health - Not Medicare Eligible	6.70% for FY2022, gradually decreasing over several decades to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in FY2075 and later years
	of 3.50 % In F12075 and later years
Health - Medicare Eligible	5.10% for 2020, 5.10% for 2021, 4.70% for 2022, 4.70% for 2023, 4.80% for 2024, 4.90% for 2025, 5.00% for 2026-2038, and transitioning to ultimate rate of 3.9% in 2075 and further years
Dental	To increase 3.25% annually
Vision	To increase 2.00% annually

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total City OPEB liability was 6.00% for the City OPEB Plan and 5.75% for the RPOA OPEB Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the City OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on City OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total City OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the liability discount rate be the single rate that reflects the following:

A. The long-term expected rate of return on City OPEB plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits, to the extent that (1) the City OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and (2) City OPEB plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return; and

B. Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

B. A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale), to the extent that the conditions in A. are not met. The municipal bond rate source used as of June 30, 2022 the Fidelity 20-Year General Obligation AA Municipal Bond Index.

Changes of assumptions since the prior actuarial valuation for the City OPEB Plan were:

- The long-term investment return assumption was changed from 5.75% to 6.00% based on updated capital market assumptions.
- The discount rate was changed from 5.75% to 6.00% based on updated expectations of long-term returns on trust assets and 20-year municipal bond rates.
- An underlying wage growth rate was changed from 2.75% to 3.00% per year based on a revised understanding of the CalPERS assumption.
- The CPI medical rate was changed from 3.75% to 3.50%
- The index rate for 20 year, tax exempt municipal bonds was changed from 1.92% to 3.69%
- The mortality assumption was changed from 2017 CalPERS Experience to 2021
- The Healthcare Cost Trend Rates were changed from 6.4% to 6.7% and the ultimate rate from 4% to 3.9%
- The dental rate was changed from 3.75% to 3.25% and the vision from 2.75% to 2%

City OPEB Plan

Rate of Return – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on City OPEB Trust Fund investments, net of City OPEB plan investment expense, for the City OPEB Plan was -13.92%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Investment Policy – PARS offers different investment portfolios as part of the investment vehicle. The City invests in the "Balanced/Moderately Aggressive Highmark PLUS" portfolio; the primary goal of the Highmark Plus portfolio is growth of principal and income. The major portions of the assets are invested in the equity securities and market fluctuations are expected. The portfolio is constructed to control risk through three layers of diversification as follows:

	Acceptable Range of
Asset Class	Asset Allocation
Equity	50-70%
Fixed income	30-50%
Cash	0-20%

Investments of the City OPEB Trust Fund at June 30, 2022 consisted of \$31,123,971 invested in mutual funds.

B. Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on City OPEB Plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of City OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The weighted asset class estimates are combined with the inflation and investment expense assumptions to produce the portfolio long-term expected rate of return. The target allocation for the City OPEB Plan's asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term	
		Expected Real	Expected Nominal	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return	
US equity-large cap	32.00%	4.42%	6.92%	
US equity-small/mid cap	15.00%	4.81%	7.31%	
International equity	7.00%	4.91%	7.41%	
Emerging market equity	4.00%	5.58%	8.08%	
REITs	2.00%	3.98%	6.48%	
Core fixed income	33.75%	1.00%	3.50%	
High yield fixed income	1.25%	2.75%	5.25%	
Cash and equivalents	5.00%	-0.33%	2.17%	
Total	100.00%		6.09%	
Reduction for assumed investment	expense		-0.33%	
Net assumed investment return (ro	und to 1/4%)		5.75%	

RPOA OPEB Plan

Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on RPOA OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RPOA OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The weighted asset class estimates are combined with the inflation and investment expense assumptions to produce the portfolio long-term expected rate of return.

Investment Policy – The target allocation for the RPOA OPEB Plan's asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected Real	Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Equity	40.0%	4.42%	6.92%
Fixed Income	43.0%	1.00%	3.50%
TIPS	5.0%	0.15%	2.65%
Commodities	4.0%	1.73%	4.23%
REITs	8.0%	3.98%	6.48%
Total	100.0%		5.49%
Reduction for assumed investment	expense		-0.10%
Net assumed investment return (ro	und to 1/4%)		5.50%

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the City OPEB Plan is as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Li	Net OPEB (ability/(Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 123,244,653	\$	32,439,804	\$	90,804,849
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:					
Service Cost	2,088,997		-		2,088,997
Interest on the total OPEB liability	6,997,592		-		6,997,592
Differences between expected and actual experience (1)	(11,982,490)		-		(11,982,490)
Changes of assumptions	(6,119,213)		-		(6,119,213)
Contributions from the employer	-		10,042,891		(10,042,891)
Contributions from the employee	-		589,125		(589,125)
Net investment income	-		(4,613,857)		4,613,857
Administrative expenses	-		(61,195)		61,195
Benefit payments (2)	(7,272,797)		(7,272,797)		
Net changes	(16,287,911)		(1,315,833)		(14,972,078)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$ 106,956,742	\$	31,123,971	\$	75,832,771

⁽¹⁾ Approximately \$(12.36M) of the increase/(decrease) is due to the change in premiums and assumed claims costs and \$380K is due to all other experience changes.

⁽²⁾ Benefit payments equal \$4,622,801 explicit subsidy payments to retirees and \$2,649,996 implicit subsidy costs incurred during the measurement period ending 6/30/2022.

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability, Continued

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the RPOA OPEB Plan is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary				Net OPEB	
		Liability	N	let Position	Li	Liability/(Asset)	
		(a)	(a) (b)			(a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	123,244,653	\$	32,439,804	\$	90,804,849	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:							
Service Cost		2,088,997		-		2,088,997	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		6,997,592		-		6,997,592	
Differences between expected and actual experience (1)	(11,982,49)			-		(11,982,490)	
Changes of assumptions		(6,119,213)		-		(6,119,213)	
Contributions from the employer		-		10,042,891		(10,042,891)	
Contributions from the employee		-		589,125		(589,125)	
Net investment income		-		(4,613,857)		4,613,857	
Administrative expenses		-		(61,195)		61,195	
Benefit payments (2)		(7,272,797)		(7,272,797)		-	
Net changes		(16,287,911)		(1,315,833)		(14,972,078)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$	106,956,742	\$	31,123,971	\$	75,832,771	

⁽¹⁾ Approximately \$(12.36M) of the increase/(decrease) is due to the change in premiums and assumed claims costs and \$380K is due to all other experience changes.

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of both plans, as well as what the net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

City OPEB Plan

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)							
	Current							
	Discount Rate -1%		Discount Rate		Discount Rate +1%			
5.00%			6.00%		7.00%			
\$	87,771,843	\$	75,832,771	\$	65,782,910			
Ψ	07,771,010	Ψ	70,032,771	Ψ	00,7 02,710			

RPOA OPEB Plan

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
Current							
		Discount Rate -1%		Discount Rate		Discount Rate +1%	
4.75%			5.75%		6.75%		
	\$	11,198,419	\$	8,690,758	\$	6,636,719	

⁽²⁾ Benefit payments equal \$4,622,801 explicit subsidy payments to retirees and \$2,649,996 implicit subsidy costs incurred during the measurement period ending 6/30/2022.

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates, Continued

The following presents the net OPEB liability of both Plans, as well as what the net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

City OPEB Plan

	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)							
Current Healthcare Cost								
	Trend Rates Various -							
	1% Decrease	see as	sumptions above		1% Increase			
\$	66,201,191	\$	75,832,771	\$	87,164,153			
RPC	RPOA OPER Plan							

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Healthcare Cost Trend						
Current Healthcare Cost						
Trend Rates Various -						
1% Decrease see assumptions above 1% Increase						
\$ 7,285,324	\$	8,690,758	\$	10,475,303		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense on the City OPEB Plan and RPOA OPEB Plan of (\$12,463,645) and \$46,814, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	City OPEB Plan					RPOA OPEB Plan			
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	0	f Resources	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		
Differences between actual and expected									
experience	\$	-	\$	18,200,319	\$	8,473	\$	5,432,921	
Changes of assumptions		821,356		17,902,220		291,415		7,714,582	
Net differences between projected and									
actual earnings on plan investments		2,508,107		-		587,954		-	
Contributions between measurement date									
and reporting date		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Total	\$	3,329,463	\$	36,102,539	\$	887,842	\$	13,147,503	

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the City OPEB Plan and RPOA OPEB Plan will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

City OPEB Plan				
Year		Annual		
Ended June 30,	Amortization			
2023	\$	(19,886,758)		
2024		(9,320,963)		
2025		(3,884,934)		
2026		319,579		
2027		-		
Thereafter		-		
RPOA OPEB Plan				
Year		Annual		
Year Ended June 30,		Annual Amortization		
1001		111110001		
1001	\$	111110001		
Ended June 30,		Amortization		
Ended June 30,		Amortization (1,325,998)		
Ended June 30, 2023 2024		(1,325,998) (1,325,996)		
Ended June 30, 2023 2024 2025		(1,325,998) (1,325,996) (1,334,804)		

14. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under this plan are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; general liability; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and inverse condemnation. The City began self-insuring its workers' compensation in 1976. In July 2009 the City joined the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) for general liability and employment practices coverage. In April 2009 the City joined the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC EIA) for worker's compensation insurance. The City has chosen to establish a risk financing internal service fund where assets are accumulated for claim settlements and expenses associated with the above risks of loss up to certain limits.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

Excess coverage for the risk categories excluding inverse condemnation is provided by policies with various commercial insurance carriers. Self-insurance and insurance company limits are as follows:

Type of Coverage	Self-Insurance / Deductible	Coverage Limit	Insurance Carrier
Difference in Conditions	Earthquake: 5% of total insured value of each building; minimum \$100,000 All others: \$25,000	\$50,000,000 inclusive of deductible	Various
Crime / Employee Dishonesty	\$2,500 per claim	\$15,000,000 inclusive of deductible	National Union Fire Insurance Company
Property	\$100,000 per claim; except flood zones	\$400,000,000 inclusive of deductible	Various
	A&V that have a deductible of \$250,000	\$100,000,000 limit for flood all zones,	
		except zones A & V, which have a limit of	
		\$50,000,000	
Boiler and Machinery	\$100,000 per claim	\$100,000,000 inclusive of deductible	Various
Port Liability	\$25,000 per claim	\$50,000,000 inclusive of deductible	Various
Excess Workers' Compensation	\$750,000 per claim	Statutory limit	Various
Student Volunteer	N/A	\$50,000 limit	Ace American
Pollution Liability - Policy 1	\$250,000 per claim	\$20,000,000 inclusive of deductible	ACE - Illinois Union
Pollution Liability - Policy 2	\$250,000 per claim	\$3,000,000 limit	Ironshore Specialty Insurance
Cyber Liability	\$100,000 per claim	\$2,000,000 limit	Lloyds of London

CJPRMA

The CJPRMA provides coverage against the following types of loss risks under the terms of a joint powers agreement with the City as follows:

Type of Coverage (Deductible)	Co	Coverage Limits				
Property (\$500,000)	\$	5,000,000				
Liability (\$500,000)		40,000,000				
Employment Practices (\$500,000)		5,000,000				

Once the self-insured retention is exhausted on each claim, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of future expenses related to the claim. The City paid contributions of \$2,352,830 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements for the CJPRMA are available from CJPRMA, 3201 Doolan Road, Suite 285, Livermore, CA 94551.

CSAC-EIA

CSAC-EIA is a public entity risk pool of cities and counties within California. The CSAC-EIA provides workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limit and the City retains a self-insured retention of \$750,000. Loss contingency reserves established by the CSAC-EIA are funded by contributions from member agencies. The City pays an annual contribution to the CSAC-EIA, which includes its pro-rata share of excess insurance premiums, charges for pooled risk, claims adjusting and legal costs, and administrative and other costs to operate the risk pool. The City paid contributions of \$383,262 for the year ended June 30, 2022. CSAC-EIA provides insurance through the pool up to a certain level, beyond which group purchased commercial excess insurance is obtained. CSAC-EIA is currently fully funded. No provision has been made on these financial statements for liabilities related to possible additional assessments.

Audited financial statements for CSAC-EIA are available from CSAC-EIA, 75 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200, Folsom, CA 95630.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

Housing Authority Insurance Group

The Housing Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster. The Authority joined together with other entities and participates in the Housing Authority Insurance Group, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its member entities. The purpose of the Housing Authority Insurance Group is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its cost.

The Authority pays annual premiums to Housing Authority Insurance Group for its property damage insurance as follows:

Property	Annı	ual Premium	Deductible
Nevin Plaza (#1)	\$	27,187	\$ 25,000
Nystrom Village		16,351	25,000
Administration Office		1,681	25,000

All of the Housing Authority properties are included in the general liability coverage under the CJPRMA program.

Liability for Self-Insured Claims

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims is based on case reserves and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), and is recorded in the Insurance Reserves Internal Service Fund. At June 30, 2022, the estimated claims payable of \$51,092,602 consisting of reserves for both reported and IBNR losses, as well as allocated loss adjustment expenses, have been recorded in the Insurance Reserves Internal Service Fund. The claims payable are reported at their present value using expected future investment yield assumptions of 3% and an 80% confidence level. The undiscounted claims totaled \$54,849,000 at June 30, 2022. Changes in the claims liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

2022		2021
\$ 44,392,339	\$	43,240,367
11,420,000		12,779,000
7,978,722		(395,339)
(7,625,469)		(7,102,138)
(5,072,990)		(4,129,551)
\$ 51,092,602	\$	44,392,339
\$ 14,606,071	\$	13,033,895
\$	\$ 44,392,339 11,420,000 7,978,722 (7,625,469) (5,072,990) \$ 51,092,602	\$ 44,392,339 \$ 11,420,000 7,978,722 (7,625,469) (5,072,990) \$ 51,092,602 \$

For the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage.

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City's non-major enterprise funds include the following:

- Richmond Marina Fund Marina operations and maintenance, including berth rentals and use of marina facilities.
- Storm Sewer Fund Storm sewer management and urban runoff control.
- Cable TV Fund Administration and enforcement of the franchise agreements with two cable television systems, management of a municipal cable channel, departmental video services, media and public information, and telecommunications planning.

Fiscal 2022 condensed financial information for the Richmond Marina Enterprise Fund is as follows:

Assets: \$ 4,711,856 Lease receivables 5,396,449 Capital assets 1,433,427 Total assets 11,541,732 Liabilities: 303,893 Long-term liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources cleases 5,371,636 Net position: 86,625 Net position: 86,625 Unrestricted of debt service 4452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Deparating revenues: \$ 162,777 Rental \$ 162,777 Lease income (59,643) Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) General and administrative (59,643) Operacting income 379,553 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): \$ (86,78) Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 <	Condensed Statement of Net Position		
Lease receivables 5,396,449 Capital assets 1,433,427 Total assets 11,541,732 Liabilities: 303,893 Long-term liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources - leases Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: (801,775) Net position: (801,775) Restricted for debt service 4,66,25 Unrestricted 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Depracting revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating revenues: \$ (59,643) Depreciation (85,456) Operating income (85,456) Operating revenues (expenses): 116,926 Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position		¢	1 711 956
Capital assets 1,433,427 Total assets 11,541,732 Liabilities 303,893 Current liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: 86,625 Net investment in capital assets (801,775) Restricted for debt service 4,62,382 Unrestricted 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Deracting revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) General and administrative \$ (59,643) Operating revenues (expenses): \$ (59,643) Interest income 116,926 Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out \$ (30,873) Ending net position		Ψ	
Total assets 11,541,732 Liabilities: 303,893 Current liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: Net position: Net position for debt service 86,625 Unrestricted for debt service 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Contensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ 162,777 General and administrative (59,643) Operating income 379,553 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 116,926 Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position 30,737,232			
Liabilities: 303,893 Current liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources - leases Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: (801,775) Restricted for debt service 86,625 Unrestricted 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Cperating revenues: \$ 162,777 Rental \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) General and administrative (59,643) Depreciation (85,456) Operating income 379,553 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 116,926 Interest expenses (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position 3,428,496 Ending net position 3,428,496 Ending net positio			
Current liabilities 303,893 Long-term liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: 80,625 Net investment in capital assets (801,775) Restricted for debt service 4,622,382 Unrestricted 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Cental net position 361,875 Operating revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) General and administrative (59,643) Operating expenses: \$ (59,643) Operating revenues (expenses): \$ (59,643) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): \$ (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 3395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position 30,8736 Beginning net position 3,428,496			11,011,702
Long-term liabilities 2,128,971 Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Net position: (801,775) Net position: 86,625 Unrestricted for debt service 86,625 Unrestricted 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income (59,643) Operating expenses: (59,643) General and administrative (59,643) Operacting revenues (expenses): 116,926 Interest income 116,926 Interest income 116,926 Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position 308,736 Beginning net position 3,428,496 Ending net position 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Cash Flows 50,893 <td></td> <td></td> <td>303 893</td>			303 893
Total liabilities 2,432,864 Deferred inflows of resources: 5,371,636 Deferred inflows of resources - leases 5,371,636 Net position: (801,775) Net investment in capital assets 86,625 Restricted for debt service 4,452,382 Total net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 162,777 Operating revenues: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ 162,777 Lease income 361,875 Operating expenses: \$ 162,777 General and administrative (59,643) Operating income 379,553 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 116,926 Interest income 116,926 Interest expense (100,965) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers 395,514 Transfers out (86,778) Change in net position 308,736 Beginning net position \$ 3,737,232 Condensed Statement of Cash Flows \$ 3,737,232			,
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17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Construction Commitments

The City's future commitments under construction and other projects totaled approximately \$106.1 million at June 30, 2022 for various projects.

B. Litigation

The City is involved in various claims and litigation resulting from its normal operations. The ultimate outcome of these matters is not presently determinable. In City management's opinion these matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the City's or RHA Properties' financial position, with two potential exceptions noted below:

In March 2012, a developer and an associated entity filed a complaint in federal court against the United States of America, two individuals, and the City contending breach of contract related to a Land Disposition Agreement (LDA) between the developer and the City for the development of City-owned property for a specific use. The developer and associated entity seek damages of \$30 million as well as lost profits of over \$750 million. The City disputes the allegations and contends that the LDA did not commit the developer or the City to develop the property for the specific use and that the developer's right to move forward with the development was subject to various federal approvals. The City received a favorable judgement on the matter, but an appeal by the developer and associated entity resulted in the Ninth Circuit reversing the decision, concluding the plaintiffs should be given another opportunity to amend their complaint. The plaintiffs filed an amended complaint and the City answered, denying the plaintiffs' allegations and asserting affirmative defenses and counterclaims. In April 2018, the City again received a favorable judgement on the matter under which the City will pay no monetary damages to the developer and the developer's claims were dismissed. Under the terms of the judgment, future proceeds from the sale of the property will be shared equally between the City and the developer. However, the judgment is being challenged by an environmental rights group. The City may be negatively impacted should the court rule in favor of the group, however any such impact cannot be determined at this time.

C. Grant Programs

The City participates in several federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, except as noted under Grant Programs – Disallowed Costs below.

D. Housing Authority - Easter Hill Project

The Authority participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are the Low Income Public Housing Program and the HOPE VI Revitalization Grant. It is possible that at some future date, it may be determined that the Authority is not in compliance with applicable grant requirements. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority does not expect such disallowed amounts, if any, to materially affect the financial statements.

D. Housing Authority - Easter Hill Project, Continued

In June 2000, the Richmond Housing Authority received a \$35 million grant (HOPE VI Grant) from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") for the revitalization of the former Easter Hill Public Housing Project. The original Easter Hill site, owned by the Richmond Housing Authority, included 300 units on 21 acres in the Cortez/Stege neighborhood of Richmond.

The California Tax Credit Committee, City of Richmond, Bank of America, Silicon Valley, Federal Home Loan Bank, California Housing Finance Agency, the Richmond Housing Authority along with the \$35 million dollar HUD grant financed this \$120 million revitalization effort. Physical costs are estimated to be approximately \$108 million and life services, relocation, acquisition, administrative and other costs are estimated to be approximately \$12 million. The physical development includes approximately 320 rental and homeownership units to replace the 300 rental units originally at the site and 273 remaining units at the time of grant approval. Amenities at the revitalized site include a pool and a 5,000 square feet community room with facilities for an after school program, computer center, gymnasium and conference room.

In addition, pursuant to the same agreement, the Authority is entitled to receive reimbursement for certain costs it has incurred in development of these projects. Upon completion of the project, the Authority recorded \$14,276,909, representing reimbursement from the developer which had been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as due from developer. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2022 is \$10,221,743.

In 2002, the Authority chose the development team of McCormack Baron Salazar, Inc. and Em Johnson Interest, Inc. to develop the site. Em Johnson Interest has developed the 82 homeownership units affordable to low, moderate and market rate buyers. McCormack Baron was charged with the development of 300 rental units, affordable to households 60% or below the area median income for Contra Costa County.

Thus far, all new construction rental units at the former Easter Hill site have been developed. Thirty-six rehab rental units at the site have been constructed. The remaining 202 rental units at the site have been leased. Similarly, all 82 homeownership units at the former Easter Hill and Cortez sites have been constructed. All homeownership units have been sold.

E. RHA Properties - Status of Operations

RHA Properties having sold Westridge at Hilltop Apartments is at the point of being an entity with no activity. It is idle and available to be used in the future. Management currently has no further plans for the entity.

F. Point Molate - Pollution Remediation

In September 2008, the City entered into an Early Transfer Cooperative Agreement (ETCA) with the United States Department of the Navy the (Navy) to facilitate the transfer of 41 acres of property that was formerly the Naval Fuel Depot Point Molate (Point Molate). The ETCA identifies certain known pollution issues with the property, and the Navy is the responsible party. However, under the provisions of the ETCA, the Navy advanced \$28 million to the City representing the estimated cost of cleanup, and the City committed to manage the project. Any pollution found that was not caused by the Navy's use of the land is to be paid by the City, however, as of June 30, 2022, no additional pollution has been identified.

The City also entered into an agreement in September 2008 with a Developer to sell approximately 134 acres of land located on Point Molate along with the 41 acres of which the Navy is to transfer to the City. The Developer is to complete the cleanup on behalf of the City in accordance with the requirements of the ETCA. The City committed to pass-through the funds received from the Navy to the Developer.

In April 2010, the City and Developer entered into an agreement to establish a fiscal agent escrow account to maintain the funds held for the remediation of Point Molate. The funds advanced by the Navy are to be held in escrow with a fiscal agent and the agent is responsible for disbursing funds to the Developer as costs are incurred. The terms of the agreement are effective until a certificate of completion is issued for the remediation of the property.

Under the terms of the agreements with the Navy and the Developer, the City does not retain responsibility for the cleanup of the known pollution. The City is merely acting as a pass-thru of the grant funds from the Navy to the Developer and the activities for the project are reported in the Pt. Molate Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

G. Other - Major Taxpayer

In fiscal year 2009, a major business license taxpayer filed a complaint challenging the legality of Measure T, a voter initiative that took effect on January 1, 2009. Measure T amended the City's business license tax calculation for manufacturers. Although the City believed Measure T to be lawful, the court ruled on December 17, 2009 that the tax was unconstitutional. The court ruled in favor of the business license taxpayer awarding a refund of the \$20.5 million Measure T taxes paid. The City filed an appeal, however in May 2010 the taxpayer and the City entered into a settlement agreement in order to achieve certainty in the tax revenue that the City will receive from the taxpayer over the next 15 years. The agreement provides for annual payments from the taxpayer ranging from \$4 million to \$13 million starting July 1, 2011, with payments totaling \$114 million. In addition, the agreement incorporated the prior settlement of a dispute over fiscal year 2006, 2007 and 2008 utility user's taxes totaling \$28 million that was paid in four installments beginning in fiscal year 2009. Payments totaling \$102 million were received under the settlement agreements in fiscal years 2011 through 2022.

In fiscal year 2015, the City entered into an Environmental Community Investment Agreement (ECIA) with the same taxpayer that provides for funding to the City and other community agencies totaling \$80 million over the next ten years. During fiscal year 2022, the City received \$7 million that is restricted for use on pre-approved projects, and the City has received \$56 million to date.

H. Housing Authority Rental Assistance Demonstration

RHA Rental Assistance Demonstration ("RAD") Program conversion of the Friendship Manor and Triangle Court public housing sites occurred during the 2016 calendar year (includes both the 2015 and 2016 fiscal years). The RAD project consists of 156 units of Public Housing will that were converted to non-profit ownership with Section 8-Project Based Voucher rental subsidy on the two separate properties; all 156 units, except for three units (two are reserved for onsite managers and one for a manager's office), will be used to house low-income residents.

On October 8, 2015, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) issued and executed the RAD Conversion Commitment (RCC) which represents the agreed upon and approved terms of the RAD conversion transaction.

On November 18, 2015, California Tax Credit Allocation Committee made a preliminary reservation of federal tax credits in the amount of \$1,228,999 accommodated upon executing Tax-Exempt Bond Project to raise funding in the amount of \$36.7 million, the approximate estimated cost of the RAD project; of which \$16.5 million shall be provided by a third-party Tax Credit investor.

The Authority has partnered with the John Stewart Company and The Richman Group to form a Limited Partnership, RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P., that will complete the conversion, manage the property and own the buildings. The Authority will relinquish the land via a long term ground lease.

In furtherance of the finances provided by the Authority, the City of Richmond loaned \$5.4 million to RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. that will be repaid in 55 years and accrues interest at a rate of 1%. The loan was initially signed with RHA Housing Corporation and then it was transferred and reassigned to RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P., as discussed in Note 4.

After the property is placed in service and receives approval of the 8609 documents from the State of California, the Authority will split a developer fee of \$2.5 million with its general partner John Stewart Company (70%/30%). The project was converted to permanent financing on June 6, 2019.

RHA RAD Housing Partners L.P. will also receive \$732,557 in Public Housing and Capital Improvement funds throughout the January 1, 2016 – December 31, 2016 calendar year to cover the RAD Housing Assistance Program (HAP) Voucher commitments of subsidy for the low income housing units at the two developments. The terms of this requirement are consistent with Notice 2012-32 of the Rental Assistance Demonstration program which requires RAD conversions that close after November 30th of the calendar year to be funded out of Public Housing and Capital Fund Programs until the next calendar year, at which time the Developments will be funded with Section 8 Housing Choice RAD Vouchers.

In a transaction related to the RAD project during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Richmond Housing Authority transferred capital assets to RHA RAD LLC, which then sold the capital assets to RHA RAD Housing Partners LP with a carrying value of \$14,358,255 in return for two loans receivable in the amounts of \$8,891,500 and \$5,618,500. These loans are to be repaid in 55 years and bear annual interest rates of 2.82%.

I. Marina Bay - Pollution Remediation

The Successor Agency owned a group of land tracts collectively referenced as the "Nine Deed Restricted

Properties." The Successor Agency was named as a responsible party at these sites under a Voluntary Cleanup Agreement with the State Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to conduct pollution

monitoring and remediation. However, the Successor Agency received approval from the DOF to transfer

the properties and their maintenance to the City on June 30, 2016. Therefore, the City is now the responsible party at the sites. These nine properties sit within the larger Marina Bay development site. A Remediation Action Plan (RAP) was prepared for Marina Bay in 1993 and included references to each of the Deed Restricted Properties. Eight of the nine deed restricted properties are subject to an Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Plan. The O&M Plans require annual inspections of the cap material and reporting

of the findings to DTSC. The O&M Plans also require that a five-year review report be prepared and submitted to DTSC. The five-year review reports describe the inspection and maintenance activities that

were performed over the previous five years. The annual inspection costs are estimated at \$13,500, with the five year review estimated at \$40,000 (this cost includes revising a previously submitted work plan, conducting the review, and preparing the report). The monitoring costs over a five year period are estimated at \$125,500. Additionally, costs for environmental consultation to address DTSC concerns at the nine deed the nine deed restricted properties are estimated at \$15,000 annually.

The RAP was subsequently amended in 2008 to address Area T, one of the Nine Deed Restricted Properties. The amended RAP subjects the site to groundwater sampling and analysis. The approximate annual costs for the existing groundwater sampling and analysis program is approximately \$26,000. The known pollution at this site are petroleum hydrocarbons dissolved in groundwater. Active remediation was conducted from September 2008 through June 2020 by the former Redevelopment Agency and the Successor Agency and the active remediation has been successful at removing a layer of petroleum hydrocarbons on the groundwater. However, the groundwater impacted with dissolved petroleum hydrocarbons is located in close proximity to the Marina Bay harbor. It is anticipated that DTSC will request that the Successor Agency submit a work plan describing the methods to petroleum hydrocarbons at Area T. Groundwater impacted by dissolved petroleum hydrocarbons is anticipated to be required by DTSC. The Successor Agency requested that its consultant prepare a feasibility study and cost analysis to conduct such remediation. The preliminary cost estimate to implement the groundwater remediation program is estimated at \$120,000. A plan to maintain the cap on Area T will be prepared and the cost for this plan is \$7,500. This preliminary estimate has not been accrued as a liability in the City's Statement of Net Position. This estimate is also subject to change from price increases or reductions, technology, and changes in applicable laws or regulations.

I. Marina Bay - Pollution Remediation, Continued

A Covenant to Restrict Use of Property for Area FM, also one of the Nine Deed Restricted Properties, was recorded on March 21, 2005. As described in the deed restriction, the remedial alternative for Area FM includes installing and maintaining a temporary 1-foot-thick soil cap over the property as an interim measure; the final cap will consist of hardscape including commercial buildings, roadways, and parking areas. The deed restriction also requires the preparation of an O&M Plan. According to a DTSCapproved Remedial Design and Implementation Plan (RDIP) for Area FM, the proposed permanent cap will be implemented during site redevelopment activities and will consist of building foundations and slabs, paved walkways and parking areas, landscaping and other features constructed over the site. Site redevelopment has yet to occur, the interim temporary cap has not been implemented, and the O&M Plan has yet to be prepared for Area FM. DTSC is requiring the City to construct the temporary cap on Area FM. The City is preparing to construct a temporary asphalt cap to minimize surface water runoff and reduce routine maintenance and prepared a Work Plan Amendment for Construction of Temporary Asphalt Cap. Upon approval by DTSC, the City will install the temporary cap. The cost to prepare the planning documents, conduct observation, documentation, and reporting of the cap installation, as well as preparation of an O&M Plan is \$96,200. The estimate cost to construct the temporary cap can't be made.

J. Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority and its component units RHA Housing Corporation and RHA RAD LLC entered into several arrangements including a Co-Guarantor Contribution Agreement with third parties as participants in a tax credit bonds project to accommodate the required funding to convert two properties from a conventional public housing project to a rental assistance demonstration program, as discussed in Note 17.I.

K. Encumbrances

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are automatically reappropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2022 were as listed below:

	Amount
General Fund	\$ 295,229
Community Development and Loan Programs	
Special Revenue Fund	46,314
Non-Major Governmental Funds	 9,382,784
	\$ 9,724,327

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibit all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

ABx1 26 and AB1484 created three regulatory authorities, the Successor Agency Oversight Board, State Controller and Department of Finance (DOF), to review former Agency's asset transfers, obligation payments and wind down activities. ABx1 26 specifically directs the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the Redevelopment Agency or, on or after February 1, 2012, to the Successor Agency. The State Controller's Office completed its asset transfer review in November 2013 and the State ordered the return of certain assets to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency. The City complied with certain aspects of the State's order during fiscal year 2013 by returning applicable capital assets to the Successor Agency and the Oversight Board retroactively approved other prior transfers to the City and the State has indicated that no further action is necessary. The State also ordered the return of assets previously transferred to the City as Housing Successor totaling \$16,460,848, because the transfer of the housing assets had not been approved by the Oversight Board. The Oversight Board adopted a Resolution on February 25, 2014 retroactively approving the transfer of the loans to the Housing Successor.

Effective January 31, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved. Certain assets of the Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and the remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

Under the provisions of AB 1484, the City can elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012, certain housing assets were transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund which is included in the Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund. The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

A. Redevelopment Dissolution, Continued

The City also elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established in April 2012. As of July 1, 2018, Contra Costa County has formed a county-wide Oversight Board to oversee the activities of all Successor Agencies within the County, including Richmond. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council and one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor.

AB1484 required the Successor Agency to complete two due diligence reviews – one for the low and moderate income housing assets of the Successor Agency (Housing DDR), and a second for all other balances of the Successor Agency (Non-housing DDR). The due diligence reviews were to calculate the balance of unencumbered balances as of June 30, 2012 available to be remitted to the County for disbursement to taxing entities. The Successor Agency submitted both due diligence reviews to the State Department of Finance for review and approval. The Department of Finance approved the Housing DDR, after making an adjustment, and the Successor Agency remitted the unencumbered balance of \$4,067,242 to the County in November 2014. The Department of Finance approved the Non-housing DDR in December 2014, and no funds were required to be remitted to the County. The Successor Agency received a Finding of Completion on December 9, 2014.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022 are discussed in Note 2 above. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022.

B. Loans Receivable

The Successor Agency assumed non-housing loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. The Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage economic development. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to developers who agreed to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms.

Ford Assembly Building Loan

Under a loan agreement dated November 22, 2004 between the Redevelopment Agency and Ford Point LLC, the Redevelopment Agency agreed to loan \$3,000,000 to fund improvements to the Ford Assembly Building, collateralized by a Deed of Trust. After a period of variable interest rates, the loan has converted to a fixed 5% interest rate. Interest and principal payments are due semi-annually through 2025. The loan was paid-off as of June 30, 2022.

C. Capital Assets

The Successor Agency assumed the non-housing capital assets of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. The Successor Agency's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

D. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions during the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance					Balance	Due Within	Γ	ue in More
	July 1, 2021	Ad	ditions (A)	R	etirements	June 30, 2022	One Year	th	an One Year
Bonds Payable	\$45,420,925	\$	167,723	\$	(5,195,000)	\$ 40,393,648	\$4,965,000	\$	35,428,648
Loans payable from direct borrowing	14,690,000				(1,450,000)	13,240,000	1,625,000		11,615,000
Total	\$60,110,925	\$	167,723	\$	(6,645,000)	\$ 53,633,648	\$ 6,590,000	\$	47,043,648

⁽A) Includes bond accretion for capital appreciation bonds totaling \$767,307.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	 Net
Harbour Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds - 1998 Series A	\$ 2,242,449
Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds - 2007 Series B	10,468,319
Successor Agency of RCRA Refunding Bonds - 2014 Series A & B	8,873,585
Successor Agency of RCRA Refunding Bonds - 2021 Series A & B	16,680,000
Successor Agency 2021A Bond Premium	 2,129,295
Total	\$ 40,393,648

1998 Harbour Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A - Original Issue \$21,862,779

The bonds were issued by the Agency to refinance a portion of the 1991 Harbour Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, refinance certain loans from the City to the Agency, which were used by the City to finance certain publicly owned capital projects, finance certain redevelopment activities within the Harbour Redevelopment Project Area, fund a reserve account and pay certain costs of issuance of the 1998 bonds. The bonds mature annually through 2023, in amounts ranging from \$50,000 to \$1,130,000. Interest rates vary from 3.5% to a maximum of 5.2% and are payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1. The bonds are secured by a pledge of tax revenues derived from taxable property within the Harbour Project Area. On March 27, 2014, the Agency issued the Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2014 Series A & B which resulted in the defeasance of the outstanding balance of the current interest portion of the bonds in the amount of \$9,180,000, as discussed below.

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

1998 Harbour Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A - Original Issue \$21,862,779, Continued

At June 30, 2022, the Bonds consisted of the following:

		Unamortized						
		Accretion /		Accretion / Premium		Premium		
	 Value		Amortization		(Discount)		Net	
Capital appreciation bonds	\$ 2,300,000	\$	112,212	\$	(169,763)	\$	2,242,449	

The annual debt service requirements on the bonds are as follows:

For the Years	
Ending June 30,	 Principal
2023 2024	\$ 1,150,000 1,150,000
Total	\$ 2,300,000

Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2007A and Series B - Original Issue Series A \$65,400,000, Series B \$9,772,622

On July 12, 2007 the Redevelopment Agency issued Series 2007A Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$65,400,000. The proceeds from the Bonds were used to pay the amount of \$22,000,000 to the City to assist with the financing of the Civic Center Project, and to fund other Redevelopment Agency projects.

The 2007A Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds were issued as variable auction rate bonds with interest calculated every thirty-five days, however, the Agency entered into a 29-year interest rate swap agreement for the entire amount of its 2007A Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds. In fiscal year 2010 the Agency experienced a significant decline in tax increment revenue. In order to bring debt service in line with current revenues and maintain compliance with the required 1.4:1 tax increment to debt service coverage ratio, the Agency suspended a number of projects originally funded by the 2007A Bonds and applied approximately \$36 million of the unspent 2007A proceeds and other available funds along with the proceeds from the issuance of the Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A to refund the outstanding balance of the 2007A Bonds. As part of the issuance of the 2010A Bonds, the interest rate swap agreement associated with the 2007A Bonds was amended and restated as discussed with the Series 2010A Bonds below.

On July 12, 2007 the Redevelopment Agency issued Series 2007B Housing Set-Aside Subordinate Tax Allocation Capital Appreciation Bonds in the amount of \$9,772,622 at interest rates ranging from 5.57% to 6.40%. The proceeds from the 2007B Bonds will be used to finance certain low and moderate income housing activities of the Redevelopment Agency. The 2007B Bonds mature annually through 2037, in amounts ranging from \$465,000 to \$2,020,000. The 2007B Bonds are secured by a pledge of subordinated housing and non-housing tax revenues.

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2007A and Series B - Original Issue Series A \$65,400,000, Series B \$9,772,622, Continued

At June 30, 2022, the 2007B Bonds consisted of the following:

		Unamortized					
		Accretion / Premium			Premium		
	Value	Am	Amortization (Discount)		(Discount)		Net
Capital appreciation bonds	\$ 15,445,000	\$	655,094	\$	(5,631,775)	\$	10,468,319

The annual debt service requirements on the 2007B Bonds are as follows:

For the Years				
Ending June 30,	Principal			
2023	\$	1,085,000		
2024		1,145,000		
2025		1,175,000		
2026		1,230,000		
2027		1,285,000		
2028-2032		5,350,000		
2033-2037		4,175,000		
Total	\$	15,445,000		

Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2014 Series A & B - Original Issue Amounts \$25,795,000 and \$1,655,000, respectively

The 2014 A & B Bonds were issued on March 27, 2014 by the Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency. The proceeds of the Bonds, together with other available funds, were used to refund and defease the outstanding balance of the current interest portion of the 1998 Harbour Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A, and the outstanding balances of the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series 2000 A & B and Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series 2003A. Interest rates range from 1.40% to 5.00% and is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. The 2014A Bonds mature annually on each September 1 through 2025 while the 2014B Bonds mature annually on each September 1 through 2018. Both Bonds are secured by a pledge of Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund revenues. The outstanding balances of the defeased debt as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Harbour Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds - 1998 Series A	\$ 2,330,000
Total	\$ 2,330,000

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2014 Series A & B - Original Issue Amounts \$25,795,000 and \$1,655,000, respectively, Continued

At June 30, 2022, the 2014 A & B Bonds consisted of the following:

Bonds outstanding	\$ 8,570,000
Unamortized premium	 303,585
Net	\$ 8,873,585

The annual debt service requirements on the A & B bonds are as follows:

For the Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 373,500	\$ 2,373,500
2024	2,095,000	271,125	2,366,125
2025	2,185,000	164,125	2,349,125
2026	2,290,000	54,750	2,344,750
Total	\$ 8,570,000	\$ 863,500	\$ 9,433,500

Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2021 Series A & B - Original Issue Amounts \$15,070,000 and \$2,665,000, respectively

On December 18, 2020, the Redevelopment Agency issued Series 2020A&B Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds. The proceeds was used to repay a portion of the obligations of the Successor Agency under a Loan Agreement (Housing), dated as of October 1, 2004, by and between the Former Agency and the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority that secures payment of the Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series 2004B (Tax-Exempt) in the outstanding principal amount of \$720,000, and refund the \$21,625,000 outstanding principal amount of Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds (Merged Project Areas), 2010 Series A (the "2010A Bonds" and, together with the 2004 Loan Agreement, the "Prior Obligations")

The Series 2021 Refunding Bonds will each be issued as fully registered Bonds and, when delivered, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds, as more fully described in APPENDIX G. The Series 2021 Refunding Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and issued in registered form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000 and will mature on September 1 of each year in the amounts as set forth on the inside cover page. Interest on the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds will be payable on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2021.

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2021 Series A & B - Original Issue Amounts \$15,070,000 and \$2,665,000, respectively, Continued

At June 30, 2022, the bond premium consisted of the following:

		Unamortized						
	Accretion / Premium			Premium				
		Value	Amortization (Discount)		Discount)	Net		
Successor Agency Bond 2021A & B	\$	16,680,000	\$	-	\$	2,129,295	\$	18,809,295

The annual debt service requirements on the A & B bonds are as follows:

For the Years					
Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 730,000	\$ 579,360	\$	1,309,360	
2024	1,800,000	556,980		2,356,980	
2025	1,185,000	525,500		1,710,500	
2026	2,155,000	458,700		2,613,700	
2027	2,045,000	374,700		2,419,700	
2028-2032	7,275,000	485,500		7,760,500	
2033-2037	1,490,000	83,800		1,573,800	
Total	\$ 16,680,000	\$ 3,064,540	\$	19,744,540	

Loans Payable

The Richmond Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) has issued the Bonds listed below to assist in financing the Agency's operations. The Authority has retained reserve amounts required under the respective Bond indentures and loaned the net proceeds of these Bond issues to the Agency. The Authority is responsible for paying principal and interest on the Bonds; the Agency is responsible for making payments to the Authority in the amounts shown below.

The outstanding balances of loans payable to the Authority at June 30, 2022 came from the Bond issues listed below:

JPFA Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds - 2003 Series B JPFA Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds - 2004 Series A & B	\$ 5,130,000 8,110,000
Total	\$ 13,240,000

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Loan from the Authority dated August 1, 2003

In 2003, the Authority issued 2003 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series A and Series B in the original amount of \$28,580,000. The net proceeds of the bond issue were loaned to the Agency to provide funding for certain capital improvements and to repay the City of Richmond \$18,000,000 in partial payment of prior obligations. Under the terms of the loan agreement between the Agency and the Authority dated August 1, 2003, repayment of the loan is being made from certain tax increment revenues derived from taxable property within the Post-2004 Limit Area pledged by the Agency for the purpose of loan repayment. On March 27, 2014, the Agency issued the Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Refunding Bonds 2014 Series A & B which resulted in the refunding and defeasance of the outstanding balance of the 2003 Series A Bonds in the amount of \$12,910,000, as discussed above.

At issuance, the Bonds were insured by MBIA Insurance Corporation (which was reinsured by National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation ("NPFGC")). On December 5, 2017, Kroll Bond Rating Agency downgraded its insurance financial strength rating for NPFGC from 'AA+' to 'AA' and subsequently withdrew the rating citing business reasons. On January 17, 2018, Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") downgraded its insurance financial strength rating on NPFGC from 'A3' to 'Baa2'. As a result of the foregoing, Moody's downgraded its Insured Rating on the Bonds from 'A3' to 'Baa2'. On February 13, 2019, S&P Global Ratings (formerly Standard and Poor's Ratings Services) upgraded its Local Currency Long-Term and Underlying Ratings on the Bonds from 'A+' to 'AA-'.

The annual debt service requirements on the 2003 Series B loan as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

For the Years					
Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 885,000	\$ 295,313	\$	1,180,313	
2024	940,000	237,825		1,177,825	
2025	1,600,000	157,815		1,757,815	
2026	1,705,000	53,708		1,758,708	
Total	\$ 5,130,000	\$ 744,661	\$	5,874,661	

Loan from the Authority dated October 1, 2004

In 2004, the Authority issued the 2004 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series A and Series B in the original amounts of \$15,000,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively. The net proceeds of the bond issue were loaned to the Agency to provide funding for certain capital improvements, low/moderate income housing and to repay the City of Richmond \$6,367,031 in prior obligations. Under the terms of the loan agreement between the Agency and the Authority dated August 1, 2003, repayment of the loan is being made from certain subordinate housing and non-housing tax increment revenues derived from the taxable property within the Merged Project Area pledged by the Agency for the purpose of loan repayment.

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Loan from the Authority dated October 1, 2004, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for these loans as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

For the Years					
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 740,000	\$ 421,056	\$	1,161,056	
2024	690,000	382,160		1,072,160	
2025	710,000	344,080		1,054,080	
2026	750,000	304,368		1,054,368	
2027	5,220,000	141,984		5,361,984	
Total	\$ 8,110,000	\$ 1,593,648	\$	9,703,648	

Pledge of Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenues

The Bond issues and loans payable to the Authority discussed above consist of senior and parity obligations secured by future tax increment revenues. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues (housing and non-housing revenue) ends upon repayment of \$54,618,772 remaining debt service on the Bonds and loans which is scheduled to occur in 2037.

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. In addition, under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations. Total property taxes available for distribution to the Successor Agency and other taxing entities for fiscal year 2022 calculated by the County Auditor–Controller were \$43,112,344. The total received by the Successor Agency for fiscal year 2022 debt service and other enforceable obligations was \$10,741,388, which the Successor Agency used along with cash on-hand to pay debt service of \$10,464,587.

A special assessment district has been established in an area of the Agency to provide improvements to properties located in that district. Properties in the district are assessed for the cost of improvements: these assessments are payable solely by property owners over the term of the debt issued to finance these improvements. The Agency is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties in these special assessment districts, nor is it obligated to advance Agency funds to repay these debts in the event of default.

One District, Marina Westshore Community Facilities District No. 1998-1, had issued Community Facilities District No. 1998-1 Special Tax Bonds which had a remaining balance outstanding of \$1,775,000 at June 30, 2022.

D. Long-term Obligations, Continued

Conduit Debt

The Agency has assisted private-sector entities by sponsoring their issuance of debt for purposes the Agency deems to be in the public interest. These debt issues are secured solely by the property financed by the debt. The Agency is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties secured by these debts, nor is it obligated to advance Agency funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these issuers. At June 30, 2022, the balances of these issuers' outstanding debts were as follows:

Baycliff Apartment Project, 2004 Revenue Bonds

\$

Crescent Park Apartment Project, 2007 Series A & Series A-T Revenue Bonds

20,443,016

E. Commitments and Contingencies

State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent twelve-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Series 2022 Taxable Pension Refunding Bonds

On August 25, 2022, the City issued Series 2022 Taxable Pension Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$154,140,000. The proceeds from the Bonds were used to refund all of the City's outstanding Taxable Pension Funding Bonds, Series 2005 B-1 Bonds and Taxable Pension Funding Bonds, Series 2005 B-2, to pay interest rate swap termination fees and pay the costs of issuance related to the Series 2022 Bonds. The Bonds bear interest rates of 4.234% to 5.508%. Principal payments are due annually on January 15, 2026 through 2037 and semi-annual interest payments are due January 15 and July 15 commencing on July 15, 2023.

20. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Accounting Standards Adopted

➤ GASB Statement No. 87, Leases – The objective of this statement is to recognize in the financial statements certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

20. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, Continued

Accounting Standards Adopted, Continued

- ➤ GASB Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period The objective of this statement is to (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City for the current fiscal year.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus* 2020 The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates Statement No. 93 requires a government to terminate hedge accounting when it renegotiates or amends a critical term of a hedging derivative instrument, such as the reference rate of a hedging derivative instrument's variable payment. In addition, in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, replacement of the rate on which variable payments depend in a lease contract would require a government to apply the provisions for lease modifications, including remeasurement of the lease liability or lease receivable. The provisions of Statement No. 93 has multiple effective dates. The city has implemented GASB99 to allow the continued use of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark through the extended period of June 30, 2023.
- Sass Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

20. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, Continued

Accounting Standards Adopted, Continued

➤ GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 – The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement applies to the City for the current fiscal year.

New Accounting Standards

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

- ➤ GASB Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations The objective of this statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2023.
- Arrangements The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2023.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements The objective of this statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2024.

City of Richmond Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

20. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, Continued

New Accounting Standards, Continued

➤ GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – The primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2025.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgeting Procedures

The City adopts a budget annually to be effective July 1, for the ensuing fiscal year. Budgeted expenditures are adopted through the passage of a resolution. This resolution constitutes the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot legally be exceeded except by subsequent amendments of the budget by the City Council.

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds (State Gas Tax, General Purpose, Paratransit Operations, Public Safety, Lighting and Landscaping Districts, Developer Impact Fees, Community Development and Loan Programs, Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation, Rent Control, Cost Recovery and Environmental Community Investment Agreement) and the debt service funds (2005 Pension Obligation Bonds, General Debt Service and Civic Center Debt Service). Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budgets to review all appropriations and sources of financing. Capital projects funds are budgeted on a project length basis and are therefore not comparable on an annual basis.

Expenditures are controlled at the fund level for all budgeted departments within the City. This is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Budgeted amounts for the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual include budget amendments approved by City Council.

City of Richmond

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Original	Am	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	47,460,890	\$	45,233,561	\$	47,362,317	\$	2,128,756
Sales taxes	Ψ	50,060,211	Ψ	51,993,736	Ψ	53,453,323	Ψ	1,459,587
Utility user taxes		45,452,324		46,522,663		48,373,588		1,850,925
Other taxes		18,269,102		20,953,343		26,573,077		5,619,734
Licenses, permits and fees		9,569,100		8,144,350		8,731,752		587,402
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		550,000		468,897		405,439		(63,458)
Use of money and property		236,079		236,079		254,822		18,743
Intergovernmental		403,569		431,447		618,716		187,269
Charges for services		5,621,157		5,634,444		6,153,304		518,860
Rent		733,206		747,268		723,596		(23,672)
Other		158,977		1,510,327		898,401		(611,926)
Total revenues		178,514,615		181,876,115		193,548,335		11,672,220
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		35,672,860		34,814,698		33,961,939		852,759
Public safety		104,751,036		107,664,838		94,871,787		12,793,051
Public works		27,837,348		29,138,845		25,445,699		3,693,146
Cultural and recreational		11,014,614		11,238,867		10,268,987		969,880
Capital outlay		1,335,000		1,077,000		470,678		606,322
Debt service:								
Principal		945,068		945,068		2,782,527		(1,837,459)
Interest and fiscal charges		120,292		120,292		125,779		(5,487)
Total expenditures		181,676,218		184,999,608		167,927,396		17,072,212
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(3,161,603)		(3,123,493)		25,620,939		28,744,432
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from sale of property		100,000		100,000		6,788		(93,212)
Transfers in		11,656,182		12,004,224		9,859,938		(2,144,286)
Transfers out		(7,884,939)		(12,801,419)		(14,137,938)		(1,336,519)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,871,243		(697,195)		(4,271,212)		(3,574,017)
	\$	709,640	\$	(3,820,688)		21,349,727	\$	25,170,415
Net change in fund balances	Ψ	707,040	<u>Ψ</u>	(3,020,000)		21,047,121	<u>Ψ</u>	25,170,415
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						40 11 4 040		
Beginning of year						49,114,042		
End of year					\$	70,463,769		

City of Richmond

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development and Loan Programs Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other	\$ 668,221 200,042 966,432 991,904	\$	668,221 200,042 966,432 991,904	\$ 26,302 160,477 - 1,014,187	\$	(641,919) (39,565) (966,432) 22,283
Total revenues	2,826,599		2,826,599	 1,200,966		(1,625,633)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Community development Housing and redevelopment Capital outlay	3,221,421 1,492,165 1,150,000		3,499,301 1,545,048 1,150,000	507,865 735,675		2,991,436 809,373 1,150,000
Total expenditures	5,863,586		6,194,349	1,243,540		4,950,809
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,036,987)		(3,367,750)	(42,574)		3,325,176
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sale of property Transfers in Transfers out	106,036 562,101 (562,101)		106,036 562,101 (1,042,101)	81,689 - (10,000)		(24,347) (562,101) 1,032,101
Total other financing sources (uses)	 106,036		(373,964)	71,689		445,653
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,930,951)	\$	(3,741,714)	29,115	\$	3,770,829
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year, as restated				31,397,876		
End of year				\$ 31,426,991		

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	
Measurement Date	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 6,902,037	\$ 7,529,439	\$ 7,652,864	\$ 7,637,812	
Interest	35,423,024	34,974,846	34,315,542	33,323,855	
Differences between actual					
and expected experience	(6,412,719)	(4,393,691)	(331,531)	(4,642,948)	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(3,224,832)	
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(30,000,846)	(29,018,486)	(27,565,398)	(25,970,450)	
Net change in the total pension liability	5,911,496	9,092,108	14,071,477	7,123,437	
Total pension liability - beginning	513,389,020	504,296,912	490,225,435	483,101,998	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 519,300,516	\$ 513,389,020	\$ 504,296,912	\$ 490,225,435	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 14,612,575	\$ 13,778,755	\$ 12,156,723	\$ 10,489,795	
Contributions - employee	2,657,439	2,749,990	2,843,043	2,894,841	
Net investment income	83,636,340	18,237,576	23,350,283	28,880,923	
Plan to plan resource movement	(4,882)	-	-	(842)	
Administrative expense	(378,350)	(526,586)	(259,047)	(542,721)	
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(30,000,846)	(29,018,486)	(27,565,398)	(25,970,450)	
Other miscellaneous income (expense)		<u> </u>	842	(1,030,636)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	70,522,276	5,221,249	10,526,446	14,720,910	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	378,751,581	373,530,332	363,003,886	348,282,976	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 449,273,857	\$ 378,751,581	\$ 373,530,332	\$ 363,003,886	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 70,026,659	\$ 134,637,439	\$ 130,766,580	\$ 127,221,549	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
percentage of the total pension liability	86.52%	73.77%	74.07%	74.05%	
Covered payroll	\$ 32,686,024	\$ 35,129,597	\$ 36,295,759	\$ 35,725,311	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	214.24%	383.26%	360.28%	356.11%	
AT ((() 1 1 1 1					

Notes to the schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
\$ 8,053,459	\$ 7,200,571	\$ 7,446,410	\$ 7,816,868
32,804,753	32,305,003	31,414,256	30,597,498
(4 464 966)	(3,484,064)	(5.280.540)	
(4,464,966)	(3,404,004)	(5,280,549)	-
25,548,824	-	(7,116,200)	-
(25,074,448)	(23,917,069)	(23,302,793)	(23,007,539)
36,867,622	12,104,441	3,161,124	15,406,827
446,234,376	434,129,935	430,968,811	415,561,984
\$ 483,101,998	\$ 446,234,376	\$ 434,129,935	\$ 430,968,811
\$ 8,860,295	\$ 8,093,834	\$ 7,189,716	\$ 6,661,038
2,996,354	3,087,656	3,141,565	3,195,699
35,805,938	1,630,388	7,502,958	51,867,728
(50,018)	(4,762)	(6,885)	-
(481,651)	(205,714)	(379,925)	-
(25,074,448)	(23,917,069)	(23,302,793)	(23,007,539)
22,056,470	(11,315,667)	(5,855,364)	38,716,926
326,226,506	337,542,173	343,397,537	304,680,611
\$ 348,282,976	\$ 326,226,506	\$ 337,542,173	\$ 343,397,537
\$ 134,819,022	\$ 120,007,870	\$ 96,587,762	\$ 87,571,274
		, , ,	, ,
72.09%	73.11%	77.75%	79.68%
\$ 35,964,798	\$ 36,638,889	\$ 36,151,102	\$ 37,210,225
374.86%	327.54%	267.18%	235.34%

Changes in Assumptions: None in 2019,2020 or 2021. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 14,466,499	\$	14,438,844	\$	13,783,427	\$	12,150,650
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contributions	(14,466,499)		(14,438,844)		(13,783,427)		(12,150,650)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 31,565,766	\$	32,686,024	\$	35,129,597	\$	36,295,759
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	45.83%		44.17%		39.24%		33.48%
Notes to the schedule:							
Valuation date:	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2017		6/30/2016

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2020-21 were derived from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	For details, see June 30, 2018 CalPERS Funding Valuation
	Report
Asset valuation method	For details, see June 30, 2018 CalPERS Funding Valuation
	Report
Inflation	2.500%
Payroll growth	2.750%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service.
Investment rate of return	7.50% for 2015 to 2018, 7.375% for 2019, 7.25% for 2020, and
	7.00% for 2021 net of pension plan investment and
	administrative expenses, including inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS
	Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Mortality rate table	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS
	Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-
	retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years
	of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016
	published by the Society of Actuaries

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015			
\$ 10,436,250	\$ 8,867,763	\$ 8,084,584	\$ 7,178,549			
(10,436,250)	(8,867,763)	(8,084,584)	(7,178,549)			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
\$ 35,725,311	\$ 35,964,798	\$ 36,638,889	\$ 36,151,102			
29.21%	24.66%	22.07%	19.86%			
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012			

Safety Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022	 6/30/2021	6/30/2020	 6/30/2019
Measurement Date	6/30/2021	 6/30/2020	6/30/2019	 6/30/2018
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 10,261,858	\$ 10,958,278	\$ 11,313,128	\$ 11,391,456
Interest	48,387,109	47,218,257	46,009,128	44,562,419
Differences between actual				
and expected experience	(1,211,011)	(2,189,929)	433,759	413,272
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(2,676,340)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(41,557,485)	 (38,982,005)	(37,105,985)	 (35,123,568)
Net change in the total pension liability	15,880,471	17,004,601	20,650,030	18,567,239
Total pension liability - beginning	693,601,610	 676,597,009	 655,946,979	 637,379,740
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 709,482,081	\$ 693,601,610	\$ 676,597,009	\$ 655,946,979
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 21,598,699	\$ 19,362,087	\$ 16,658,515	\$ 14,016,085
Contributions - employee	4,314,111	4,232,707	4,238,132	4,226,345
Net investment income	105,126,083	22,875,702	29,333,974	36,380,672
Plan to plan resource movement	4,881	-	-	(1,062)
Administrative expense	(476,147)	(662,340)	(326,144)	(684,883)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(41,557,485)	(38,982,005)	(37,105,985)	(35,123,568)
Other miscellaneous income (expense)	 _	 _	 1,062	(1,300,605)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	89,010,142	6,826,151	12,799,554	17,512,984
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 476,652,329	 469,826,178	457,026,624	 439,513,640
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 565,662,471	\$ 476,652,329	\$ 469,826,178	\$ 457,026,624
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 143,819,610	\$ 216,949,281	\$ 206,770,831	\$ 198,920,355
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability	79.73%	68.72%	69.44%	69.67%
Covered payroll	\$ 33,272,769	\$ 34,316,884	\$ 35,870,534	\$ 34,439,607
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	432.24%	632.19%	576.44%	577.59%

Notes to the schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

 6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
 6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
\$ 11,650,927	\$ 10,297,536	\$ 10,142,245	\$ 10,167,167
43,264,626	41,950,593	40,142,006	38,254,517
797,969	2,950,295	3,799,388	_
	2,750,275		_
35,109,898	-	(9,563,090)	-
(33,620,000)	(30,593,589)	(28,747,508)	(27,199,743)
 57,203,420	24,604,835	15,773,041	21,221,941
 580,176,320	555,571,485	539,798,444	518,576,503
\$ 637,379,740	\$ 580,176,320	\$ 555,571,485	\$ 539,798,444
\$ 12,699,049	\$ 11,488,714	\$ 10,652,641	\$ 9,352,438
4,471,008	4,607,993	3,797,568	3,348,408
45,166,243	2,062,417	9,408,186	64,842,562
50,018	4,762	3,476	-
(607,337)	(258,432)	(477,249)	-
(33,620,000)	(30,593,589)	(28,747,508)	(27,199,743)
(33,020,000)	(30,393,389)	(20,747,300)	(27,199,743)
 <u> </u>	 	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>
28,158,981	(12,688,135)	(5,362,886)	50,343,665
 411,354,659	 424,042,794	 429,405,680	 379,062,015
\$ 439,513,640	\$ 411,354,659	\$ 424,042,794	\$ 429,405,680
\$ 197,866,100	\$ 168,821,661	\$ 131,528,691	\$ 110,392,764
68.96%	70.90%	76.33%	79.55%
\$ 37,273,957	\$ 37,352,212	\$ 36,161,966	\$ 35,479,947
530.84%	451.97%	363.72%	311.14%
JJ0.01/0	TO1.77 /0	303.1 2 /0	J11.14/0

Changes in Assumptions: None in 2019, 2020 or 2021. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

Safety Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	21,603,382	\$	21,315,231	\$	19,355,578	\$	16,363,802	
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contributions		(21,603,382)		(21,315,231)		(19,355,578)		(16,363,802)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Covered payroll	\$	30,325,691	\$	33,272,769	\$	34,316,884	\$	35,870,534	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		71.24%		64.06%		56.40%		45.62%	
Notes to the schedule: Valuation date:		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2017		6/30/2016	
		, , ,		, ,		, , ,		, , ,	

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2020-21.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	For details, see June 30, 2018 CalPERS Funding Valuation Report
Asset valuation method	For details, see June 30, 2018 CalPERS Funding Valuation
	Report
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll growth	2.750%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service.
Investment rate of return	7.50% for 2015 to 2018, 7.375% for 2019, 7.25% for 2020, and
	7.00% for 2021 net of pension plan investment and
	administrative expenses, including inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS
	Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Mortality rate table	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS
	Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-
	retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years
	of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016
	published by the Society of Actuaries

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

	6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015
\$	14,013,858	\$	12,696,582	\$	11,492,798	\$	10,650,057
	(14,013,858)		(12,696,582)		(11,492,798)		(10,650,057)
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
\$	34,439,607	\$	37,273,957	\$	37,352,212	\$	36,151,966
	40.69%		34.06%		30.77%		29.46%
ϵ	6/30/2015	Ć	5/30/2014	Ć	5/30/2013	(6/30/2012

were derived from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report.

General Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:		6/30/2022	(6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Measurement Date	6	/30/2022	6	/30/2021	6	/30/2020	6	/30/2019	
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest	\$	16,222	\$	35,526	\$	57,712	\$	70,585	
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		106,639		-		150,123	
Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits		-		72,660 -		66,443		102,792 -	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(371,727)		(401,991)		(424,760)		(494,605)	
Net change in the total pension liability		(355,505)		(187,166)		(300,605)		(171,105)	
Total pension liability - beginning		1,808,072		1,995,238		2,295,843		2,466,948	
Total pension liabilty - ending (a)	\$	1,452,567	\$	1,808,072	\$	1,995,238	\$	2,295,843	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - donations and other income Contributions - member Net investment income Other additions	\$	345,348 - - - 3,617	\$	319,025 - - - 5,501	\$	503,714 - - 23,724	\$	812,561 - - 8,124	
Benefit payments, including member contribution refunds		(371,727)		(401,991)		(424,760)		(494,605)	
Administrative expenses Other deductibles		- -		- -		- -		-	
Net change in the total pension liability		(22,762)		(77,465)		102,678		326,080	
Plan fidcuiary net position - beginning		1,093,026		1,170,491		1,067,813		741,733	
Plan fidcuiary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,070,264	\$	1,093,026	\$	1,170,491	\$	1,067,813	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	382,303	\$	715,046	\$	824,747	\$	1,228,030	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability		73.7%		60.5%		58.7%		46.5%	
Covered payroll		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a	

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

6	5/30/2018	(6/30/2017		6/30/2016	6	5/30/2015		6/30/2014
6	/30/2018	6	/30/2017	6	/30/2016	6	/30/2015	6	/30/2014
ф		Ф		ф		Ф		Ф	
\$ \$	80,100	\$ \$	- 92,742	\$ \$	107,632	\$ \$	- 128,954	\$ \$	- 147,247
	-		40,459		-		345,786		-
	(20,669)		-		-		322,312		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	(524,939)		(584,272)		(623,662)		(672,546)		(592,105)
	(465,508)		(451,071)		(516,030)		124,506		(444,858)
	2,932,456		3,383,527		3,899,557		3,775,051		4,219,909
\$	2,466,948	\$	2,932,456	\$	3,383,527	\$	3,899,557	\$	3,775,051
\$	814,594	\$	73,592	\$	602,970	\$	602,970	\$	602,970
	-		-		-		-		-
	- 2,207		3,351		2,255		2,017		(837)
	-		-		-		-		-
	(524,939)		(584,272)		(623,662)		(672,546)		(502 105)
	(324,939)		(304,272)		(023,002)		(072,340)		(592,105)
	-		-		-		-		-
	291,862		(507,329)		(18,437)		(67,559)		10,028
	449,871		957,200		975,637		1,043,196		1,033,168
\$	741,733	\$	449,871	\$	957,200	\$	975,637	\$	1,043,196
\$	1,725,215	\$	2,482,585	\$	2,426,327	\$	2,923,920	\$	2,731,855
	30.1%		15.3%		28.3%		25.0%		27.6%
	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
	,		,		,		,		,
	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

Police and Firemen's Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019
Measurement Date	 6/30/2022	6	6/30/2021	(6/30/2020	-	6/30/2019
Total Pension Liability							
Interest	\$ 283,996	\$	561,163	\$	606,022	\$	952,312
Differences between actual and expected experience	-		(3,680,825)		-		(3,103,425)
Changes in assumptions	-		28,483		-		1,037,914
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (1,117,194)		(1,412,673)		(1,793,082)		(2,170,136)
Net change in the total pension liability	(833,198)		(4,503,852)		(1,187,060)		(3,283,335)
Total pension liability - beginning	 8,672,774		13,176,626		14,363,686		17,647,021
Total pension liabilty - ending (a)	\$ 7,839,576	\$	8,672,774	\$	13,176,626	\$	14,363,686
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income	\$ - (1,939,002)	\$	937,004 2,527,138	\$	937,004 584,954	\$	1,270,466 645,593
Benefit payments, including member contribution refunds	(1,117,194)		(1,412,673)		(1,793,082)		(2,170,136)
Other deductibles	 						
Net change in the total pension liability	(3,056,196)		2,051,469		(271,124)		(254,077)
Plan fidcuiary net position - beginning	 13,113,847		11,062,378		11,333,502		11,587,579
Plan fidcuiary net position - ending (b)	\$ 10,057,651	\$	13,113,847	\$	11,062,378	\$	11,333,502
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (2,218,075)	\$	(4,441,073)	\$	2,114,248	\$	3,030,184
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability	128.3%		151.2%		84.0%		78.9%
Covered payroll	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016	6/30/2015			6/30/2014
6/30/2018	(6/30/2017	6	6/30/2016	(6/30/2015	(6/30/2014
\$ 1,031,753	\$	1,111,386	\$	1,214,089	\$	1,464,746	\$	1,579,762
-		261,891		-		(323,462)		-
-		-		-		1,380,854		-
 (2,656,508)		(2,859,902)		(3,140,552)		(3,074,421)		(3,436,887)
(1,624,755)		(1,486,625)		(1,926,463)		(552,283)		(1,857,125)
 19,271,776		20,758,401		22,684,864		23,237,147		25,094,272
\$ 17,647,021	\$	19,271,776	\$	20,758,401	\$	22,684,864	\$	23,237,147
\$ 1,270,466	\$	1,270,466	\$	1,222,197	\$	740,235	\$	740,235
589,027		1,340,997		(165,490)		369,240		2,968,492
(2,656,508)		(2,859,902)		(3,140,552)		(3,074,421)		(3,436,887) (3,424,568)
(797,015)		(248,439)		(2,083,845)		(1,964,946)		(3,152,728)
12,384,594		12,633,033		14,716,878		16,681,824		19,834,552
\$ 11,587,579	\$	12,384,594	\$	12,633,033	\$	14,716,878	\$	16,681,824
\$ 6,059,442	\$	6,887,182	\$	8,125,368	\$	7,967,986	\$	6,555,323
65.7%		64.3%		60.9%		64.9%		71.8%
n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

Garfield Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6,	/30/2022	6,	/30/2021	6	/30/2020	6,	/30/2019
Measurement Date	6/	30/2022	6/	′30/2021	6/30/2020		6/	′30/2019
Total Pension Liability Interest	\$	2,950	\$	4,877	\$	7,756	\$	17,334
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		51,995		-		(220,079)
Changes in assumptions		-		10,397		10,225		(1,426)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(51,807)		(50,048)		(49,067)		(77,703)
Net change in the total pension liability		(48,857)		17,221		(31,086)		(281,874)
Total pension liability - beginning		320,914		303,693		334,779		616,653
Total pension liabilty - ending (a)	\$	272,057	\$	320,914	\$	303,693	\$	334,779
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including member	\$	12,408 (1,751)	\$	- 1,984	\$	- 6,914	\$	102,140 7,024
contribution refunds		(51,807)		(50,048)		(49,067)		(77,703)
Net change in the total pension liability		(41,150)		(48,064)		(42,153)		31,461
Plan fidcuiary net position - beginning		249,005		297,069		339,222		307,761
Plan fidcuiary net position - ending (b)	\$	207,855	\$	249,005	\$	297,069	\$	339,222
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	64,202	\$	71,909	\$	6,624	\$	(4,443)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability		76.4%		77.6%		97.8%		101.3%
Covered payroll		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

6	/30/2018	6	/30/2017	6	/30/2016	6/30/2015		6	/30/2014
6/	/30/2018	6,	/30/2017	6,	/30/2016	6,	/30/2015	6/	/30/2014
\$	19,334	\$	19,517	\$	21,615	\$	28,597	\$	30,759
	-		67,810		-		(45,458)		-
	-		-		-		64,544		-
	(94,323)		(92,474)		(90,660)		(88,883)		(87,140)
	, ,								
	(74,989)		(5,147)		(69,045)		(41,200)		(56,381)
	691,642		696,789		765,834		807,034		863,415
\$	616,653	\$	691,642	\$	696,789	\$	765,834	\$	807,034
\$	102,140 2,627	\$	102,140 1,517	\$	102,140 933	\$	102,140 577	\$	102,140 227
	(94,323)		(92,474)		(90,660)		(88,883)		(87,141)
	10,444		11,183		12,413		13,834		15,226
	297,317		286,134		273,721		259,887		244,661
\$	307,761	\$	297,317	\$	286,134	\$	273,721	\$	259,887
\$	308,892	\$	394,325	\$	410,655	\$	492,113	\$	547,147
	49.9%		43.0%		41.1%		35.7%		32.2%
	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years

		(1)				(3)		
	A	ctuarially			(Contribution	(4)	(5)
	De	etermined		(2)		Deficiency	Covered	ADC/Covered
Fiscal Year	Co	ntribution		Employer		(Excess)	Employee	Employee Payroll
Ended		(ADC)		ntributions		(1) - (2)	Payroll	(1) / (4)
General Pension Plan								
June 30, 2011	\$	486,092	\$	486,092	\$	_	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2012	Ψ	455,662	Ψ	148,186	Ψ	307,476	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2013		502,278		660,992		(158,714)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2014		602,970		602,970		(===); ==) -	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2015		602,970		602,970		_	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2016		750,016		602,970		147,046	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2017		750,016		73,592		676,424	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2018		947,219		814,594		132,625	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2019		947,219		812,561		134,658	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2020		469,402		503,714		(34,312)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2021		312,462		319,025		(6,563)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2022		345,348		345,348		-	n/a	n/a
Police & Firemen's Pen	sion 1			,			,	,
June 30, 2011	\$	2,257,912	\$	_	\$	2,257,912	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2012	4	1,596,771	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,596,771	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2013		1,813,721		1,596,771		216,950	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2014		740,235		740,234		1	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2015		740,235		740,235		_ _	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2016		1,270,466		1,222,197		48,269	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2017		1,270,466		1,270,466		_	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2018		1,389,612		1,270,466		119,146	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2019		1,389,612		1,270,466		119,146	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2020		937,004		937,004		, -	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2021		937,004		937,004		_	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2022		, -		-		-	n/a	n/a
Garfield Pension Plan							·	·
June 30, 2011	\$	76,692	\$	76,692	\$	-	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2012		78,731		-		78,731	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2013		92,092		77,000		15,092	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2014		102,140		102,140		· -	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2015		102,140		102,140		_	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2016		78,987		102,140		(23,153)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2017		78,987		102,140		(23,153)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2018		86,103		102,140		(16,037)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2019		86,103		102,140		(16,037)	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2020		-		-		-	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2021		-		-		-	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2022		12,408		12,408		-	n/a	n/a

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years, Continued

Notes to Schedule:

Police and	General	Garfield
Firemen's Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported from the July 1, 2019 Actuarial Valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Entry age normal cost cost cost

Amortization method **Investment Gains & Losses:** Straight-line amortization over a closed 5-year period.

Effects of Assumptions Changes and Experience Gains and Losses:

Straight-line amortization over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. Since the plan no longer has active members, the effects of assumption changes and experience are recognized immediately.

Remaining amortization period	5 years	1 year	(A)
Asset valuation method	Market value of	Market value of	Market value of
	assets	assets	assets
Inflation (short-term)	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Salary increases used to estimate future			
increases to pensions	n/a	n/a	n/a
Discount rate, net of investment expenses	3.50%	1.00%	1.00%
Retirement age	Closed to new	Closed to new	Closed to new
Ü	members	members	members
Mortality	California PERS Mo	ortality Table in its 20	17 experience study

California PERS Mortality Table in its 2017 experience study (based on CalPERS 1997 - 2015 experience)

Schedule of Investment Returns - Last 10 Years*

Annual money-weighted rate

of return, net of

investment expense	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Pension Plan	0.36%	0.44%	1.54%	0.64%	1.00%	0.50%	0.30%	0.30%	0.10%
Police and Firemen's Pension Plan	-15.40%	22.61%	5.11%	5.51%	4.90%	11.80%	-1.20%	2.40%	3.90%
Garfield Pension Plan	-0.77%	0.72%	2.18%	1.93%	1.00%	0.60%	0.40%	0.30%	0.40%

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

⁽A) There is no amortization of unfudned liability if the plan is more than 100% funded.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULES

OPEB Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

For the Measurement Period Ended:	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ 2,088,997 6,997,592	\$ 2,072,961 6,846,932	\$ 4,292,499 7,222,766	\$ 3,452,679 7,625,498 (19,910,800)
Differences between actual and expected experience	(11,982,490)	(140,135)	(28,723,614)	-
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	 (6,119,213) (7,272,797)	1,173,106 (7,011,178)	(42,412,472) (7,753,129)	(1,409,953) (7,247,073)
Net change in the total OPEB liability	(16,287,911)	2,941,686	(67,373,950)	(17,489,649)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 123,244,653	 120,302,967	 187,676,917	205,166,566
Total OPEB liabilty - ending (a)	\$ 106,956,742	\$ 123,244,653	\$ 120,302,967	\$ 187,676,917
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Administrative expense Benefit payments Plan to Plan transfer (1)	\$ 10,042,891 589,125 (4,613,857) (61,195) (7,272,797)	\$ 9,515,699 623,088 6,562,745 (111,868) (7,011,178)	\$ 12,720,085 642,475 709,908 (89,764) (7,753,129)	\$ 6,714,785 532,288 1,170,454 (81,950) (7,247,073) (1,879,640)
Net change in the total OPEB liability	(1,315,833)	9,578,486	6,229,575	(791,136)
Plan fidcuiary net position - beginning	32,439,804	 22,861,318	 16,631,743	17,422,879
Plan fidcuiary net position - ending (b)	\$ 31,123,971	\$ 32,439,804	\$ 22,861,318	\$ 16,631,743
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 75,832,771	\$ 90,804,849	\$ 97,441,649	\$ 171,045,174
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total OPEB liability Covered employee payroll	\$ 29.10% 45,133,662	\$ 26.32% 46,698,024	\$ 19.00% 50,016,647	\$ 8.86% 49,511,523
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	168.02%	194.45%	194.82%	345.47%

⁽¹⁾ Transferred to the RPOA Plan established in fiscal year 2019.

^{*} Fiscal year 2017 was the 1st year of implementation.

6/30/2018	6/30/2017	
\$ 6,730,397 7,927,217	\$ 7,558,987 7,064,307	
(2,816,969)	-	
8,715,168 (6,861,529)	(15,340,529) (6,497,645)	
13,694,284	(7,214,880)	
191,472,282	198,687,162	
\$ 205,166,566	\$ 191,472,282	
\$ 13,599,120 765,475 632,089 (49,169) (6,861,529) - 8,085,986 9,336,893	\$ 13,218,475 278,850 227,394 (11,250) (6,497,645) - 7,215,824 2,121,069	
\$ 17,422,879	\$ 9,336,893	
\$ 187,743,687	\$ 182,135,389	
8.49% \$ 65,359,713	4.88% \$ 66,774,795	
287.25%	272.76%	

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULES, Continued

OPEB Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Schedule of Plan Contributions - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	 6/30/2022 6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		
Contractually required contributions (CRC) (1)/Actuarially determined employer contribution (ADEC)	\$ 9,525,000	\$	12,641,000	\$	7,753,129	\$	7,247,073
Contributions in relation to the CRC/ADEC	 (10,042,891)		(9,515,697)		(7,753,129)		(7,247,073)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (517,891)	\$	3,125,303	\$	-	\$	_

Notes:

(1) Before FY2021, the City does not calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution, but the City's agreements with its bargaining units provide for various benefit levels as discussed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Contributions reported include the implicit subsidy.

Schedule of Investment Returns - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Annual money weighted rate of return,				
net of investmentment expense	-13.92%	26.66%	3.48%	6.74%

^{*} Fiscal year 2017 was the 1st year of implementation.

 6/30/2018	6/30/2017						
\$ 6,861,529	\$	6,497,645					
(6,861,529)		(6,497,645)					
\$ 	\$	-					

6/30/2018	6/30/2017
6 30%	10.75%

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULES, Continued

RPOA OPEB Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

For the Measurement Period Ended:	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$	1,027,120 1,107,706	\$ 1,871,012 800,939	\$	2,053,367 850,944	\$	1,939,517 764,597 21,995,467	
Differences between actual and expected experience		(4,595,658)	10,367		(1,784,304)		-	
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments		(323,325) (382,892)	(9,082,375) (277,277)		401,383 (156,536)		- (82,673)	
Net change in the total OPEB liability		(3,167,049)	(6,677,334)		1,364,854		24,616,908	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		19,304,428	25,981,762		24,616,908			
Total OPEB liabilty - ending (a)	\$	16,137,379	\$ 19,304,428	\$	25,981,762	\$	24,616,908	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Plan to Plan transfer (1) Benefit payments Administrative expense	\$	1,955,147 403,650 (833,976) - (382,892) (3,187)	\$ 1,028,868 453,163 935,134 - (277,277) (2,612)	\$	1,851,964 425,213 170,322 - (156,536)	\$	82,673 - 1,879,640 (82,673)	
Net change in the total OPEB liability		1,138,742	2,137,276		2,290,963		1,879,640	
Plan fidcuiary net position - beginning		6,307,879	4,170,603		1,879,640			
Plan fidcuiary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,446,621	\$ 6,307,879	\$	4,170,603	\$	1,879,640	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	8,690,758	\$ 12,996,549	\$	21,811,159	\$	22,737,268	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total OPEB liability Covered employee payroll	\$	46.15% 13,527,611	\$ 32.68% 16,100,126	\$	16.05% 16,699,113	\$	7.64% 17,404,407	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		64.24%	80.72%		130.61%		130.64%	

⁽¹⁾ Transferred from the OPEB Plan.

^{*} Fiscal year 2019 was the 1st year of implementation.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULES, Continued

RPOA OPEB Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Schedule of Plan Contributions - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended:	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Contractually required(CRC)/Actuarially								
determined employer contributions (ADEC) (1)	\$	1,627,000	\$	1,878,000	\$	1,851,964	\$	82,673
Contributions in relation to the CRC/ADEC		(1,955,147)		(1,028,868)		(1,851,964)		(82,673)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(328.147)	\$	849,132	\$		\$	

Notes:

(1) Before FY2021 the City does not calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution, but the City's agreements with its bargaining units provide for various benefit levels as discussed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Contributions reported include the implicit subsidy.

^{*} Fiscal year 2019 was the 1st year of implementation.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

State Gas Tax Fund accounts for the subventions received from state gas taxes under the provision of the Streets and Highways Code. State gas taxes are restricted for street construction activities including location of underground utilities, geotechnical work relating to identification of soil and groundwater contamination, materials sampling, and testing.

General Purpose Fund accounts for other restricted monies that are to be used for the specific purposes for which the funds were set up.

Paratransit Operations Fund accounts for monies used to provide subsidized, accessible transportation to the seniors and disabled residents of the City of Richmond and the adjacent unincorporated areas of West Contra Costa County.

Employment & Training Fund is a fund set up to plan, administer and operate job training programs for the adult and youth residents of Richmond.

Public Safety Fund records the receipt and use of grant monies under the Local Law Enforcements Block Grant Program, Office of Traffic Safety Grants, OES Grants, FEMA Grants, and various other grants.

Lighting and Landscaping Districts Fund was set up to account for maintenance services in the nature of landscaping, lighting, cleaning provided to the Hilltop parking lot area, the Marina Way Development area, and the Marina Bay area.

Developer Impact Fees Fund is used to account for monies received from fees levied by the City on new commercial and residential projects. These funds will be used to mitigate the additional public safety and infrastructure costs resulting from these development projects.

Secured Pension Override Fund records the receipt of Pension Tax override collected through property taxes for payment of pension contributions.

Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation Fund accounts for the activities of the Corporation.

Rent Control Fund is used to account for fees paid by landlords to find the operation of Richmond's Fair Rent, Just Cause for Eviction, and Homeowner Protection programs.

Cost Recovery Fund is used to record the receipt and use of monies for services provided to the public and developers.

Environmental and Community Investment Agreement (ECIA) Fund accounts for funding received from Chevron in conjunction with the Chevron Modernization Project Environmental and Community Investment Agreement to fund various projects and programs within the City of Richmond.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for funding received from federal government in conjunction with the American Rescue Plan Act to provide resources to help turn the tide on the pandemic, address its economic fallout, and lay the foundation for a strong and equitable recovery.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

2005 *Pension Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund* receives transfers from the General Fund and the Pension Tax Override Fund, and pays the debt service on the 2005 Pension Obligation Bonds.

General Debt Service Fund accounts for monies received in connection with the 1995 A and the 1999 Series A Pension Obligation Bonds and the related payments on such debt. The 1995 Series A bonds were to refinance the cost of capital improvements, and the 1999 Series A bonds were issued to find a portion of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability in the Pension Fund.

Civic Center Debt Service Fund accounts for principal and interest payments on the Civic Center Project Lease Revenue Bonds.

Capital Projects Funds

General Capital Improvement Fund accounts for monies designated for capital improvement projects.

Measure C/J Fund was set up when the voters of Contra Costa County approved Measure C providing for the creation of the Contra Costa County Transportation Authority. The half-cent transportation sales tax was renewed under Measure J, effective April 1, 2009. The Authority collects one-half percent sales and use tax. Twenty percent of this tax is allocated to the City of Richmond to be used for the improvement of local transportation, including streets and roads in accordance with Measure C and Measure J compliance.

Harbor Navigation Fund records expenses relating to the construction of certain public improvements relating to the Port of Richmond consisting of dredging and deepening of the Richmond Harbor.

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City of Richmond Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds								
	State Gas Tax Fund	(General Purpose Fund	Paratransit Operations Fund	Employment and Training Fund				
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,224,8	98 \$	3,597,565 -	\$ 3,502	\$ 801,872 11,573				
Accounts, net	425,5	94	3	60	46,076				
Interest	2,5	45	1,353	67	-				
Grants		-	2,764,957	35,903	1,934,604				
Loans	-			-					
Total assets	4,653,0	37	6,363,878	39,532	2,794,125				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Refundable deposits Due to other funds	705,4	86	432,606	21,923	250,069 -				
Unearned revenue		-	1,977,605	-	206,005				
Total liabilities	705,4	86	2,410,211	21,923	456,074				
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue			2,013,166	35,903	1,222,191				
Total deferred inflows of resouces		-	2,013,166	35,903	1,222,191				
Fund Balances:									
Restricted Assigned	3,947,5	51 -	1,940,501 -	-	1,115,860				
Unassigned	-			(18,294)					
Total fund balances	3,947,5	51	1,940,501	(18,294)	1,115,860				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,653,0	37 \$	6,363,878	\$ 39,532	\$ 2,794,125				

					Special Rev	enue Funds				
Public Safety Fund		Lighting and Landscaping Districts Fund			Developer Impact Fees Fund	Secured Pension Override Fund	Ne St	Richmond ighborhood abilization poration Fund	Rent Control Fund	
\$	307,075	\$	1,519,163 -	\$	9,994,327 -	\$ -	\$	- 124,772	\$	1,324,958 -
	- 246		1,496 922		6,376	-		-		2,939 991
	-		-		-	-		- 779,013		-
	307,321		1,521,581		10,000,703			903,785		1,328,888
	- - -		42,237 - -		137,545 - -	- - -		7,581 - 41,505		27,806
	-		-		-			41,505		- 5,615
	-		42,237		137,545		_	49,086		33,421
	-		1,496		_			779,013		<u>-</u>
	-		1,496		-			779,013		-
	307,321		1,477,848		9,863,158 - -	- - -		75,686 - -		1,295,467 - -
	307,321		1,477,848		9,863,158			75,686		1,295,467
\$	307,321	\$	1,521,581	\$	10,000,703	\$ -	\$	903,785	\$	1,328,888

City of Richmond Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		:					
	Со	st Recovery Fund	Environmental and Community Investment Agreement Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund		005 Pension igation Bonds Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$	2,970,964	\$	20,069,562	\$	13,593,732 -	\$ 12,779,202
Accounts, net Interest		619,032 4,973		10,090		- 8,643	-
Grants Loans		6,980,951 -		- -		- -	 - -
Total assets		10,575,920		20,079,652		13,602,375	 12,779,202
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Refundable deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenue		1,389,947 669,256 - 70,093		4,222,376 - - -		172,378 - - 13,388,208	18,950 - - -
Total liabilities		2,129,296		4,222,376		13,560,586	18,950
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue		5,451,612		-		_	
Total deferred inflows of resouces		5,451,612		-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances:							
Restricted Assigned Unassigned		2,995,012 - -		15,857,276 - -		41,789 - -	12,760,252 - -
Total fund balances		2,995,012		15,857,276		41,789	12,760,252
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	10,575,920	\$	20,079,652	\$	13,602,375	\$ 12,779,202

Debt Ser	Debt Service Funds									
General Debt Service Fund		Civic Center Debt Service Fund		General Capital Improvement Fund		 Measure C/J Fund		Harbor Navigation Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	113	\$	1,075,213 52	\$	2,646,914 89,516	\$ 878,887 -	\$	45,589 -	\$	63,054,334 13,005,115
	- 94 - -		370 - -		93,500 - - -	349 2,965,609		- 29 - -		1,188,700 37,048 14,682,024 779,013
	207		1,075,635		2,829,930	3,844,845		45,618		92,746,234
	- - - -		- - - 2,432,668		171,283 - -	356,455 - - -		- - - -		7,956,642 669,256 41,505 18,080,194
			2,432,668		171,283	356,455				26,747,597
					-	1,060,456				10,563,837
					-	1,060,456				10,563,837
	207 - -		- - (1,357,033)		2,658,647 - -	 2,427,934 -		- 45,618 -		56,764,509 45,618 (1,375,327)
	207		(1,357,033)		2,658,647	 2,427,934		45,618		55,434,800
\$	207	\$	1,075,635	\$	2,829,930	\$ 3,844,845	\$	45,618	\$	92,746,234

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	State Gas Tax Fund	General Purpose Fund	Paratransit Operations Fund	Employment and Training Fund
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	25,000	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	2,054	-	-
Use of money and property	13,215	6,491	671	-
Intergovernmental	4,783,957	3,569,100	345,658	1,613,446
Charges for services	-	610,784	8,299	-
Other		5,666	92,003	942
Total revenues	4,797,172	4,219,095	446,631	1,614,388
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	-	835,671	814,328	-
Public safety	-	1,713,198	-	-
Public works	3,010,542	15,780	-	-
Community development	-	-	12,616	5,160,389
Cultural and recreational	-	182,147	-	-
Housing and redevelopment	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,080,666	16,000	-	3,109
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	4 001 200	27/270/		
Total expenditures	4,091,208	2,762,796	826,944	5,163,498
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	F0F 0 ()	4.454.000	(200.242)	(2.510.110)
EXPENDITURES	705,964	1,456,299	(380,313)	(3,549,110)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	224,865	-	2,189,330
Transfers out		(24,630)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		200,235		2,189,330
Net change in fund balances	705,964	1,656,534	(380,313)	(1,359,780)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):				
Beginning of year	3,241,587	283,967	362,019	2,475,640
End of year	\$ 3,947,551	\$ 1,940,501	\$ (18,294)	\$ 1,115,860

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
P	ublic Safety Fund	Lighting and Landscaping Districts Fund	Developer Impact Fees Fund	Secured Pension Override Fund	Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation Fund	Rent Control Fund
\$	- -	\$ 1,731,159 -	\$ - 926,649	\$ 10,609,053 -	\$ -	\$ - 2,332,429
	- 1,252 -	- 4,401 -	35,705 -	- -	2	6,803
	2,918	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	14,641
	4,170	1,735,560	962,354	10,609,053	2	2,353,873
	_	_		64,820		
	3,967	-	105,073	-	-	-
	-	2,280,250	487,778	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	6,627	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	57,336	2,207,882
	-	-	351,940	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3,967	2,280,250	951,418	64,820	57,336	2,207,882
	203	(544,690)	10,936	10,544,233	(57,334)	145,991
	-	664,930	-	(10,689,231)	10,000	-
	_	664,930		(10,689,231)	10,000	_
	203	120,240	10,936	(144,998)	(47,334)	145,991
	307,118	1,357,608	9,852,222	144,998	123,020	1,149,476
\$	307,321	\$ 1,477,848	\$ 9,863,158	\$ -	\$ 75,686	\$ 1,295,467

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	•	Special Revenue Fund	S	
	Cost Recovery Fund	Environmental and Community Investment Agreement Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	2005 Pension Obligation Bonds Fund
REVENUES:				
Property taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$ - 8,668,203	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 12,659,853 -
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	26,251 6,608,306	54,117 7,000,000	41,790 482,154	11,136 -
Charges for services Other	1,214,398 6,438	417	- -	- -
Total revenues	16,523,596	7,054,534	523,944	12,670,989
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: General government Public safety	8,720,804	4,442,789 58,465	3,671 -	- -
Public works Community development	891,597 -	264,412	-	-
Cultural and recreational Housing and redevelopment Capital outlay	- - 8,286,737	39,390 - 1,798,779	86,115 357,094 35,275	- - -
Debt service: Principal	-	-	-	10,302,000
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	17,899,138	6,603,835	482,155	1,458,010
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,375,542)	450,699	41,789	910,979
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in Transfers out	4,150,293	<u>-</u>		8,089
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,150,293		-	8,089
Net change in fund balances	2,774,751	450,699	41,789	919,068
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):				
Beginning of year	220,261	15,406,577	-	11,841,184
End of year	\$ 2,995,012	\$ 15,857,276	\$ 41,789	\$ 12,760,252

Debt S	Service Funds			Capital Projects Fund	s	
	General bt Service Fund	Civic Center Debt Service Fund	General Capital Improvement Fund	Measure C/J Fund	Harbor Navigation Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,000,065
	-	-	-	-	-	11,952,281
	-	-	-	-	-	2,054
	576	2,174	162	2,064	159	206,969
	-	-	-	2,993,244	-	27,395,865
	-	5,564,718	-	-	-	7,398,199
	-		121,500		-	244,525
	576	5,566,892	121,662	2,995,308	159	72,199,958
	-	-	-	-	-	14,882,083
	-	-	-	-		1,880,703
	-	-	106,089	1,420,494	-	8,476,942
	-	-	-	-	-	5,173,005
	-	-	-	-	-	314,279
	=	-	-	-	-	2,622,312
	-	-	636,757	723,104	-	12,932,367
	710,000	3,440,000	-	-	-	14,452,000
	239,961	4,294,097				5,992,068
	949,961	7,734,097	742,846	2,143,598	-	66,725,759
	(949,385)	(2,167,205)	(621,184)	851,710	159	5,474,199
	940,700	2,406,458	289,515 -	-	-	10,884,180 (10,713,861)
	940,700	2,406,458	289,515	_	-	170,319
	(8,685)	239,253	(331,669)	851,710	159	5,644,518
	8,892	(1,596,286)	2,990,316	1,576,224	45,459	49,790,282
\$	207	\$ (1,357,033)	\$ 2,658,647	\$ 2,427,934	\$ 45,618	\$ 55,434,800
	207	- (1,007,000)	- 2,000,047	- 2,12,704	- 10,010	- 35,151,500

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual State Gas Tax Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- 4,978,671	\$	- 4,978,671	\$	13,215 4,783,957	\$	13,215 (194,714)
Total revenues		4,978,671		4,978,671		4,797,172		(181,499)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works Capital outlay		2,651,894 2,326,797		3,361,018 2,222,568		3,010,542 1,080,666		350,476 1,141,902
Total expenditures		4,978,691		5,583,586		4,091,208		1,492,378
Net change in fund balances	\$	(20)	\$	(604,915)		705,964	\$	1,310,879
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year						3,241,587		
End of year					\$	3,947,551		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Purpose Fund

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	\$ 149,207 - - 1,688,649 -	\$ 149,207 - - 11,014,906 79,368 7,500	\$ 25,000 2,054 6,491 3,569,100 610,784 5,666	\$ (124,207) 2,054 6,491 (7,445,806) 531,416 (1,834)	
Total revenues	1,837,856	11,250,981	4,219,095	(7,031,886)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Public safety Public works Cultural and recreational Capital outlay Total expenditures	501,869 1,364,264 1,037 259,301 284,000	8,230,619 3,361,344 257,925 417,125 504,000	835,671 1,713,198 15,780 182,147 16,000 2,762,796	7,394,948 1,648,146 242,145 234,978 488,000 10,008,217	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(572,615)	(1,520,032)	1,456,299	2,976,331	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out		- -	224,865 (24,630)	224,865 (24,630)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	200,235	200,235	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (572,615)	\$ (1,520,032)	1,656,534	\$ 3,176,566	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year			283,967		
End of year			\$ 1,940,501		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Paratransit Operations Fund

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:			•		
Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	\$ - 840,000 -	\$ - 840,000 - -	\$ 671 345,658 8,299 92,003	\$ 671 (494,342) 8,299 92,003	
Total revenues	840,000	840,000	446,631	(393,369)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Community development	776,844 13,400	789,644 600	814,328 12,616	(24,684) (12,016)	
Total expenditures	790,244	790,244	826,944	(36,700)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 49,756	\$ 49,756	(380,313)	\$ (430,069)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):			•		
Beginning of year			362,019		
End of year			\$ (18,294)	•	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Employment and Training Fund

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		_	-	,
Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	\$ 6,250,873 193,536 151,738	\$ 6,847,112 193,536 151,738	\$ 1,613,446 - 942	\$ (5,233,666) (193,536) (150,796)
Total revenues	6,596,147	7,192,386	1,614,388	(5,577,998)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Community development Capital outlay	8,154,537 100,000	10,715,013 108,000	5,160,389 3,109	5,554,624 104,891
Total expenditures	8,254,537	10,823,013	5,163,498	5,659,515
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,658,390)	(3,630,627)	(3,549,110)	81,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	1,445,705	3,425,705	2,189,330	(1,236,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,445,705	3,425,705	2,189,330	(1,236,375)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (212,685)	\$ (204,922)	(1,359,780)	\$ (1,154,858)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):			•	
Beginning of year			2,475,640	
End of year			\$ 1,115,860	•

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Safety Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
		Originar		THAT		inounts		(tegative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	360,335	\$	360,335	\$	1,252	\$	1,252 (360,335)
Other		-		-		2,918		2,918
Total revenues		360,335		360,335		4,170		(356,165)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		579,835		579,835		3,967		575,868
Total expenditures	-	579,835		579,835		3,967		575,868
Net change in fund balances	\$	(219,500)	\$	(219,500)		203	\$	219,703
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year						307,118		
End of year					\$	307,321		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Lighting and Landscaping Districts Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Use of money and property	\$	1,728,833	\$	1,728,833	\$ 1,731,159 4,401	\$	2,326 4,401
Total revenues		1,728,833		1,728,833	 1,735,560		6,727
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works		2,509,414		2,603,414	 2,280,250		323,164
Total expenditures		2,509,414		2,603,414	 2,280,250		323,164
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(780,581)		(874,581)	(544,690)		329,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-	664,930		664,930	664,930		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		664,930		664,930	664,930		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(115,651)	\$	(209,651)	120,240	\$	329,891
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):				_			
Beginning of year					1,357,608		
End of year					\$ 1,477,848		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Developer Impact Fees Fund

							riance with nal Budget
	 Budgeted	Amou			Actual	Positive	
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	783,321 -	\$	926,649 35,705	\$	143,328 35,705
Total revenues	 -		783,321		962,354		179,033
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety	167,762		173,400		105,073		68,327
Public works	515,000		730,358		487,778		242,580
Cultural and recreational Capital outlay	523,334 1,376,311		524,698 2,516,393		6,627 351,940		518,071 2,164,453
Capital Outlay	 1,370,311		2,010,090		331,940		2,104,433
Total expenditures	 2,582,407		3,944,849		951,418		2,993,431
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,582,407)	\$	(3,161,528)		10,936	\$	3,172,464
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year					9,852,222		
End of year				\$	9,863,158		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Secured Pension Override Fund

					Variance with Final Budget	
	Budg	eted Am	nounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	i i	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 11,420,6	05 \$	11,420,605	\$ 10,609,053	\$ (811,552)	
Total revenues	11,420,0	05	11,420,605	10,609,053	(811,552)	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government Public safety	937,	- 004	937,004	64,820	(64,820) 937,004	
Total expenditures	937,0	004	937,004	64,820	872,184	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	10,483,0	01	10,483,601	10,544,233	60,632	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(10,858,7	(42)	(10,337,600)	(10,689,231)	(351,631)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,858,7	(42)	(10,337,600)	(10,689,231)	(351,631)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (375,7	41) \$	146,001	(144,998)	\$ (290,999)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year				144,998		
End of year				\$ -		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Richmond Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation Fund

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	- I'lliai	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property Other	\$ 144 15,000		\$ 2	\$ (142) (15,000)	
Total revenues	15,144	15,144	2	(15,142)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Housing and redevelopment	41,991	41,991	57,336	(15,345)	
Total expenditures	41,991	41,991	57,336	(15,345)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(26,847	(26,847)	(57,334)	(30,487)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in			10,000	10,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)			10,000	10,000	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (26,847	\$ (26,847)	(47,334)	\$ (20,487)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year			123,020		
End of year			\$ 75,686	•	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Rent Control Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								<u> </u>
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Other	\$	2,893,854 14,460 30,000	\$	2,893,854 14,460 30,000	\$	2,332,429 6,803 14,641	\$	(561,425) (7,657) (15,359)
Total revenues		2,938,314		2,938,314		2,353,873		(584,441)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Housing and redevelopment		2,613,278		2,616,278		2,207,882		408,396
Total expenditures		2,613,278		2,616,278		2,207,882		408,396
Net change in fund balances	\$	325,036	\$	322,036		145,991	\$	(176,045)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year						1,149,476		
End of year					\$	1,295,467		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Cost Recovery Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	\$	7,065,663 - 15,333,845 3,786,000	\$	7,093,462 - 17,208,845 3,786,000	\$	8,668,203 26,251 6,608,306 1,214,398 6,438	\$	1,574,741 26,251 (10,600,539) (2,571,602) 6,438
Total revenues		26,185,508		28,088,307		16,523,596		(11,564,711)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government Public works Capital outlay Total expenditures REVENUES OVER (UNDER)		10,788,567 878,609 14,673,845 26,341,021		13,939,498 1,345,292 25,751,314 41,036,104		8,720,804 891,597 8,286,737 17,899,138		5,218,694 453,695 17,464,577 23,136,966
EXPENDITURES		(155,513)		(12,947,797)		(1,375,542)		11,572,255
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	-			1,800,000		4,150,293		2,350,293
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		1,800,000		4,150,293		2,350,293
Net change in fund balances	\$	(155,513)	\$	(11,147,797)		2,774,751	\$	13,922,548
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year						220,261		
End of year					\$	2,995,012		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Environmental and Community Investment Agreement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budge	ed Amounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
	Originar			7 Infounts	(1)	vegutive)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other	\$ 58,00	- \$ 0 58,	- \$,000 -	54,117 7,000,000 417	\$	54,117 6,942,000 417
Total revenues	58,00	0 58,	,000	7,054,534		6,996,534
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	7,886,03	7,186	,030	4,442,789		2,743,241
Public safety	148,00		,000	58,465		89,535
Public works	271,80	0 384,	,089	264,412		119,677
Community development		-	-	-		-
Cultural and recreational	534,43	0 534,	,430	39,390		495,040
Capital outlay	1,512,67	8 2,968,	,658	1,798,779		1,169,879
Total expenditures	10,352,93	8 11,221,	,207	6,603,835		4,617,372
Net change in fund balances	\$ (10,294,93	8) \$ (11,163,	,207)	450,699	\$	11,613,906
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year				15,406,577		
End of year			\$	15,857,276		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual American Rescue Plan Act Fund

						Va	riance with
						Fi	nal Budget
		Budgeted Amounts				Positive	
	Origi	nal	Final	An	nounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ -	- -	\$	41,790 482,154	\$	41,790 482,154
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	-		523,944		523,944
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:			•••				-0/0
General government		-	300,000		3,671		296,329
Cultural and recreational		-	250,000		86,115		163,885
Housing and redevelopment		-	1,000,000		357,094		642,906
Capital outlay	-		3,000,000		35,275		2,964,725
Total expenditures		-	4,550,000		482,155		4,067,845
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(4,550,000)		41,789	\$	4,591,789
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year					-		
End of year				\$	41,789		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 2005 Pension Obligation Bonds Fund

		eted An	mounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Use of money and property	\$ 12,659,	353 \$ -	12,659,853	\$	12,659,853 11,136	\$	11,136
Total revenues	12,659,	353	12,659,853		12,670,989		11,136
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	10,302, 3,560,		10,302,000 3,560,146		10,302,000 1,458,010		2,102,136
Total expenditures	13,862,	46	13,862,146		11,760,010	1.1	2,102,136
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(1,202,	293)	(1,202,293)		910,979		2,113,272
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-	-		8,089	. —	8,089
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		8,089		8,089
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,202,	293) \$	(1,202,293)		919,068	\$	2,121,361
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year					11,841,184		
End of year				\$	12,760,252	:	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Debt Service Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Filial	Amounts		
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 576	\$ 576	
Total revenues			576	576	
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	710,000 239,396	710,000 239,396	710,000 239,961	- (565)	
Total expenditures	949,396	949,396	949,961	(565)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(949,396)	(949,396)	(949,385)	11	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	1,092,338	1,092,338	940,700	(151,638)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,092,338	1,092,338	940,700	(151,638)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 142,942	\$ 142,942	(8,685)	\$ (151,627)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year			8,892		
End of year			\$ 207		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Civic Center Debt Service Fund

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property Charges for services	\$ - 5,445,541	\$ - 5,445,541	\$ 2,174 5,564,718	2,174 119,177	
Total revenues	5,445,541	5,445,541	5,566,892	121,351	
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	3,440,000 4,285,100	3,440,000 4,285,100	3,440,000 4,294,097	- (8,997)	
Total expenditures	7,725,100	7,725,100	7,734,097	(8,997)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,279,559)	(2,279,559)	(2,167,205)	112,354	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	2,406,458	2,406,458	2,406,458		
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,406,458	2,406,458	2,406,458		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 126,899	\$ 126,899	239,253	\$ 112,354	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):			•		
Beginning of year			(1,596,286)		
End of year			\$ (1,357,033)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Capital Improvement Fund

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES: Use of money and property Other	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 162 121,500	\$ 162 121,500	
Total revenues			121,662	121,662	
EXPENDITURES:		-			
Current: Public works Capital outlay	- 6,053,380	160,610 3,534,569	106,089 636,757	54,521 2,897,812	
Total expenditures	6,053,380	3,695,179	742,846	2,952,333	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(6,053,380)	(3,695,179)	(621,184)	3,073,995	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		1,520,000	289,515	(1,230,485)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,520,000	289,515	(1,230,485)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (6,053,380)	\$ (2,175,179)	(331,669)	\$ 1,843,510	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year			2,990,316		
End of year			\$ 2,658,647		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Measure C/J Fund

	Budgete	rd Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$ 4,446,194	\$ - 4,446,194	\$ 2,064 2,993,244	\$ 2,064 (1,452,950)
Total revenues	4,446,194	4,446,194	2,995,308	(1,450,886)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public works Capital outlay	1,324,957 3,096,513	, ,	1,420,494 723,104	736,210 3,031,247
Total expenditures	4,421,470	5,911,055	2,143,598	3,767,457
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	24,724	(1,464,861)	851,710	2,316,571
Net change in fund balances	\$ 24,724	\$ (1,464,861)	851,710	\$ 2,316,571
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):			-	
Beginning of year			1,576,224	
End of year			\$ 2,427,934	•

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Harbor Navigation Fund

	Orig	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	- \$	- \$	159	\$	159
Total revenues		-		159		159
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	159	\$	159
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year				45,459		
End of year			\$	45,618		

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Richmond Marina Fund records revenues collected from berth rentals and the use of the marina facilities. The fund also records expenses incurred for the operation of the facility and for the payment of the loan from the California Department of Boating and Waterways.

Storm Sewer Fund records the revenues from storm sewer fees and transfers from operations reserves. It also records the expenses of maintaining a clean storm sewer system so that the City is in compliance with the federally mandated Storm Water Pollution Prevention Program.

Cable TV Fund was setup for the administration and enforcement of the franchise agreements with two cable television systems, management of municipal cable channel, departmental video services, media and public information, and telecommunications planning. The fund records revenue received from franchise fees and indirect charges to other funds and administration expenses incurred in operating the system.

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Richmond Marina Fund	Storm Sewer Fund	Cable TV Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,534,858 86,625	\$ 1,730,786 -	\$ 737,865 -	\$ 7,003,509 86,625
Accounts, net Interest	87,577 2,796	4,432 955	258,351 471	350,360 4,222
Total current assets	4,711,856	1,736,173	996,687	7,444,716
Noncurrent assets: Receivables: Lease receivables	5,396,449	-	-	5,396,449
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	330,794	3,566,834	140.000	3,897,628
Depreciable Less accumulated depreciation	4,338,356 (3,235,723)	30,889,661 (29,892,160)	140,882 (122,805)	35,368,899 (33,250,688)
Net capital assets	1,433,427	4,564,335	18,077	6,015,839
Total noncurrent assets	6,829,876	4,564,335	18,077	11,412,288
Total assets	11,541,732	6,300,508	1,014,764	18,857,004
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11/011/102	0,000,000	1,011,701	10/00//001
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		12,788	204,702	217,490
Deferred outflows of resources - Defision Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	- -	4,918	35,121	40,039
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	17,706	239,823	257,529
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Refundable deposits Compensated absences - current	16,994 92,202 88,466	525,581 - 1,200 -	13,258 - - 40,598	555,833 92,202 89,666 40,598
Long-term debt - current	106,231	526,781	- -	106,231
Total current liabilities	303,893	320,781	53,856	884,530
Noncurrent liabilities: Unearned revenue Compensated absences	-	591,867	- 11,091	591,867 11,091
Long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	2,128,971	61,899 111,989	990,883 799,924	2,128,971 1,052,782 911,913
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,128,971	765,755	1,801,898	4,696,624
Total liabilities	2,432,864	1,292,536	1,855,754	5,581,154
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - leases	- - 5,371,636	39,070 53,316	625,433 380,828	664,503 434,144 5,371,636
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,371,636	92,386	1,006,261	6,470,283
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	(801,775) 86,625	4,564,335	18,077	3,780,637 86,625
Unrestricted	4,452,382	368,957	(1,625,505)	3,195,834
Total net position	\$ 3,737,232	\$ 4,933,292	\$ (1,607,428)	\$ 7,063,096

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

	Richmond Marina Fund	Storm Sewer Fund	Cable TV Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Rental	\$ 162,777	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 162,777
Service charges		2,056,362	1,103,873	3,160,235
Lease income	361,875	5,453		367,328
Total operating revenues	524,652	2,061,815	1,103,873	3,690,340
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and benefits		(235,910)	395,746	159,836
General and administrative	59,643	1,399,958	264,038	1,723,639
Maintenance		-	3,048	3,048
Depreciation	85,456	45,037	1,824	132,317
Total operating expenses	145,099	1,209,085	664,656	2,018,840
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	379,553	852,730	439,217	1,671,500
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest income	116,926	3,454	2,538	122,918
Interest expense	(100,965	(73,491)		(174,456)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	15,961	(70,037)	2,538	(51,538)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	395,514	782,693	441,755	1,619,962
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:				
Transfers in		2,654,027	-	2,654,027
Transfers out	(86,778	-		(86,778)
Total contributions and transfers	(86,778	2,654,027		2,567,249
Change in net position	308,736	3,436,720	441,755	4,187,211
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	3,428,496	1,496,572	(2,049,183)	2,875,885
End of year	\$ 3,737,232	\$ 4,933,292	\$ (1,607,428)	\$ 7,063,096

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Richmond Marina Fund		Storm Sewer Fund		Cable TV Fund	Total Nonmajor erprise Funds
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	551,149 (42,156)	\$	2,062,962 (1,197,987) (46,923)	\$ 1,135,845 (264,155) (786,116)	\$ 3,749,956 (1,504,298) (833,039)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		508,993		818,052	85,574	1,412,619
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Interfund receipts (payments) Transfers in Transfers out		- - (86,778)		(2,580,535) 2,654,027 -	- - -	(2,580,535) 2,654,027 (86,778)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(86,778)		73,492		 (13,286)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on capital debt Interest paid		(101,656) (105,158)		(42,934) - (73,491)	(19,901) - -	(62,835) (101,656) (178,649)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(206,814)		(116,425)	(19,901)	(343,140)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest		115,428		2,499	 2,256	120,183
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		115,428		2,499	 2,256	120,183
Net cash flows		330,829		777,618	67,929	1,176,376
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year		4,290,654		953,168	 669,936	 5,913,758
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - End of year	\$	4,621,483	\$	1,730,786	\$ 737,865	\$ 7,090,134
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	379,553	\$	852,730	\$ 439,217	\$ 1,671,500
Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		85,456		45,037	1,824	132,317
Receivables, net Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Refundable deposits Compensated absences payable Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows		51,310 16,994 493		1,147 201,971 - - (227,241)	31,972 2,931 - 4,114 (371,283)	84,429 221,896 493 4,114 (598,524)
Net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows lease receivable and deferred outflows/inflows		(24,813)		(55,592)	(23,201)	 (78,793) (24,813)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	508,993	\$	818,052	\$ 85,574	\$ 1,412,619

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds introduced by GASB Statement No. 34 does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that for the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the fund financial statements, including the funds below.

Insurance Reserves Fund is used to report activities related to employees' claims due to industrial injuries and activities related to general claims against the City for damages incurred.

Equipment Services and Replacement Fund is used to report activities related to maintenance and replacement of City vehicles.

Compensated Absences Fund is used to account for sick, vacation and compensatory time leave payouts related to employee retirements.

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Insurance Reserves	Equipment Services and Replacement		Services and Com		vices and Compensated		Total Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS									
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 49,671,087	\$	3,807,444	\$	1,079,336	\$	54,557,867		
Accounts, net Interest Grants	29,982 3,290,326		3,312 2,093		-		3,312 32,075 3,290,326		
Total current assets	52,991,395		3,812,849		1,079,336		57,883,580		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Depreciable Less accumulated depreciation	 -		31,213,838 (20,988,195)		-		31,213,838 (20,988,195)		
Net capital assets	 -		10,225,643				10,225,643		
Total noncurrent assets	-		10,225,643		_		10,225,643		
Total assets	 52,991,395		14,038,492		1,079,336		68,109,223		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	232,347 26,903		- -		- -		232,347 26,903		
Total deferred outflows of resources	259,250		_		-		259,250		
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Compensated absences - current Claims payable - current Long-term debt - current	983,366 - 66,303 14,606,071		2,342 8,485 - 261,947		- - - -		985,708 8,485 66,303 14,606,071 261,947		
Total current liabilities	15,655,740		272,774		-		15,928,514		
Noncurrent liabilities: Claims payable Long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	36,486,531 - 1,124,702 612,742		1,474,133		-		36,486,531 1,474,133 1,124,702 612,742		
Total noncurrent liabilities	 38,223,975		1,474,133		-		39,698,108		
Total liabilities	 53,879,715		1,746,907		-		55,626,622		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	709,898 291,715		- -		- -		709,898 291,715		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,001,613		_		-		1,001,613		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	 								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	- (1,630,683)		8,489,563 3,802,022		- 1,079,336		8,489,563 3,250,675		
Total net position	\$ (1,630,683)	\$	12,291,585	\$	1,079,336	\$	11,740,238		

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

	Insurance Reserves	S	Equipment ervices and Replacement	ices and Compensated		Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Service charges - internal	\$ 17,113,205	\$	2,416,000	\$	2,600,000	\$	22,129,205
Other	 		101,003		-		101,003
Total operating revenues	 17,113,205		2,517,003		2,600,000		22,230,208
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits	(1,878,475)		-		2,431,615		553,140
General and administrative	1,151,902		-		-		1,151,902
Maintenance	7,744,626		(201,092)		-		7,543,534
Depreciation	-		2,254,908		-		2,254,908
Claims losses	21,145,703				-		21,145,703
Total operating expenses	 28,163,756		2,053,816		2,431,615		32,649,187
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (11,050,551)		463,187		168,385		(10,418,979)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Gain (loss) from retirement of capital assets	-		(3,361)		-		(3,361)
Interest income	241,212		6,788		-		248,000
Grants	7,217,327		-		-		7,217,327
Interest expense	 -		(72,836)		-		(72,836)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 7,458,539		(69,409)		-		7,389,130
Income (loss) before							
contributions and transfers	 (3,592,012)		393,778		168,385		(3,029,849)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:							
Capital contributions Transfers in	- -		1,358,413 601,018		- -		1,358,413 601,018
Total contributions and transfers	 -		1,959,431		-		1,959,431
Change in net position	(3,592,012)		2,353,209		168,385		(1,070,418)
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year, as restated	 1,961,329		9,938,376		910,951		12,810,656
End of year	\$ (1,630,683)	\$	12,291,585	\$	1,079,336	\$	11,740,238

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Insurance Reserves	Se	quipment rvices and placement	ompensated Absences	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Insurance premiums and claims paid	\$	17,122,205 (9,522,895) (1,030,138) (14,445,440)	\$	2,513,691 203,434 -	\$ 2,600,000 - (2,431,615)	\$	22,235,896 (9,319,461) (3,461,753) (14,445,440)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(7,876,268)		2,717,125	168,385		(4,990,758)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	·		
Interfund receipts (payments) Transfers in		2,580,535 -		601,018	 - -		2,580,535 601,018
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		2,580,535		601,018	 		3,181,553
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Grant receipts Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on capital debt Interest paid		3,927,001 - -		(736,759) (251,950) (74,068)	- - -		3,927,001 (736,759) (251,950) (74,068)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		3,927,001		(1,062,777)			2,864,224
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Interest		227,360		4,757	-		232,117
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		227,360		4,757	_		232,117
Net cash flows		(1,141,372)		2,260,123	168,385		1,287,136
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year		50,812,459		1,547,321	 910,951		53,270,731
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - End of year	\$	49,671,087	\$	3,807,444	\$ 1,079,336	\$	54,557,867
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOS CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACT	,						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(11,050,551)	\$	463,187	\$ 168,385	\$	(10,418,979)
Depreciation expense		-		2,254,908	-		2,254,908
Changes in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net Prepaids and other assets		9,000		(3,312)	-		5,688
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(626,367)		2,342	-		(624,025)
Compensated absences payable		(44,924)		-	-		(44,924)
Claims payable Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows		6,700,263 (1,657,674)		-	-		6,700,263 (1,657,674)
Net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows		(1,206,015)		_	 -		(1,206,015)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(7,876,268)	\$	2,717,125	\$ 168,385	\$	(4,990,758)

TRUST FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds

General Pension Fund records the activity of the General Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan that covers 28 former City employees not covered by PERS, all of whom have retired.

Police and Firemen's Pension Fund records the activity of the Police and Firemen's Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan that covers 75 police and fire personnel employed prior to October 1964.

Garfield Pension Fund records the activity of the Garfield Pension Plan, a defined contribution pension plan that was set up for a retired police chief.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Pt. Molate Fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for the U.S. Navy and a private developer for the cleanup of Point Molate.

Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency.

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds June 30, 2022

	General		Police and		Garfield		
		Pension	Fir	emen's Pension		Pension	 Total
ASSETS							
Restricted cash and investments	\$	1,069,561	\$	53,324	\$	23,671	\$ 1,146,556
Local Agency Investment Fund		-		-		184,164	184,164
Mutual fund investments		-		10,001,639		-	10,001,639
Interest receivable		704		142		20	 866
Total assets		1,070,265		10,055,105		207,855	 11,333,225
NET POSITION:							
Restricted for employees' pension and OPEB benefits		1,070,265		10,055,105		207,855	11,333,225
Total net position	\$	1,070,265	\$	10,055,105	\$	207,855	\$ 11,333,225

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Pension						
		General Pension		Police and emen's Pension		Garfield Pension	Total
ADDITIONS:							
Contributions to trust - employers	\$	345,348	\$	-	\$	12,408	\$ 357,756
Net investment income:							
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		502		(2,097,001)		(2,382)	(2,098,881)
Interest income		3,116		235,257		631	239,004
Less investment management fees		-		(77,258)			 (77,258)
Total additions		348,966		(1,939,002)		10,657	(1,579,379)
DEDUCTIONS:							
Pension benefits		371,727		1,119,740		51,807	 1,543,274
Total deductions		371,727		1,119,740		51,807	1,543,274
Change in net position		(22,761)		(3,058,742)		(41,150)	(3,122,653)
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year		1,093,026		13,113,847		249,005	14,455,878
End of year	\$	1,070,265	\$	10,055,105	\$	207,855	\$ 11,333,225

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2022

	Pt. Molate	Succe Agency Richmond C Redevelopm	to the	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaids and other assets	\$ 1,458,779 - 6	\$	6,909,914 16,667,383 523 - 5,485,179	\$ 6,909,914 18,126,162 523 6 5,485,179
Total assets	1,458,785		29,062,999	30,521,784
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources - deferred loss on refunding	_		391,179	391,179
Total deferred outflows of resources	_		391,179	391,179
LIABILITIES			,	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Long-term debt:	167,655 -		66,551 593,945	234,206 593,945
Due within one year Due in more than one year	- -		6,590,000 47,043,648	6,590,000 47,043,648
Total liabilities	167,655		54,294,144	54,461,799
NET POSITION:				
Held in trust for other governments	 1,291,130		(24,839,966)	 (23,548,836)
Total net position	\$ 1,291,130	\$	(24,839,966)	\$ (23,548,836)

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Pt. Molate	Redevelopment Agency		Total
ADDITIONS:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 8,306,100	\$	8,306,100
Interest income	231	218,764		218,995
Gain from sale of property		954,500		954,500
Total additions	 231	9,479,364		9,479,595
DEDUCTIONS:				
Community development	-	1,459,882		1,459,882
Payments in accordance with trust agreements	903,639	-		903,639
Interest and fiscal charges		2,052,525		2,052,525
Total deductions	903,639	3,512,407		4,416,046
Change in net position	(903,408)	5,966,957		5,063,549
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	 2,194,538	(30,806,923)		(28,612,385)
End of year	\$ 1,291,130	\$ (24,839,966)	\$	(23,548,836)

City of Richmond

Subcombining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency June 30, 2022

	Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund Administration		Capital Projects	Bond Funded Capital Projects	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaids and other assets Total assets	\$	2,558,733 - - - 2,558,733	\$ 467 - - - - 467	\$ 4,350,714 3,485,447 523 5,485,179 13,321,863	\$ - - - -
Total assets		2,336,733	407	13,321,003	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outlows of resources - deferred loss on refunding		-	-	-	_
Total deferred outflows of resources		-			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	467	66,084	-
Interest payable		-	-	-	-
Long-term debt:					
Due within one year		-	-	-	-
Due in more than one year		-			
Total liabilities		_	467	66,084	
NET POSITION:					
Held in trust for successor agency		2,558,733		13,255,779	<u>-</u>
Total net position	\$	2,558,733	\$ -	\$ 13,255,779	\$ -

Bond	Intrafund	
Payments	Eliminations	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,909,914
13,181,936	-	16,667,383
-	-	523
		5,485,179
13,181,936		29,062,999
391,179		391,179
391,179		391,179
-	-	66,551
593,945	-	593,945
6,590,000	-	6,590,000
47,043,648		47,043,648
54,227,593		54,294,144
(40,654,478)		(24,839,966)
\$ (40,654,478)	\$ -	\$ (24,839,966)

City of Richmond

Subcombining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Successor Agency to the Richmond Community Redevelopment Agency For the year ended June 30, 2022

	evelopment operty Tax		Capital		Bond Funded	
	rust Fund	Administration	Projects		Capital Projects	
ADDITIONS:						
Property taxes	\$ 8,306,100	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	
Net investment income:						
Interest income	-	-		118,263	-	
Less investment management fees	-	-		-	-	
Transfers from other funds	-	409,709		48,613	-	
Gain from sale of property	 -	_		954,500		
Total additions	 8,306,100	409,709		1,121,376		
DEDUCTIONS:						
Community development	-	409,709		473,232	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-	-	
Transfers to other funds	 10,913,829			30,067		
Total deductions	10,913,829	409,709		503,299		
Change in net position	(2,607,729)	-		618,077	-	
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	 5,166,462			12,637,702		
End of year	\$ 2,558,733	\$ -	\$	13,255,779	\$ -	

Bond		Intrafund				
Payments	E	liminations		Total		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,306,100		
100,501		-		218,764		
-		-		-		
10,500,574		(10,958,896)		-		
				954,500		
 10,601,075		(10,958,896)		9,479,364		
576,941		-		1,459,882		
2,052,525		-		2,052,525		
15,000		(10,958,896)		-		
2,644,466		(10,958,896)		3,512,407		
7,956,609		-		5,966,957		
(48,611,087)				(30,806,923)		
\$ (40,654,478)	\$	-	\$	(24,839,966)		

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds

Special Assessment Fund accounts for the monies collected and disbursed for land-based debt, where the City is not obligated for the debt.

General Agency Fund accounts for the assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Johnson Library Fund accounts for nonexpendable funds to be used to provide funding for special library projects.

Senior Center Fund accounts for assets held by the City in an agent capacity for programs benefiting the senior citizens residing within the City.

JPFA Reassessment Fund receives secured tax payments (from assessment rolls), and makes payments on the JPFA Revenue Reassessment Bonds; Series 2011A.

2016 *A&B Reassessment District Fund* receives payments of principal and interest on prior assessment bonds, and makes payment on the JPFA Reassessment Revenue Bonds Series A and B.

City of Richmond Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Special General Assessment Agency			Johnson Library	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 895,475	\$	2,861,960	\$	10,799
Restricted cash and investments	342,267		18,161		-
Interest receivable	 529		1,779		7
Total assets	1,238,271		2,881,900		10,806
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 -				_
Total liabilities			<u>-</u>		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Individuals, organizations, and					
other governments	1,238,271		2,881,900		10,806
Total net position	\$ 1,238,271	\$	2,881,900	\$	10,806

Senior Center	JPFA Reassessment		2016 A&B Reassessment District		Total Custodial Funds
\$ 64,292 - 39	\$	1,851,403 - 1,158	\$	740,712 187,154 392	\$ 6,424,641 547,582 3,904
64,331		1,852,561		928,258	6,976,127
 4,801					 4,801
 4,801		-		-	4,801
59,530		1,852,561		928,258	6,971,326
\$ 59,530	\$	1,852,561	\$	928,258	\$ 6,971,326

City of Richmond

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Special Assessment	General Agency		Johnson Library
ADDITIONS:				
Property taxes Contributions Net investment income:	\$ 318,947	\$ - 265,011	\$	-
Interest income	 2,879	9,343		37
Total additions	 321,826	 274,354		37
DEDUCTIONS:				
Interest and fiscal charges Other	321,448 -	 - 98,728		- -
Total deductions	 321,448	98,728		
Change in net position	378	175,626		37
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	1,237,893	2,706,274		10,769
End of year	\$ 1,238,271	\$ 2,881,900	\$	10,806

				2016 A&B	Total		
Senior		JPFA	Re	eassessment	(Custodial	
Center	Rea	assessment		District		Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	889,454	\$	1,208,401	
14,686		-		-		279,697	
218		6,418		2,259		21,154	
14,904		6,418		891,713		1,509,252	
-		-		1,591,472		1,912,920	
 18,357		-		-		117,085	
 18,357				1,591,472		2,030,005	
(3,453)		6,418		(699,759)		(520,753)	
(2.002		1 047 140		1 (20 017		7 402 070	
 62,983		1,846,143		1,628,017		7,492,079	
\$ 59,530	\$	1,852,561	\$	928,258	\$	6,971,326	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF RICHMOND JUNE 30, 2022

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Property Tax Rates, All Overlapping Governments
- 3. Principal Property Tax Payers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 5. Utility Users Tax Collections
- 6. Utility Users Tax Direct Rates
- 7. Top Ten Utility Users Taxpayers

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Revenue Bond Coverage 1999, 2006, 2008, 2010A & 2010B Wastewater Revenue Bonds
- 3. Revenue Bond Coverage 1996, 1999, 2004, 2007, and 2009 Port Terminal Lease Revenue Bonds, Note and Point Potrero Lease Revenue Bonds.
- 4. General Bonded Debt Pension Obligation Bonds
- 5. Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage Tax Allocation Bonds all Refunding Bonds
- 6. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 7. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

CITY OF RICHMOND JUNE 30, 2022

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

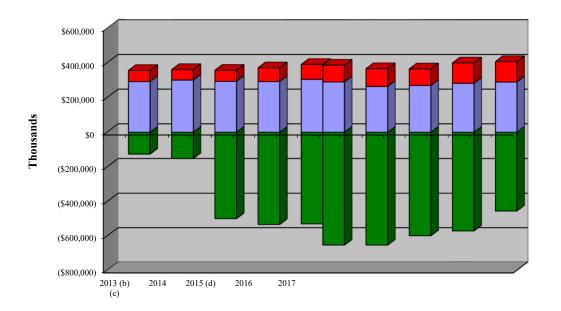
- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF RICHMOND

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)



■Net Investment in Capital Assets

		Fiscal Year Er	ided June 30		
	2013 (b) (c)	2014	2015 (d)	2016	2017
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$214,572,546	\$227,828,243	\$218,144,811	\$228,292,389	\$233,619,046
Restricted	55,396,056	50,461,923	54,578,939	70,322,707	76,810,440
Unrestricted	(119,231,699)	(148,161,106)	(479,961,080)	(508,981,299)	(504,602,583)
Total governmental activities net position	\$150,736,903	\$130,129,060	(\$207,237,330)	(\$210,366,203)	(\$194,173,097)
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$76,966,448	\$72,911,000	\$74,922,303	\$63,405,228	\$71,000,240
Restricted	9,196,255	9,793,767	9,408,237	9,008,038	9,441,288
Unrestricted	(6,365,742)	(3,096,845)	(18,432,590)	(23,382,659)	(24,096,174)
Total business-type activities net position	\$79,796,961	\$79,607,922	\$65,897,950	\$49,030,607	\$56,345,354
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$291,538,994	\$300,739,243	\$293,067,114	\$291,697,617	\$304,619,286
Restricted	64,592,311	60,255,690	63,987,176	79,330,745	86,251,728
Unrestricted	(125,597,441)	(151,257,951)	(498,393,670)	(532,363,958)	(528,698,757)
Total primary government net position	\$230,533,864	\$209,736,982	(\$141,339,380)	(\$161,335,596)	(\$137,827,743)

- (a) Balance was restated in fiscal year 2013. Years prior to 2012 have not been restated.
- (b) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position".
- (c) Balance was restated in fiscal year 2014. Years prior to 2013 have not been restated.
- (d) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Years prior to 2015 have not been restated.
- (e) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Years prior to 2018 have not been restated.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	Tiscai Teai Ei			
2018(e)	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$221,336,363	\$211,717,676	\$205,374,054	\$206,419,763	\$213,930,154
		. , ,		
87,380,363	93,157,922	93,703,974	103,401,613	117,136,516
(625,067,289)	(644,341,826)	(597,270,745)	(568,565,683)	(491,415,035)
(\$316,350,563)	(\$339,466,228)	(\$298,192,717)	(\$258,744,307)	(\$160,348,365)
\$68,213,687	\$52,161,380	\$64,270,898	\$75,738,268	\$75,469,292
9,514,522	9,440,965	1,517,087	13,859,999	607,958
(27,908,968)	(8,644,683)	(1,045,003)	(1,417,443)	37,774,604
\$49,819,241	\$52,957,662	\$64,742,982	\$88,180,824	\$113,851,854
\$289,550,050	\$263,879,056	\$269,644,952	\$282,158,031	\$289,399,446
96,894,885	102,598,887	95,221,061	117,261,612	117,744,474
(652,976,257)	(652,986,509)	(598,315,748)	(569,983,126)	(453,640,431)
(\$266,531,322)	(\$286,508,566)	(\$233,449,735)	(\$170,563,483)	(\$46,496,511)

CITY OF RICHMOND **Changes in Net Position** Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013 (b)	2014	2015 (c)	2016	2017
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government Public Safety	\$35,272,517 97,136,602	\$36,119,297	\$28,879,074 102,732,652	\$32,197,941	\$34,851,005 104,919,259
Public Works	46,011,618	102,664,551 46,403,830	43,363,799	107,380,286 44,410,102	41,558,084
Community Development	4,909,158	4,618,101	4,771,875	5,003,045	3,290,142
Cultural and Recreational	12,129,962	10,808,931	10,492,020	11,021,226	10,996,526
Housing and Redevelopment Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,816,094 15,411,831	1,984,908 19,439,248	2,751,290 17,219,905	2,051,898 18,902,831	7,449,423 16,387,887
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	213,687,782	222,038,866	210,210,615	220,967,329	219,452,326
Business-Type Activities:		,,		.,,.	
Richmond Housing Authority	28,992,229	29,771,151	28,049,474	26,385,133	26,241,916
Port of Richmond Richmond Marina	9,337,252 266,918	9,530,693 253,190	9,923,282 235,054	11,132,997 237,129	10,102,104 230,621
Municipal Sewer	16,964,175	16,298,623	15,965,608	16,446,626	17,720,735
Storm Sewer	2,815,541	3,210,678	3,282,406	2,465,929	2,320,723
Cable TV	990,802	890,846	948,426	2,114,436	1,028,185
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	59,366,917 \$273,054,699	59,955,181 \$281,994,047	58,404,250 \$268,614,865	58,782,250 \$279,749,579	57,644,284 \$277,096,610
•	\$275,054,077	\$201,774,047	\$200,014,003	3217,147,317	\$277,090,010
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	\$11,596,612	\$16,917,113	\$11,107,654	\$12,468,525	\$15,543,381
Public Safety	5,400,290	6,217,749	10,466,292	7,271,472	8,932,212
Public Works Community Development	3,090,211 234,836	4,160,804 405,404	3,609,577	3,936,242	4,796,586 615,388
Cultural and Recreational	516,499	584,475	1,385,689 475,091	1,069,767 1,128,267	1,252,192
Housing and Redevelopment	510,155	501,175	175,071	42,040	1,232,172
Operating Grants and Contributions	9,703,416	8,434,018	9,231,039	20,994,534	16,083,370
Capital Grants and Contributions	11,360,153	34,530,908	21,097,186	17,534,992	14,008,833
Total Government Activities Program Revenues Business-Type Activities:	41,902,017	71,250,471	57,372,528	64,445,839	61,231,962
Charges for Services:					
Richmond Housing Authority	2,619,669	2,638,834	1,917,602	1,851,337	3,067,020
Port of Richmond	9,043,026	10,201,751	9,480,367	10,581,419	10,182,777
Municipal Sewer Richmond Marina	17,733,454 466,921	18,569,191 456,956	19,033,406 488,201	19,757,863 517,108	20,767,925 540,567
Storm Sewer	1,842,001	1,869,064	1,845,648	1,966,537	1,992,758
Cable TV	1,320,552	1,228,864	1,376,194	1,320,486	1,339,104
Operating Grants and Contributions	22,323,336	21,953,401	22,112,391	21,951,328	22,636,922
Capital Grants and Contributions	10,087,538	1,673,398 58,591,459	2,189,724	2,155,686 60,101,764	969,910 61,496,983
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$107,338,514	\$129,841,930	58,443,533 \$115,816,061	\$124,547,603	\$122,728,945
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental Activities	(\$171,785,765)	(\$150,788,395)	(\$152,838,087)	(\$156,521,490)	(\$158,220,364)
Business-Type Activities	6,069,580	(1,363,722)	39,283	1,319,514	3,852,699
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$165,716,185)	(\$152,152,117)	(\$152,798,804)	(\$155,201,976)	(\$154,367,665)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities: Taxes:					
Property Taxes:					
Current Collections	\$47,207,734	\$42,226,820	\$45,129,392	\$51,302,638	\$56,588,547
Sales Taxes	29,865,548	29,627,711	33,155,376	40,877,125	41,620,189
Utility User Taxes Documentary Transfer Taxes	48,398,349 2,957,834	48,033,706 3,461,473	48,299,958 4,818,936	43,365,249 6,187,096	44,966,489 7,452,985
Other Taxes	3,289,518	3,592,218	5,099,511	5,734,802	5,329,465
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	44,814		1,806,532	43,312	49,448
Use of Money and Property	11,331,823	(1,164,987)	(4,752,198)	1,198,266	12,230,256
Gain From Sale of Capital Assets Miscellaneous	3,461,402	174,874 3,229,898	268,927 2,151,042	262,667 4,258,061	64,651 5,138,724
Pension Stabilization Revenue	2,549,922	998,839	954,202	915,860	885,938
Developer Revenue Sharing					
Transfers	(590,394)		178,487	600,000	86,778
Special/Extraordinary Items: Swap Termination				(16,321,171)	
Transfer of Loans to Housing Successor				(10,321,171)	
Assets Transferred To/Liabilities Assumed By				14,968,712	
Housing Successor/Successor Agency	(5,328,244)				
Total Government Activities Business-Type Activities:	143,188,306	130,180,552	137,110,165	153,392,617	174,413,470
Taxes:					
Property Taxes					
Use of Money and Property	4,054,073	(185,246)	(563,129)	(3,076,857)	3,548,826
Settlement					
Other Special Item				(14,510,000)	
Transfers	590,394		(178,487)	(600,000)	(86,778)
Extraordinary Items	9,023,704	1,359,929	(270,107)	(300,000)	(00,770)
Total Business-Type Activities	13,668,171	1,174,683	(741,616)	(18,186,857)	3,462,048
Total Primary Government	\$156,856,477	\$131,355,235	\$136,368,549	\$135,205,760	\$177,875,518
Change in Net Position					
Governmental Activities	(\$28,597,459)	(\$20,607,843)	(\$15,727,922)	(\$3,128,873)	\$16,193,106
Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	19,737,751 (\$8,859,708)	(189,039) (\$20,796,882)	(702,333) (\$16,430,255)	(16,867,343) (\$19,996,216)	7,314,747 \$23,507,853
(a) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31			. , , ,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	//

⁽a) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its net position transferred to a Successor Agency.

(b) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position".

(c) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Years prior to 2015 have not been restated.

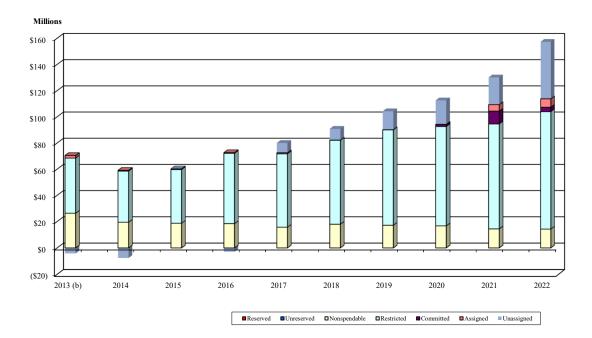
(d) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Years prior to 2018 have not been restated.

2018 (d)	2019	2020	2021	2022
	201)	2020	2021	2022
\$45,715,329	\$45,626,305	\$43,495,871	\$46,917,122	\$48,312,14
114,932,219	116,621,006	108,947,688	94,378,715	68,259,77
48,617,290	49,893,124	45,051,479	33,979,639	35,554,87
4,589,328	5,791,630	4,115,214	4,534,280	3,552,36
14,280,985	15,074,312	10,409,881	9,006,470	9,969,79
3,442,239	2,676,897	2,807,611	3,007,152	3,375,87
16,127,479	15,380,005	14,896,558	12,825,356	12,322,28
247,704,869	251,063,279	229,724,302	204,648,734	181,347,12
30,978,813	36,766,319	5,834,686	3,607,603	(1,750,79
10,257,553	8,811,486	7,744,773	6,263,232	4,763,55
327,442	273,929	21,767,690	20,466,640	246,06
21,696,370	19,259,997	241,445	227,391	18,140,94
1,661,808	1,643,453	1,965,353	1,796,422	1,282,57
1,697,155	973,747	671,790	788,957	664,65
66,619,141	67,728,931	38,225,737	33,150,245	23,346,99
\$314,324,010	\$318,792,210	\$267,950,039	\$237,798,979	\$204,694,1
\$16,838,782	\$15,310,347	\$13,211,033	\$13,777,010	\$18,422,3
8,147,458	7,124,227	6,631,900	3,674,412	3,448,0
6,529,172	5,118,216	7,792,157	7,198,221	4,405,8
1,748,222	1,603,581	827,055	665,999	110,5
1,545,399	2,200,702	1,111,472	814,073	577,9
1,878,958	2,189,703			
20,556,989	20,514,833	25,354,387	29,316,141	37,756,4
10,471,376	5,778,572	4,987,273	4,386,950	10,787,0
67,716,356	59,840,181	59,915,277	59,832,806	75,508,2
1,740,399	3,329,072	841,319	861,943	782,9
10,580,246	10,629,229	10,454,061	10,704,024	10,530,6
22,447,439	24,476,967	27,934,684	27,759,474	28,168,9
537,438	602,591	564,988	574,453	524,6
2,068,110	1,942,171	2,087,561	2,103,928	2,061,8
1,281,952	1,240,754	1,203,837	1,145,936	1,103,8
26,098,804	28,666,300	4,027,791	3,771,674	2,211,7
1,155,536	2,170,137	322,164	13,167	
\$133,626,280	73,057,221 \$132,897,402	47,436,405 \$107,351,682	\$106,767,405	45,384,6 \$120,892,9
\$133,020,200	9192,077,102	\$107,551,002	\$100,707,103	\$120,072,71
(\$179,988,513)	(\$191,223,098)	(\$169,809,025)	(\$144,815,928)	(\$105,838,82
(709,217)	5,328,290 (\$185,894,808)	9,210,668	(\$131,031,574)	
	5,328,290 (\$185,894,808)	9,210,668 (\$160,598,357)	(\$131,031,574)	
(709,217)				
(709,217)				(\$83,801,1
(709,217) (\$180,697,730)	(\$185,894,808)	(\$160,598,357)	(\$131,031,574)	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,50
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408	(\$83,801,1: 65,248,5i 53,453,3:
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406	(\$83,801,1 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705	(\$83,801,1 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135	(\$83,801,1 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047	63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602	(\$83,801,1 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004	(\$83,801,1 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779	63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2 (3,516,6)
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988)	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2 (3,516,6)
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988)	(\$83,801,1! 65,248,51 53,453,3: 48,373,5: 18,612,0: 8,176,5 7,241,1: 1,593,8: 88,4: 2,140,2: (3,516,6)
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988)	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,5 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2 (3,516,6) 201,410,9
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259 175,217,523	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947)	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988) 184,799,432 145,810 11,279,988 11,425,798	(\$83,801,1! 65,248,51 53,453,3: 48,373,5: 18,612,0: 8,176,5 7,241,1: 1,593,8: 88,4: 2,140,2: (3,516,6: 201,410,9: 909,5:
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259 175,217,523 3,431,293	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947) 168,107,433	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778 179,405,736 770,319 (86,778)	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988) 184,799,432	(\$83,801,1! 65,248,51 53,453,3: 48,373,5: 18,612,0: 8,176,5 7,241,1: 1,593,8: 88,4: 2,140,2: (3,516,6): 201,410,9: 909,5!
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259 175,217,523 3,431,293 (86,778) 3,344,515 \$178,562,038	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947) 168,107,433 (1,015,459) 220,947 (794,512) \$167,312,921	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778 179,405,736 770,319 (86,778) 683,541 \$180,089,277	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988) 184,799,432 145,810 11,279,988 11,425,798 \$196,225,230	(\$83,801,1) 65,248,55 53,453,3 48,373,5 18,612,0 8,176,5 7,241,1 1,593,8 88,4 2,140,2 (3,516,6) 201,410,9 909,5 3,516,6 4,426,2 \$205,837,2
(709,217) (\$180,697,730) 59,441,796 44,474,973 46,079,755 6,486,347 6,144,968 58,842 7,000,785 39,226 4,195,794 86,778 1,208,259 175,217,523 3,431,293 (86,778) 3,344,515	(\$185,894,808) 60,592,022 47,659,481 45,905,937 8,011,672 6,227,213 4,705,047 (6,825,744) 71,779 1,980,973 (220,947) 168,107,433 (1,015,459) 220,947	(\$160,598,357) 63,004,942 44,537,156 45,552,523 8,707,564 7,127,375 5,367,784 2,946,978 82,036 1,992,600 86,778 179,405,736 770,319 (86,778)	(\$131,031,574) 65,075,408 48,998,406 45,240,705 19,857,680 7,424,135 6,593,602 1,461,004 71,458 1,357,022 (11,279,988) 184,799,432 145,810 11,279,988 11,425,798	22,037,6: (\$83,801,1!) 65,248,51 (\$83,801,1!) 65,248,51 (\$3,453,3: 48,373,5: 18,612,0: 8,176,5 7,241,11 1,593,8: 88,4 2,140,2 (3,516,66) 201,410,9: 909,5: 3,516,66 4,426,2: \$205,837,2: \$95,572,16 26,463,8*

CITY OF RICHMOND

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



•	2013 (b)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$26,366,829	\$19,505,987	\$18,708,682	\$18,404,669	\$15,697,680	\$17,967,653	\$17,170,714	\$16,705,993	\$14,399,738	\$14,242,186
Restricted										\$1,505,053
Committed								\$1,500,000	\$9,800,000	\$3,383,453
Assigned	219,646	56,786	23,934	4,460	10,013	72,506	63,180	113,349	2,436,475	6,397,688
Unassigned	10,238,862	7,979,055	9,949,120	10,988,266	19,709,197	17,590,764	19,534,660	20,326,889	22,477,829	44,935,389
Total General Fund	\$36,825,337	\$27,541,828	\$28,681,736	\$29,397,395	\$35,416,890	\$35,630,923	\$36,768,554	\$38,646,231	\$49,114,042	\$70,463,769 (a)
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable			\$484	\$550						
Restricted	\$42,117,459	\$39,066,351	41,017,602	53,752,247	\$56,052,014	\$64,125,353	\$72,865,392	\$75,880,927	\$80,161,994	\$88,191,500
Committed										
Assigned	1,734,260	428,766	430,083	431,867	782,617	43,906	44,602	45,264	2,521,099	45,618
Unassigned	(14,357,112)	(15,499,990)	(9,755,130)	(13,824,433)	(12,190,388)	(8,939,781)	(5,403,755)	(2,000,302)	(1,677,775)	(1,375,327)
Total all other governmental funds	\$29,494,607	\$23,995,127	\$31,693,039	\$40,360,231	\$44,644,243	\$55,229,478	\$67,506,239	\$73,925,889	\$81,005,318	\$86,861,791 (a)

⁽a) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

⁽b) Balance was restated in fiscal year 2014. Years prior to 2013 have not been restated.

CITY OF RICHMOND

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Davanuas					
Revenues Property taxes	\$48,518,328	\$43,559,305	\$46,498,061	\$52,714,540	\$58,042,766
Sales taxes	29,865,548	29,627,711	33,131,486	40,877,125	41,620,189
Utility user fees	48,398,349	48,033,706	48,299,958	43,365,249	44,966,489
Other taxes	6,247,352	7,053,691	9,918,447	11,628,519	12,566,579
Licenses, permits and fees	11,830,426	7,713,634	12,409,625	12,235,483	16,577,695
Developer revenue sharing	11,030,120	1,113,031	12,107,025	12,230, 100	10,077,070
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	617,509	821,411	1,353,518	901,838	1,065,421
Use of money and property	557,936	153,958	225,529	212,787	422,324
Intergovernmental	19,995,922	17,078,035	19,228,997	14,440,543	19,913,858
Private grants	,,-=	,	,,,	12,971,138	5,000,000
Charges for services	9,350,051	20,022,968	13,607,840	13,462,270	15,947,909
Pension stabilization revenue	2,549,922	998,839	954,202	915,860	885,938
Rent	681,141	708,626	809,113	768,753	839,821
Other	2,703,133	2,845,117	1,977,688	4,300,150	5,472,719
Total Revenues	181,315,617	178,617,001	188,414,464	208,794,255	223,321,708
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	33,251,610	32,005,878	29,786,089	31,819,369	36,973,645
Public safety	87,573,539	91,676,955	90,219,981	94,774,545	95,479,682
Public works	26,065,996	26,363,885	25,806,437	25,690,663	30,327,553
Community development	4,709,478	4,357,885	4,586,333	4,843,687	6,374,607
Cultural and recreational	11,175,362	10,223,708	10,021,481	10,551,337	10,786,216
Housing and redevelopment	3,089,640	2,266,265	2,625,533	3,038,135	7,672,540
SERAF					
Capital outlay	15,704,486	14,365,888	8,178,649	8,566,563	3,667,134
Debt service:					
Principal repayment	8,691,629	6,775,769	7,842,830	9,148,909	9,966,416
Interest and fiscal charges	7,504,922	10,989,996	13,407,604	12,503,442	11,471,169
Swap termination payment				28,554,000	
Total Expenditures	197,766,662	199,026,229	192,474,937	229,490,650	212,718,962
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(16,451,045)	(20,409,228)	(4,060,473)	(20,696,395)	10,602,746
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	52.610	174.074	269.027	2/2//7	101 022
Proceeds from sale of property	53,618	174,874	268,927	262,667	181,022
Transfers in	21,145,031	20,145,264	12,879,975	12,124,166	18,770,780
Transfers out	(19,666,470)	(20,859,344)	(13,815,569)	(12,091,206)	(19,251,041)
Payment to refund bond escrow agent	2 (21 559	6.165.445	11 175 427	29 200 000	
Issuance of long-term debt	2,621,558	6,165,445	11,175,436	28,390,000	
Bond issuance premium Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>106,740</u> 4,260,477	5,626,239	82,880 10,591,649	1,393,619 30,079,246	(299,239)
Total outer infalleng sources (uses)	7,200,777	3,020,237	10,571,047	30,077,240	(277,237)
Special and Extraordinary Items					
Assets transferred to/liabilities assumed by					
Housing Successor/Successor Agency					
Transfer of loans to housing successor					
Interfund advance restructuring	745,119				
Total Special and Extraordinary Items	745,119				
Net Change in fund balances	(\$11,445,449)	(\$14,782,989)	\$6,531,176	\$9,382,851	\$10,303,507
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	8.7%	9.4%	11.4%	9.8%	10.3%
	0.770	2.170	11.1/0	2.070	10.570

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

	Fisca	al Year Ended June 30,				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
\$60,963,189	\$66,816,032	\$68,285,321	\$70,294,487	\$72,362,382		
44,474,973	47,659,481	44,537,156	48,998,406	53,453,323		
46,079,755	45,905,937	45,552,523	45,240,705	48,373,588		
12,413,127	14,020,347	15,619,151	27,066,292	26,573,077		
21,552,883	18,865,730	15,385,538	18,316,552	20,710,335		
	0.4.4.4		4 4			
1,001,927	964,255	815,910	455,470	407,493		
746,525	1,302,922	1,302,020	472,216	622,268		
20,137,593	17,691,976	24,284,779	23,912,334	28,014,581		
9,000,000	9,000,000	16,007,006	15 271 500	12.551.502		
17,045,201	16,625,733	16,807,806	15,371,589	13,551,503		
852,940	988,741	892,579	699,301	723,596		
4,418,779	2,999,947	1,998,535	1,491,314	2,157,113		
238,686,892	242,841,101	235,481,318	252,318,666	266,949,259		
44,009,256	42,470,628	47,122,400	47,429,988	48,844,022		
96,546,035	99,824,574	100,037,206	97,682,457	96,752,490		
35,016,495	37,133,097	34,207,196	32,067,844	33,922,641		
8,057,638	5,126,848	5,189,613	5,606,322	5,680,870		
11,347,436	12,713,460	11,482,027	9,717,875	10,583,266		
1,942,637	3,436,988	3,544,492	3,225,876	3,357,987		
10,000,595	5,774,234	4,871,461	6,135,189	13,403,045		
11 022 022	12.519.907	12 552 292	14 422 082	17 224 527		
11,032,933 10,785,342	12,518,807 10,026,887	12,552,283 10,431,652	14,423,082 7,044,795	17,234,527		
10,763,342	10,020,887	10,431,032	7,044,793	6,117,847		
228,738,367	229,025,523	229,438,330	223,333,428	235,896,695		
9,948,525	13,815,578	6,042,988	28,985,238	31,052,564		
39,226	71,779	82,036	71,458	88,477		
14,472,164	19,215,848	18,336,677	15,524,305	20,744,118		
(14,868,906)	(19,688,813)	(18,221,126)	(27,033,761)	(24,861,799)		
		(77,315,000)				
		79,171,752				
				// *** ** **		
(357,516)	(401,186)	2,054,339	(11,437,998)	(4,029,204)		
1,208,259						
1,208,259						
\$10.700.349	\$12.414.202	\$8,097,327	\$17.547.240	\$27,023,360		
\$10,799,268	\$13,414,392	\$6,097,327	\$17,547,240	\$27,023,360		
10.0%	10.2%	10.3%	9.9%	10.5%		

CITY OF RICHMOND ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
ASSESSED VALUE (1)										
Land	\$3,216,147	\$3,218,339	\$3,781,609	\$4,186,239	\$4,520,312	\$4,946,654	\$5,423,245	\$5,888,775	\$6,277,934	\$6,573,641
Improvements	9,268,934	7,181,567	8,187,280	8,683,770	9,216,704	9,400,903	10,129,347	10,214,867	10,541,291	10,494,291
Total Real Property	12,485,081	10,399,906	11,968,889	12,870,009	13,737,016	14,347,557	15,552,592	16,103,642	16,819,225	17,067,932
Personal Property	795,573	53,195	460,661	669,634	585,832	\$589,457	\$584,968	\$617,157	\$652,386	\$635,202
TOTAL	\$13,280,654	\$10,453,101	\$12,429,550	\$13,539,643	\$14,322,848	\$14,937,014	\$16,137,560	\$16,720,799	\$17,471,611	17,703,134.00
EXEMPTIONS ⁽²⁾										
Homeowners ^(a)	\$104,144	\$100,680	\$98,456	\$96,539	\$95,052	\$94,266	\$93,219	\$91,907	\$91,372	\$91,348
Other ^(b)	519,976	527,179	587,350	641,475	688,713	760,841	809,325	932,222	1,008,837	1,214,858
TOTAL	\$624,120	\$627,859	\$685,806	\$738,014	\$783,765	\$855,107	\$902,544	\$1,024,129	\$1,100,209	\$1,306,206
ASSESSED VALUE										
(Net of Exemptions)	\$12,656,534	\$9,825,242	\$11,743,744	\$12,801,629	\$13,539,083	\$14,081,907	\$15,235,016	\$15,696,670	\$16,371,402	\$16,396,928
Redevelopment Tax Increments ⁽³⁾	1,558,233	1,595,033	1,799,831	2,055,811	2,248,742	2,567,061	2,892,823	3,175,294	3,175,294	3,175,294
NET ASSESSED VALUE	\$11,098,301	\$8,230,209	\$9,943,913	\$10,745,818	\$11,290,341	\$11,514,846	\$12,342,193	\$12,521,376	\$13,196,108	\$13,221,634
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	\$1,855,654	(\$2,868,092)	\$1,713,704	\$801,905	\$544,523	\$224,505	\$827,347	\$179,183	\$853,915	\$700,258
% OF INCREASE (DECREASE)	20.08%	-25.84%	20.82%	8.06%	5.07%	1.99%	7.19%	1.45%	6.92%	5.59%
Total Direct Tax Rate(4)	0.38653%	0.41948%	0.41930%	0.43781%	0.43675%	0.43591%	0.43540%	0.43473%	0.43360%	0.43360%

⁽i) Assessed value (full cash value) of taxable property represents all property within the City. For the fiscal year 1981-82 and thereafter, the assessed value is 100% of the full cash value in accordance with State legislation. The maximum tax rate is 1% of the full cash value or \$1/\$100 of the assessed

Source: County of Contra Costa, Office of the Auditor-Controller HdL reports

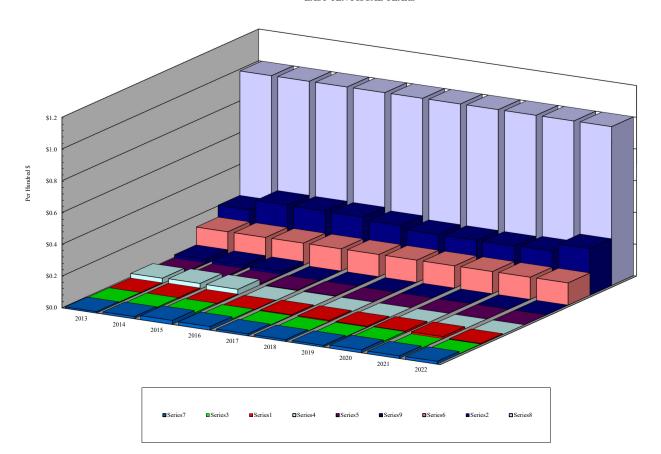
⁽a) Homeowners' exemption arises from Article XIII(25) which reimburses local governments for revenues lost through the homeowners' exemption in Article XIII(3)(k).

⁽b) Other exemptions are revenues lost to the City because of provisions of California Constitution, Article XIII(3).

⁽³⁾ Tax increments are allocations made to the Redevelopment Agency under authority of California Constitution, Article XVI.

⁽⁴⁾ California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area. The City of Richmond encompasses more than 92 tax rate areas. See Property Tax Rates statistics for additional information.

CITY OF RICHMOND PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Fiscal Year	Basic County Wide Levy (1)	City of Richmond 1981 Pension Liability (2)	BART	East Bay Regional Parks District	Acalanes Union	East Bay MUD Dist. 1 Bond	Orinda Elementary	West Contra Costa Unified	Contra Costa Community College	Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates (2)
2013	1.00000	0.14000	0.00430	0.00510	0.03330	0.00680	0.02730	0.21570	0.00870	1.44120
2014	1.00000	0.14000	0.00750	0.00780	0.03610	0.00660	0.02550	0.28180	0.01330	1.51860
2015	1.00000	0.14000	0.00450	0.00850	0.03500	0.00470	0.02320	0.28030	0.02520	1.52140
2016	1.00000	0.14000	0.00260	0.00670	0.00000	0.00340	0.00000	0.27810	0.02200	1.45280
2017	1.00000	0.14000	0.00800	0.00320	0.00000	0.00280	0.00000	0.26040	0.01200	1.42640
2018	1.00000	0.14000	0.00840	0.00210	0.00000	0.00110	0.00000	0.23970	0.01140	1.40270
2019	1.00000	0.14000	0.00700	0.00210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.23900	0.01100	1.39910
2020	1.00000	0.14000	0.01200	0.00940	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.23790	0.01880	1.41810
2021	1.00000	0.14000	0.01390	0.00140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.24320	0.01610	1.41460
2022	1.00000	0.14000	0.00600	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.29390	0.01760	1.45950

NOTES:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.
- (3) City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest next taxable value within the City. The ERAF portion of the City's Levy has been subtracted where known.
- (4) Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (TRA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California state statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.
- (5) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

Source: County of Contra Costa Assessor

City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 (3)	General Obligation Debt Rate	Redevelopment Rate (4)	Total Direct Rate (5)
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.38653
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.41948
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.41930
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43781
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43675
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43591
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43540
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43473
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43394
0.28784	0.14000	0.00000	0.43360

CITY OF RICHMOND Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (In Thousands)

			2021-2022		2012-2013		
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Chevron USA Inc.	Industrial	\$3,112,362	1	18.98%	\$5,194,308	1	41.04%
Guardian KW Hilltop LLC	Residential	212,657	2	1.30%	143,382	2	1.13%
LIPT Giant Road Inc.	Industrial	90,150	3	0.55%			
Richmond Essex, LP	Residential	82,699	4	0.50%	60,694	5	0.48%
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals	Industrial	82,557	5	0.50%	76,677	3	0.61%
Transmontaigne Partners LP	Industrial	58,459	6	0.36%			
2995 Atlas Road Associates LLC	Industrial	57,921	7	0.35%			
IPT Richmond DC LP	Industrial	56,909	8	0.35%			
Exeter 700 702 National LP	Institutional	50,138	9	0.31%			
Phillips 66 Company	Industrial	50,132	10	0.31%			
US Bank	Commerical				75,184	4	0.59%
Biorichland LLC	Industrial				59,777	6	0.47%
Cherokee Simeon Venture I LLC	Commericial				46,477	7	0.37%
Pacific Atlantic Terminals LLC	Industrial				45,295	8	0.36%
Auto Warehousing Company	Unsecured				42,817	9	0.34%
Foss Maritime Company	Unsecured				42,314	10	0.33%
Subtotal		\$3,853,984		23.50%	\$5,786,925		45.72%

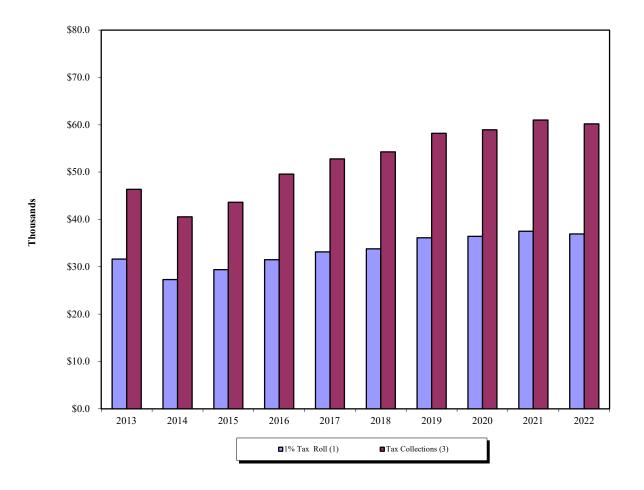
Total Net Assessed Valuation:

Fiscal Year 2021-2022 \$16,396,928 Fiscal Year 2012-2013 \$12,656,534

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor Fiscal Year Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

CITY OF RICHMOND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)



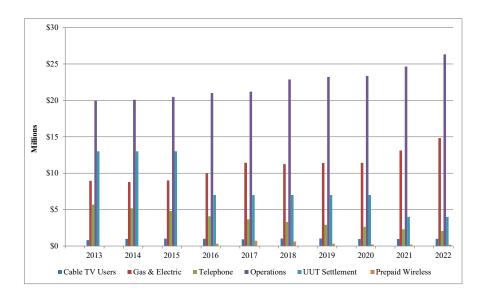
Fiscal Year	1% Tax Roll (1)	Voter Approve Debt Tax Rolls (2)	Total Tax Collections (3)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2013	31,638	14,718	46,356	100%
2014	27,289	13,267	40,556	100%
2015	29,392	14,225	43,617	100%
2016	31,490	18,071	49,561	100%
2017	33,152	19,618	52,770	100%
2018	33,780	20,481	54,261	100%
2019	36,116	22,078	58,194	100%
2020	36,435	22,513	58,948	100%
2021	37,506	23,477	60,983	100%
2022	36,930	23,269	60,199	100%

Source: City of Richmond Records

NOTES: (1) The maximum tax rate is 1% of the assessed value or \$1/\$100 of the assessed value, excluding the tax rate for debt.

- (2) Voter approved tax roll for debt is in addition to the 1% rate shown in note (1).
- (3) During fiscal year 1995, the County began providing the City 100% of its tax levy under an agreement which allows the County to keep all interest and delinquency charges collected.

CITY OF RICHMOND UTILITY USERS TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Cable TV Users	\$809,972	\$983,465	\$1,016,552	\$988,547	\$924,912	\$1,036,854	\$1,025,549	\$951,147	\$961,286	\$975,219
Gas & Electric	8,943,183	8,787,715	9,003,928	9,966,642	11,433,006	11,250,415	11,404,175	11,416,601	13,118,252	14,833,325
Telephone	5,688,505	5,183,418	4,807,499	4,093,128	3,668,092	3,300,001	2,910,450	2,621,565	2,302,969	2,065,243
Operations	19,956,689	20,079,108	20,471,979	21,004,080	21,209,540	22,884,443	23,230,610	23,351,283	24,657,999	26,330,964
UUT Settlement	13,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Prepaid Wireless				312,852	730,939	608,042	335,153	211,927	200,199	168,836
Combined (A)										
	\$48,398,349	\$48,033,706	\$48,299,958	\$43,365,249	\$44,966,489	\$46,079,755	\$45,905,937	\$45,552,523	\$45,240,705	\$48,373,587

NOTES:

(A) Components of collections by type are not available, therefore amount represents total UUT collections for the fiscal year, and these amounts have been excluded from the graph

SOURCE: City of Richmond, Finance Department (Revenue)

CITY OF RICHMOND UTILITY USERS TAX DIRECT RATES ON CHARGES FOR SERVICES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (A)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	50/	5 0/	50/	50 /	70 /	70 /	50 /	50 /	70 /	50 /
Cable TV Users	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Gas & Electric	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Telephone	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%
Operations	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)
UUT Settlement	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

NOTES:

- (A) Based on the Cap Provision in the City of Richmond Municipal Code
 Section 13.52.100 Maximum Tax Payable of the Richmond Municipal Code.
- (B) Annual amount is per agreement signed by a Major Taxpayer and the City in 2010.

SOURCE: City of Richmond, Finance Department (Revenue)

CITY OF RICHMOND TOP TEN UTILITY USERS TAXPAYERS (ALPHABETICAL ORDER) Current Year

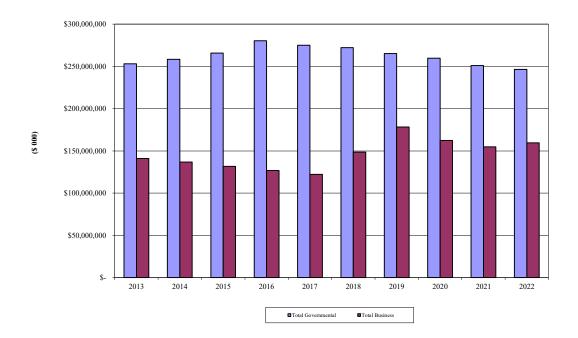
Taxpayer	Type of Business (A)				
CHEVRON	Industrial				
COMCAST	Cable				
CONSTELLATION NEW ENERGY	Utility				
DIRECT ENERGY	Utility				
GTE MOBILNET OF CALIFORNIA LTD	Telecommunications				
MARIN CLEAN ENERGY	Utility				
NEW CINGULAR WIRELESS	Telecommunications				
PACIFIC BELL	Telecommunications				
PG&E	Utility				
SHELL ENERGY	Utility				

NOTES:

(A) Revenue base information by taxpayer is confidential.

SOURCE: City of Richmond, Finance Department (Revenue)

CITY OF RICHMOND Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds	Pension Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Loans and Notes Payable	Financed Purchases	Lease Liability	Total					
<u> </u>	Donus	Donus	Donus	1 ayabic	Turchases	Liability	Total					
2013	(B)	\$ 156,483,676	\$ 87,121,545	\$ 1,231,880	\$ 8,269,494	\$ -	\$ 253,106,595					
2014	(B)	157,555,624	87,121,545	2,631,887	11,186,685	-	258,495,741					
2015	(B)	156,491,679	87,121,545	12,970,813	9,295,123	-	265,879,160					
2016	(B)	155,070,539	115,218,619	2,143,560	7,944,891	-	280,377,609					
2017	(B)	153,058,033	113,275,266	1,993,820	6,872,843	-	275,199,962					
2018	(B)	150,485,289	111,241,920	1,844,775	8,650,840	-	272,222,824					
2019	(B)	147,275,826	109,098,574	1,287,277	7,640,339	-	265,302,016					
2020	(B)	144,339,640	107,666,888	1,156,441	6,661,805	-	259,824,774					
2021	(B)	140,816,305	103,543,451	1,023,223	5,642,605	-	251,025,584					
2022	(B)	136,976,078	99,240,012	887,622	4,581,187	4,852,956	246,537,855					

		Busine	ss-Type Activiti	ies				
Fiscal Year	Wastewater Revenue Bonds	Port Lease Revenue Bonds	Loans and Notes Payable	Lease Liability	Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (A)	Per Capita (A)
2013	\$ 90,096,593 (C)	\$ 47,834,187	\$ 3,007,372	\$ -	140,938,152	\$ 394,044,747	15.51%	\$ 3,757
2014	89,012,056	44,944,399	2,935,889	-	136,892,344	395,388,085	15.11%	3,746
2015	86,867,520	41,984,610	2,861,189	-	131,713,319	397,592,479	14.62%	3,746
2016	84,637,983	39,354,875	2,783,127	-	126,775,985	407,153,594	15.04%	3,827
2017	82,313,447	36,588,791	3,401,553	-	122,303,791	397,503,753	14.49%	3,601
2018	111,698,772	33,587,707	3,316,308	-	148,602,787	420,825,611	15.04%	3,765
2019	144,811,738	30,331,623	3,227,227	-	178,370,588	443,672,604	15.19%	3,969
2020	141,391,552	17,940,892	3,134,137	-	162,466,581	422,291,355	13.95%	3,834
2021	137,886,366	13,604,419	3,338,388	-	154,829,173	405,854,757	13.41%	3,685
2022	134,416,180	9,112,946	15,229,299	814,745	159,573,170	406,111,025	12.53%	3,652

Notes: Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

- (A) See Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.
- (B) Due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, the Tax Allocation Bonds and the Loans and Notes Payable that were related to the Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012 and are no longer governmental commitments.
- (C) With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, the deferred amount on refunding previously reported as a component of the long-term debt balance is not reported as a deferred inflows of resources.

Sources: City of Richmond

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

CITY OF RICHMOND COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2022

2021-2022 Assessed Valuation:

\$16,488,274,761

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Total Debt June 30, 2022	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt June 30, 2022
Bay Area Rapid Transit District	\$2,521,570,000	1.853%	\$46,724,692
Contra Costa Community College District	598,780,000	7.068%	\$42,321,770
West Contra Costa Unified School District	1,244,985,065	45.625%	\$568,024,436
West Contra Costa Healthcare District Parcel Tax Obligations	44,580,000	43.032%	\$19,183,666
East Bay Regional Park District	184,590,000	2.959%	\$5,462,018
City of Richmond Community Facilities District No. 1998-1	1,775,000	100%	\$1,775,000
City of Richmond 1915 Act Bonds	4,530,000	100%	\$4,530,000
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	1,402,835	100%	\$1,402,835
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			689,424,417
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Contra Costa County General Fund Obligations	\$224,500,000	7.045%	15,816,025
Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District Certificates of Participation	11,655,000	5.558%	647,785
West Contra Costa Unified School District Certificates of Participation	6,005,000	45.625%	2,739,781
City of Richmond General Fund Obligations	93,755,000	100%	93,755,000
City of Richmond Pension Obligations Bonds	55,326,745	100%	55,326,745
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT			168,285,336
Less: Contra Costa County general fund obligations supported by revenue funds			4,417,748
City of Richmond obligations supported by port revenues		_	8,330,000
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT	Γ	-	155,537,588
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency)	\$43,387,925	100%	43,387,925
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT DEBT		_	\$149,081,745
TOTAL NET DIRECT DEBT		_	\$140,751,745
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT		=	\$752,015,933
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT		=	\$747,598,185
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		- -	\$901,097,678 (2)
		=	
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		=	\$888,349,930

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2020-21 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt 4.18%

Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:

 Gross Total Direct Debt (\$163,777,525)
 0.90%

 Net Total Direct Debt (\$151,347,525)
 0.85%

 Gross Combined Total Debt
 5.47%

 Net Combined Total Debt
 5.39%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$3,692,257,204):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt 1.18%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

CITY OF RICHMOND COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2022

ASSESSED VALUATION:

Secured property assessed value, net of exempt real property	\$ 16,396,928,000	
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (3.75% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)		\$ 614,884,800
AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:		
Total Bonded Debt	\$ -	
Less Tax Allocation Bonds and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Certificate of Participation not subject to limit	 	
Amount of debt subject to limit		
LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN		\$ 614,884,800

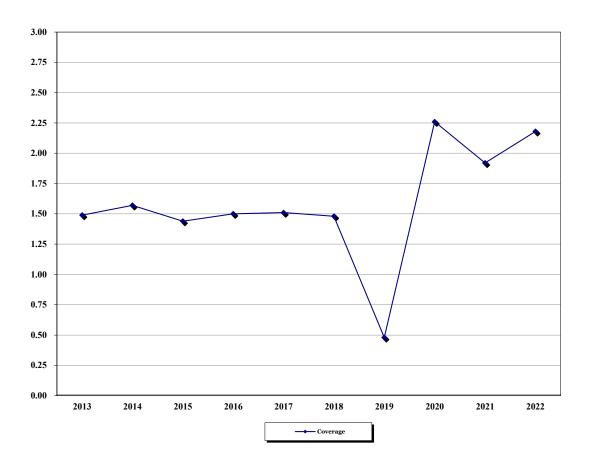
Fiscal Year	 Debt Limit		Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		Legal Debt Margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
2012	\$ 405,777,338	\$	_	\$	405,777,338	0.00%
2013	474,620,025		-		474,620,025	0.00%
2014	368,446,575		-		368,446,575	0.00%
2015	440,390,400		_		440,390,400	0.00%
2016	480,061,088		_		480,061,088	0.00%
2017	507,715,613		_		507,715,613	0.00%
2018	528,071,513		-		528,071,513	0.00%
2019	571,313,100		-		571,313,100	0.00%
2020	588,625,125		-		588,625,125	0.00%
2021	613,927,575		-		613,927,575	0.00%
2022	614,884,800		_		614,884,800	0.00%

NOTE:

(a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth the limit to account for the adjustment of showing assessed valuation at full cash value.

CITY OF RICHMOND REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1999, 2006, 2008, 2010A, 2010B, 2017A, 2019A and 2019B WASTEWATER REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



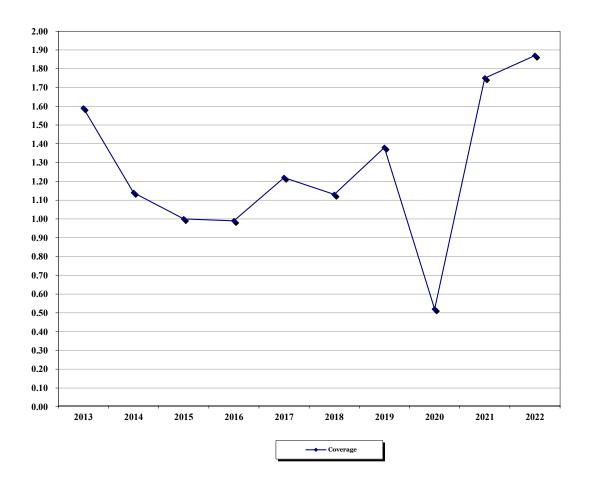
				Debt	Service Requirer	nents			
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage		
2013	\$ 17,840,042	\$ 9,447,236	\$ 8,392,806	\$ 1,005,000	\$ 4,613,635	\$ 5,618,635	1.49		
2014	18,569,191	9,734,277	8,834,914	1,055,000	4,560,528	5,615,528	1.57		
2015	19,098,835	9,524,878	9,573,957	2,115,000	4,536,302	6,651,302	1.44		
2016	19,843,677	9,954,037	9,889,640	2,200,000	4,393,375	6,593,375	1.50		
2017	20,880,739	10,831,250	10,049,489	2,295,000	4,344,233	6,639,233	1.51		
2018	23,752,946	11,885,819	11,867,127	2,400,000	5,599,008	7,999,008	1.48		
2019	29,993,700	10,647,739	19,345,961	35,240,000	5,286,578	40,526,578	0.48		
2020	28,589,996	13,183,065	15,406,931	3,420,186	3,386,178	6,806,364	2.26 (3)		
2021	27,876,716	12,214,607	15,662,109	2,515,000	5,633,851	8,148,851	1.92		
2022	28,277,557	10,874,658	17,402,899	2,480,000	5,516,663	7,996,663	2.18		

Notes:

- (1) Includes all Municipal Sewer Operating Revenues and Non-operating Interest Revenue excluding Derivative Investment Interest.
- (2) Includes all Municipal Sewer Operating Expenses less Depreciation and Pension and OPEB Expense related to GASB Statements 68 and 75.
- (3) Includes the current refunding of the 2008A Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

CITY OF RICHMOND REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1996, 1999, 2004, 2007 AND 2009 PORT TERMINAL LEASE REVENUE BONDS, NOTE AND POINT POTRERO LEASE REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

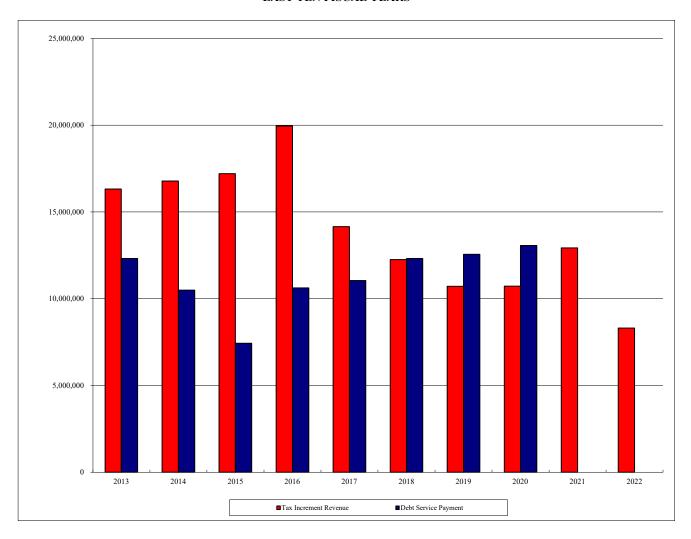


				Debt	Debt Service Requirements					
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2013	\$ 9,138,193	\$ 2,964,060	\$ 6,174,133	\$ 525,000	\$ 3,348,154	\$ 3,873,154	1.59			
2014	10,280,894	3,189,866	7,091,028	2,955,000	3,255,221	6,210,221	1.14			
2015	9,481,315	3,380,916	6,100,399	3,025,000	3,077,165	6,102,165	1.00			
2016	10,081,074	4,533,796	5,547,278	2,723,455	2,869,343	5,592,798	0.99			
2017	10,194,121	3,522,216	6,671,905	2,830,000	2,641,797	5,471,797	1.22			
2018	10,633,233	4,450,592	6,182,641	3,065,000	2,393,977	5,458,977	1.13			
2019	10,783,561	3,289,965	7,493,596	3,320,000	2,126,229	5,446,229	1.38			
2020	10,511,283	2,972,218	7,539,065	12,390,731	2,141,506	14,532,237	0.52			
2021	10,707,743	2,495,128	8,212,615	3,945,000	748,210	4,693,210	1.75			
2022	11,193,765	2,442,047	8,751,718	4,100,000	587,679	4,687,679	1.87			

Notes: (1) Includes all Port of Richmond Operating Revenues and Non-operating Interest Revenue excluding Derivative Investment Interest.

(2) Includes all Port of Richmond Operating Expenses, less Depreciation and Pension and OPEB Expense related to GASB Statements 68 and 75.

CITY OF RICHMOND BONDED DEBT PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE TAX ALLOCATION BONDS AND REFUNDING BONDS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

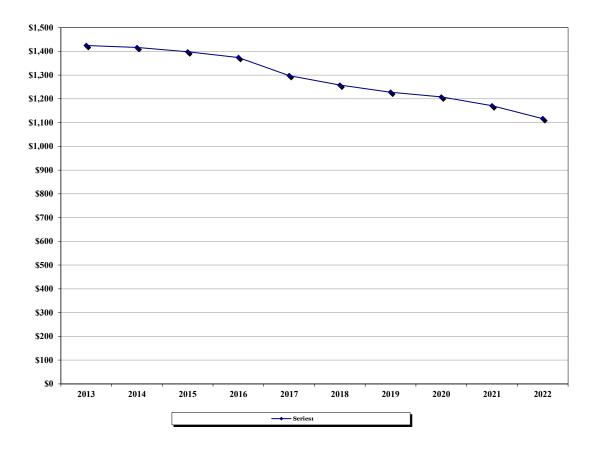


		_	Debt	s			
Fiscal Year	Tax Revenue	_	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage	
2013	16,320,481	(2)	6,565,000	5,754,825	12,319,825	1.32	
2014	16,776,169	(2)	5,030,000	5,461,989	10,491,989	1.60	
2015	17,206,306	(2)	2,930,000	4,500,409	7,430,409	2.32	
2016	19,953,198	(2)	6,180,000	4,445,674	10,625,674	1.88	
2017	14,156,746	(2)	6,395,000	4,653,678	11,048,678	1.28	
2018	12,255,069	(2)	7,575,000	4,746,564	12,321,564	0.99	
2019	10,714,239	(2)	7,895,000	4,662,021	12,557,021	0.85	
2020	10,720,489	(2)	8,820,000	4,244,580	13,064,580	0.82	
2021	12,927,768	(2)	12,949,294	4,128,651	17,077,945	0.76	
2022	8,306,100	(2)	6,645,000	2,052,525	8,697,525	0.95	

Note:

Includes the 1991, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2004, 2007, 2010 and 2014 Bonds.
 Beginning in fiscal year 2012, tax increment reported in this table is the amount calculated by the County Auditor-Controller. Under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations

CITY OF RICHMOND GENERAL BONDED DEBT PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

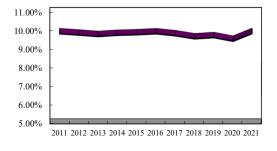


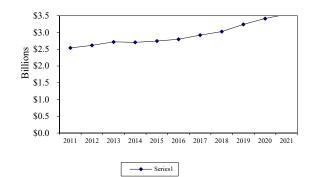
Fiscal Year	Bonds Outstanding	Restricted Cash and Investments (2)	Net Bonds Outstanding	Net Assessed Value of Property	Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Net Assessed Value of Property	Net General Bonded Debt per Capita
2013	156,483,676	7,054,942	149,428,734	11,098,301,000	1.35%	1,425
2014	157,555,624	8,089,647	149,465,977	8,230,209,000	1.82%	1,416
2015	156,491,679	8,148,121	148,343,558	9,943,913,000	1.49%	1,398
2016	155,070,539	8,936,523	146,134,016	10,745,818,000	1.36%	1,374
2017	153,058,033	9,777,863	143,280,170	11,290,341,000	1.27%	1,298
2018	150,485,289	9,844,431	140,640,858	11,514,846,000	1.22%	1,258
2019	147,275,826	10,041,550	137,234,276	12,342,193,000	1.11%	1,228
2020	144,339,640	11,315,256	133,024,384	12,521,376,000	1.06%	1,208
2021	140,816,305	11,845,153	128,971,152	13,196,108,000	0.98%	1,171
2022	136,976,078	12,779,202	124,196,876	13,221,634,000	0.94%	1,117

Note:

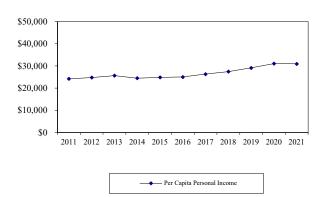
- (1) Includes the 1999 Bonds issued in fiscal year 2000, and the 2005 Bonds issued in fiscal year 2006.
- (2) Restricted cash is being held with the City's fiscal agent, Union Bank, and is restricted for the payment of the bonds.

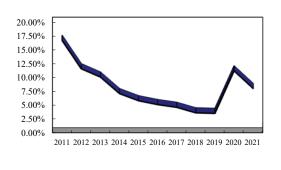
CITY OF RICHMOND DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS





■Series1





■Series1

Calendar Year	City Population	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate (%)	Contra Costa County Population	City Population % of County
2011	104,887	2,540,888,000	24,225	16.7%	1,065,117	9.85%
2012	105,562	2,615,932,000	24,781	11.6%	1,079,597	9.78%
2013	106,138	2,718,619,000	25,614	10.1%	1,094,205	9.70%
2014	106,388	2,707,894,000	24,453	7.1%	1,089,291	9.77%
2015	110,378	2,743,560,000	24,856	5.8%	1,126,745	9.80%
2016	111,785	2,797,360,000	25,024	5.1%	1,135,127	9.85%
2017	111,785	2,920,370,000	26,317	4.6%	1,147,439	9.74%
2018	110,146	3,027,471,000	27,413	3.6%	1,150,215	9.58%
2019	111,217	3,240,034,000	29,132	3.5%	1,153,526	9.64%
2020	110,130	3,416,146,000	31,019	11.2%	1,165,927	9.45%
2021	114,489	3,541,074,000	30,929	8.0%	1,161,413	9.86%

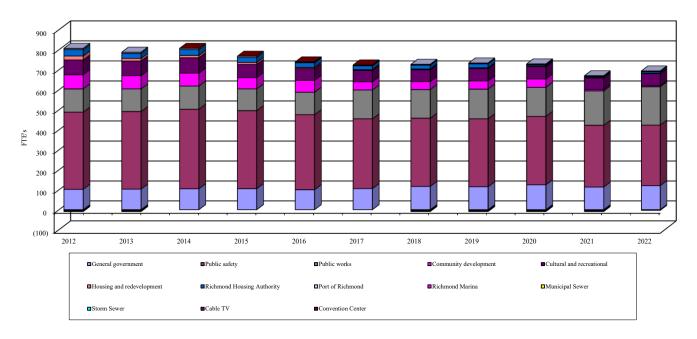
Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF RICHMOND Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021-202	2	2012-2013			
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Chevron Refinery	3,195	1	3.0%	2,191	1	2.1%	
West Contra Costa Unified School District	1,640	2	1.5%	1,580	2	1.5%	
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals	1,442	3	1.3%	426	8	0.4%	
United Parcel Service	1,332	4	1.2%				
Social Security Administration	1,259	5	1.2%	1,259	3	1.2%	
Amazon.com Services	1,121	6	1.0%				
The Permanente Medical Group	1,051	7	1.0%	694	7	0.7%	
U.S. Postal Service	1,047	8	1.0%	1,047	4	1.0%	
City of Richmond	876	9	0.8%	844	5	0.8%	
Contra Costa County	844	10	0.8%	776	6	0.7%	
Bio-RAD Laboratories				473	9	0.5%	
Michael Stead Auto Depot & Sales				472	10	0.5%	
Subtotal	13,807		12.9%	9,762		9.3%	
Total City Day Population	107,404			104,887			

Source: City of Richmond Community Development Department

CITY OF RICHMOND Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Adopted for Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
									(re-stated)		
Function											
General government	101.7	102.9	104.4	105.2	99.8	105.4	116.5	114.7	124.7	113.1	120.1
Public safety	386.0	388.0	398.0	390.0	375.5	349.0	341.0	340.0	342.0	309.0	303.0
Public works	116.0	113.0	116.0	109.0	112.0	144.0	143.0	148.0	145.0	171.5	191.4
Community development	71.0	66.0	64.0	56.0	59.5	41.0	40.0	41.0	42.0	7.0	5.0
Cultural and recreational	73.8	73.2	76.8	66.0	59.0	57.0	59.1	61.7	61.7	58.1	60.7
Housing and redevelopment	19.6	13.0	12.0	10.0	5.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.8	2.0
Richmond Housing Authority											
and RHA Properties	32.0	25.0	29.0	25.0	23.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	5.3	4.0	7.0
Port of Richmond	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Richmond Marina	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Municipal Sewer	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Storm Sewer	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Cable TV	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Convention Center	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Total	806.1	787.1	806.2	767.2	738.7	723.2	726.4	733.2	728.5	669.5	693.2

Source: City of Richmond Budget

Notes:

- (2) Convention Center closed during renovation and staff moved under cultural and recreational.
- (3) Staff that perform these functions are included under General Government and Cultural and Recreational.

⁽¹⁾ These services are provided by outside contractors.

CITY OF RICHMOND Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Public safety:										
Fire:										
Fire calls for service	12,868	12,988	13,670	14,497	14,372	14,375	13,900	14,318	18,150	18,210
Primary fire inspections conducted	2,716	3,000	1,569	1,134	1,160	5,378	3,929	2,919	3,320	1,510
Number of firefighters	93	85	94	91	90	91	90	89	89	89
Number of firefighters and civilians										
per thousand population	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Police:										
Number of police officers										
per thousand population	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.3
Number of sworn officers	195	186	196	185	182	178	178	178	157	145
Water										
Daily average consumption										
in gallons per family	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	160	194	145

Source: City of Richmond

CITY OF RICHMOND Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Public safety:										
Fire stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Police stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Library (#) of Locations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public works										
Miles of streets	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	290	280	289
Street lights	7,000	6,543	8,343	8,543	9,000	9,000	9,000	7,801	9,000	9,000
Urban Forest (trees) (a)	26,000	21,609	22,009	35,620	35,782	36,231	36,499	36,766	36,700	38,000
Culture and recreation:										
Community services:										
City parks	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	56
City parks acreage	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	336.6	340.0
Open Space & Public Landscapes acreage	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0	510.0
Lawn bowling	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Recreation centers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Auditorium/Theater	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gymnasiums	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Senior centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Headstart centers/day cares	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Putting green	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Basketball courts	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Baseball/softball diamonds	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Soccer/football fields	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Cricket fields	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0
Water										
Fire hydrants	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	2,163
Wastewater										
Miles of sanitary sewers	183	183	183	183	183	183	230	189	194	194
Miles of storm sewers	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	198	310	173
Land Area (square miles)	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7
Miles of waterfront	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32

Source: City of Richmond

(a) Trees managed by the City for 2013 to present.

Data Prior to 2013 includes trees managed by other entities, such as East Bay Regional Park District, National Parks and Privately owned.